Part 1. *Pages 1-8.*

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

NUMBER 5372. COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., SUNDAY, JULY 28, 1895.---SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

IN MARCHING ORDER.

Arrival of the Regular Troops at Silver Lake.

AGENT TETER'S FOOLISH TALK.

He Tries to Lay all the Blame on the Settlers—The Indians are Childlike and Innocent, so He Says—His Exceptional Optimism.

Market Lake, Idaho, July 27.—The United Press representative reached here this morning with the troops and witnessed the marching of the first squadron of the Ninth cavalry under Maj. A. R. Chaffee, consisting of the following troops: Troop D, 43 men, Capt. Loud and Lieut. Gardner and Preston; Troop E, 45 men, Capt. Stedman, and Lieuts. Jackson and Hartwick; Troop H, 42 men, Capt. Dimmick, and Lieuts. Stevens and Hamilton; Troop I, 51 men, Capt. Guilfoyle, and Lieuts. Parker and Hickok; pack train, 9 men, Col. Morse, Chief Packer Samuel Gelsm; hospital detachment, three men, under Lieut. Lynch, assistant surgeon U. S. A., teamsters, six men. Summary: 14 officers, 195 men, two chief packers, 201 horses, 80 pack mules and 28 draft mules.

There is much less excitement here than one would suppose, as the town is very small, and is composed of only 14 houses. The falsity of the extravagant rumors sent out last night was soon shown by comparison of undisputable facts.

Adjt. Gen. Stitzer of Wyoming is here, and says that the information in his report was received from the settlers after a strenuous endeavor to get anything from the Indians. A very contrary opinion is that of Maj. Teter, Indian agent of Fort Hall, who vehemently declares that the settlers are almost wholly to blame; that they really murdered the six Indians in cold blood, after the trial in which they were fined $75 each for what the white settlers are doing constantly. Then, they unarmed, tried to make their escape and six were killed in this attempt after they had been treated like dogs. He has made a report to the government in which he says in part:

"I believe that the Jackson's Hole affair was purely a prearranged scheme on the part of the evil element of the settlers to induce the department to prevent the Indians re-visiting the Jackson's Hole country. Settlers of that place acknowledged to me that the presence of the Indians this season of the year kept out tourists and hunting parties, and netted them large losses of revenue. One settler told me he had made $800 in the last season guiding hunting parties and that the continued coming of the Indians into Jackson's Hole country would ruin his chances of making money."

Detailing the case, the agent says that when he went over into the Hole country Saturday of last week to look into the trouble, he found the settlers simply wild for a fight, they having, according to his investigation, accepted the present as a propitious time. "They wanted to know what my report would be," he said, in speaking of the matter, "and were very much disgusted with me because I could not come to their way of thinking. Now, I am not a man who is mushy with sentiment for the Indians, being a West Virginian, having been on this agency only since October, but I did take pains to measure one thing up against another, and that annoyed them. They wanted a public meeting, but I discouraged that, for I knew it would do no good. No Indians would be present, and the whole thing would be one-sided, and would determine nothing. I preferred seeing the settlers singly and gathering material for my report, but later gave in sufficient to be present at the meeting.

"Then my attitude angered them, for I questioned them as to the Indians' rights and the customs of the white hunters and settlers in that section. I was branded as a man afflicted with the Indian disease of a tenderfoot. I told them to stop their prepatations for a sally out on an offensive way against the Indians, as they would surely bring trouble in which many innocent persons would be killed. You understand, they were blood-raw for a pitched battle, not being content to protect themselves and wait for the arrival of troops to subjugate whatever hostility there was in the Indians. The night I spent there, there was one head pusher who seemed to be crazy on the subject of an attack. He kept preaching the danger that existed and insisted that the settlers were going to be massacred that Sunday night. He sounded three or four alarms during the course of the night, and had everybody scared to death.

"I want to say that the Indians who have been returning to the agency since this killing, and they are many, have come back destitute without guns, meat, hides, or any of their belongings. They are in no condition to fight, and will only fight in case they are forced to do so or unless a war spirit which does not now exist so far as I know, gets abroad. I did not go over in the mountains from the Hole to seek out Indians, for I reasoned that it would not only be very dangerous to have any white men apparently marching out against them, but that the thing would adjust itself better if nobody went to them until the military came, but I would like it understood that I consider myself able to cope with these Indians if they were not afraid of the whites pouring lead into them at the first opportunity. What I mean is that they are not what you ordinarily call hostile, and if they knew me at approaching them, they would not hurt me, though you see they are highly nervous on account of the open boasts of the whites that they are to be killed, and it would be unwise for any white person to approach them."

Teter places the number of Indians in the Hole at about 150, with a maximum number of less than 300.

He is uncertain of the condition of things over there, since his visit, but is quite well satisfied that unless there has been a meeting since, a highly improbable contingency, according to his estimate there is no cause for apprehension. Teter went alone into the midst of the turmoil, and is the most optimistic man in this region. Adjt. Gen. Stitzer, who is here for the Governor of Wyoming, is naturally inclined to the way of thinking of the settlers, acknowledging a difference of opinion of a radical sort between himself and Teter. There is no friction between them.

About the whites killing game all the year around, Gen. Stitzel denies that this is permitted, but asserts that the whites are confined to an open season, and his contention is that the Indians are no better than whites, and should be likewise held in check, to which the Major replies that although that is the law, it is passed smoothly over. But the Major is alone in his advocacy of the Indian so far as this town is concerned. There is an opposition to the red man which is taking a form of sincere hopes on all sides that the military will kill every Indian, Sheshone, Bannock, Lembi and all, and finally free the country of their presence. The Jackson's Hole sentiment exists all over Idaho and Wyoming.

The generally expressed view of the future is that the Indians will have sought the seclusion of their reservation by the time the troops reach the scene, and there will be no enemy to subdue when Gen. Coppinger and his men get over into the picturesque Yellowstone country.

THE DURRANT CASE.

Speculation About the Defence—Some Added Evidence.

San Francisco, July 27.—There is considerable speculation as to whether or not Durrant will take the stand in his own behalf. As is evident, he will have to attempt to prove an alibi. He will find himself in a tight place, however, as he will have to be guided by the interview he gave the reporters of the different papers of the city on the night of his arrest. The statement he made at the time ties him up hand and foot, and it is possible that rather than run the gauntlet of cross-examination he will decline to testify and will depend on the testimony of others to clear him.

It is rumored that the witnesses who testified for the prosecution at the preliminary examination are to be vigorously attacked by the defense.

This morning Capt. Lees learned that Charles F. Clark, the wine drummer, left here on July 10, for a business trip East. "There is one thing certain," said Capt. Lees, "and that is, if I had known of the existence of such a man as Clark I would have had his statement. The reason he escaped is that I never heard of him before."

The police are keeping very quiet regarding the young woman whom, it is charged, Durrant assaulted in the Emanuel church some weeks prior to his arrest. Judging by the actions and talk of the detectives, they have either found her or know where she is.

Second to the jurors in the Durrant case is the interest in the play which the promoters say will be produced should there be no interference. This will be in the shape of an order from Judge Murphy. The only question is as to whether the judge will permit its production at this time, or wait until it has been put on once to determine how much of the Durrant case is represented in it.

THE MUSIC TEACHERS.

Their Convention Next Year Means Another Big Crowd.

To the Editor of The Gazette.

A few statements regarding the past, present and future of the Music Teachers' National association may be of interest to your Colorado readers at this time, for the special reason that at the recent meeting (19th year) in St. Louis it was unanimously voted to hold the 1896 meeting in Denver, during the first week of July. The music teachers and musical profession of the country are, or ought to be, tolerably well informed as to the organization and history of the association. Its meetings have generally been held in the largest cities, including New York, Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Detroit, Cleveland, Providence, Albany and Indianapolis. Like some other people, we have been a little timid about going West, but a hearty invitation from the Governor, the Mayor, the Chamber of Commerce, Board of Trade and leading musicians of Denver, which I received and presented to the convention at the business meeting was received with applause, and everybody, even our Eastern members, expressed themselves as well pleased with the decision to visit the Switzerland of America, and the city above all others near the Rockies already famous for the holding of large conventions.

Three weeks ago, when in Denver, I met and had a conference with leading representative business men and musicians, among the latter was Dr. Gower, the famous organist, who is to give a concert in the First Congregational church of this city to-morrow evening, assisted by Miss Mae Estelle Acton, soprano, of Chicago, and all were enthusiastic and very much in earnest in favor of the proposed convention. The method of proceeding with the business affairs was fully explained and it was the decision to take into consideration the raising of a sufficient sum of money—from $5,000 to $10,000 (silver dollars will do, if the standard weight, 371 1-4 grains, or silver and gold would answer at 16 to 1)—with which to secure an efficient orchestra capable of artistically presenting the works of American and foreign composers. At our meeting in 1888, at Chicago, the membership was over 1,000, and at Detroit over 1,000. It will be the ambition of Denver and the State of Colorado, I dare say, to make the convention of 1896 equal in volume and quality to any of the past meetings. Another evidence of the interest taken by the public-spirited citizens of other sections of Colorado outside of Denver, evincing a desire that the M. T. N. A. hold its next meeting in the State, is the letter which I received from the Chamber of Commerce of Colorado Springs, signed by its honorable secretary and treasurer, Geo. R. Buckman, Esq., extending a cordial invitation to hold the convention in this broad-gauged and pictorially located city. This communication was also presented to the St. Louis meeting, with similar invitations from other cities of the country, but Denver being the metropolis of the state, after due consideration it was voted as aforesaid. I trust that this action of the association, which meeting will be its twentieth anniversary, will be hailed with pleasure by every music teacher, musician, educator and enterprising citizen of Colorado.

H. S. PERKINS,
Secretary M. T. N. A.

The ball game yesterday at Athletic park between the Mays and the Manitous was quite exciting. The Mays won by a score of 21 to 19. Ten innings were played.

NEXT TO THE LAST.

Harvey Getting the Best of the Debate.

A VERY GOOD POINT ON HORR.

His Own Language Quoted Against Him—A Lame Explanation—Horr Retorts by Calling the Silver Men Anarchists.

(Copyright 1895 by Azel F. Hatch.)

Chicago, July 27.—There was an attendance of between 75 and 100 listeners to-day when Mr. Horr inaugurated the next to the last session of the great silver debate. Mr. Horr opened by quoting a report of the finance committee of the United States Senate for the purpose of showing that gold had not appreciated since 1873, and challenged his opponent's sincerity in basing his arguments in this matter upon Sauerbeck's tables, which are compiled by an Englishman and bashed upon English views. In his reply to the charges, Mr. Harvey scored one of the hardest hits that has yet been placed to his credit. He produced an article written by Mr. Horr in answer to a correspondent, which had appeared in the weekly edition of the New York Tribune, in which Mr. Horr scoffed at the idea which he has frequently advanced in the present debate that human labor formed a trustworthy standard of value. Mr. Horr's reply to the correspondent, as quoted by Mr. Harvey, concluded with the words: "Your system seems so absurd that I can hardly treat it soberly."

In reply to the charge that he had unfairly based his arguments upon a foreign table, Mr. Harvey produced a comparative statement showing that his arguments would have been even more forcibly emphasized by the Aldrich report to the United States Senate, and further stated that his selection of Sauerbeck's figures was based upon his belief and the generally accepted opinion that they were more authoritative.

Mr. Harvey said he was accused by his opponent of finding fault with men and conditions for the reasons, as he charged, that the silver people delighted to do so. Mr. Harvey continued:

"He has touched a phase of human nature on which volumes might be written. It is a hope of all who take an active interest in the promotion of civilization that the time will come when there will be nothing but contentment and happiness on this earth. But to reach that period we must remove the obstacles in the way. The argument he makes has been used in all ages to fortify and defend the many. There is one instance in this country when that argument was made and the answer to it was the Declaration of Independence. Later the king issued an amnesty proclamation offering peace to those who would lay down their arms and the insidious tongue told the people they were pessimists to further arraign the conditions under which they were living. The answer to that was Yorktown. You cannot deter men who know their rights and dare maintain them, by an argument that is intended to lure them from the subject to which they invite your intelligent analysis. Mr. Horr's inappropriate language consisted of words that might be addressed to slaves, but not to free men."

Mr. Harvey, in defending his use of the Sauerbeck table to show the decline in prices of staple articles since 1880, attacked the Aldrich table, which he said, was made by a committee of the United States Senate, and that one of the men who helped to make it was Edward Atkinson, whose bias could be judged by the fact that he had recently said over his own signature to a Chicago paper that the proper way to deal with a silver man was to hit him over the head with a club. Yet, that report showed a decline in prices of 30 per cent below 1872 and 8 per cent. below the price of 1860. The Aldrich, Sauerbeck and Soetbeer tables show that prices are lower now than in 1850. All the tables proved the enormous purchasing power of money when exchanged for property, and the small amount of money property will buy when exchanged for money.

Mr. Horr accused his opponent of being tricky in quoting one sentence from an article which he had written for the New York Tribune, and assuming that it showed the gist of the whole article. What he said in reference to the man's theories being ridiculous did not relate to his measure of value at all. It was his attempt to substitute a paper dollar based on nothing with which to do the business of the country. Mr. Horr added "That is where Harvey will land yet. The disease that he has never dies out. He has reached the last stages of it. That is the trouble. What he wants and what these people are after is to destroy all property and put this nation on a socialist and an anarchist basis. (Cries of "No.")

Mr. Horr—That is right; I knew you would understand it.

Mr. Harvey—I submit right here that there is not one scintilla in this debate that authorizes you to say that.

Mr. Horr I say there is one scintilla in it, and I say that up to date you have got applause from this audience, your part of it, only when your arguments tended to show that you think the whole society of this country ought to be destroyed. (Cries of "No.")

Mr. Horr—I know what I am talking about.

Mr. Harvey—Mr. Horr!

Mr. Horr—Well, never mind; don't bother. Now, as to banks. Why is it that Mr. Harvey feels called upon to enter into a tirade against banks and to indulge in such a torrent of abuse against bankers? I hardly conceive of a greater, more wicked misrepresentation of facts than have crept into the talk he has given us up to the present moment. Why do you keep insisting that this country has nothing left and that all we have in the United States we owe to foreigners? Why do you try to prove to the people that we are on the brink of a precipice future ruin? Look at the facts. No nation on the face of the earth has been as prosperous as the United States since 1873. As far as the United States are concerned, I know he is mistaken.

Mr. Harvey presented his opponent with a table of failures in the United States during the last 38 years and declared that the credit system of money, with its tax of $200,000,000 annually would account for every dollar in these failures. If there was more real money instead of bank credit there would be comparatively few debts and few failures. The people owed it to themselves and to civilization to get rid of bank credit money and substitute for it real money. The intricacies of the science of money were not difficult to master. The first lesson to learn was the necessity for money. Civilization was so constructed as to make it a necessity. The want of money often destroyed character in man and woman. The scarcity of money was the principal cause of their poverty. To relieve the demand money should be made no more desirable than other property. To take that one great strain from the human mind and turn it in a higher and nobler direction was the true study of economy and statesmanship. The monopoly of money has encouraged all forms of monopoly.

Mr. Horr—I charged my friend Harvey two or three times with tending towad the old notions of greenbackism and with being a real believer in that rediculous non-fiat money. He does not deny it.

Mr. Harvey—I do deny it.

Mr. Horr—You did not and you have not. You simply say. "There is nothing in this debate from which you have a right to infer anything of the kind." I inferred it from his methods of arguing that old craze of fiat money. He bases his new philosophy entirely on the theory that the people of the world are all in debt. It does not occur to him that sums of indebtedness include debtors and creditors.

The Iowa Democrats.

Des Moines, July 27.—Including the county conventions held to-day, more than half the delegates to the Democratic State convention are now chosen. Nearly all the counties have adopted resolutions reaffirming the platform of 1892, or demanding that State issues be made the only ones of the campaign. To-day Adams, Van Buren, Harden, Cedar, Chicasaw, Des Moines, and Keokuk counties held conventions and declined to take up silver's cause. Winneshiek is reported to have adopted silver resolutions, but this is denied from another source.

A California Lynching.

San Francisco, July 27.—A special to The Call from Madera says: Victor Adams was arrested last night for the murder of Judge Baker of Oneols and immediately taken from the officers by a mob and lynched. Adams was left hanging until cut down by the coroner who is now conducting an inquest.

Missouri Silver Democrat Split.

Kansas City, July 27.—The Democratic committee of Jackson county wrangled three hours this afternoon over the question of primaries to name delegates to the silver convention and finally broke up in a row with two factions claiming victory.

The anti-Brown men presented a petition which its twelve men voted for deposing Brown as chairman and electing Geo M. Shelly in his place.

BASE BALL

At Pittsburg—The Pittsburg-New York game was called at the end of the third inning, rain.

At Cincinnati Cincinnati 12, Philadelphia 4.

At Cleveland—Cleveland 2, Boston 8.

At Louisville Louisville 6, Baltimore 22.

At St. Louis St. Louis 2, Brooklyn 6.

At Chicago Chicago 7, Washington 10.

A COMPARISON.

Between Colorado Springs and Davos Platz, the European Resort.

Davos Platz is an Alpine Valley in southwestern Switzerland, five thousand three hundred feet above sea level. The climate resembles that of Colorado Springs, the sun being as hot, though the temperature in the shade is lower. The unpleasant feature of Davos is the south wind, which brings in its train cloudy skies, morning fogs, and cold gray mists.

The surrounding mountains are covered with snow, which this warm wind melts rapidly, and the air becomes filled with moisture. Snow begins to fall the latter part of October, the depth varying from one inch to two feet, and the ground remains covered with it until April.

Owing to the surrounding mountains, the sun does not rise until 10 o'clock, and sets at three, so that the days there are very much shorter than at Colorado Springs.

While the summers are delightful at the Springs, Davos is only a winter resort, as the melting snows of spring time make the atmosphere too damp for health.

At Colorado Springs there are twenty-eight good days in a month, at Davos only twenty. At the Springs during the shortest day of winter the invalid enjoys eight hours of sunshine, at Davos five.

At Davos the amusements are restricted to sleighing, tobogganing and skating; at the Springs, riding and driving are possible nearly every day, and golf, polo, lawn tennis and out-of-door sports generally, most of the year. At Davos life in a hotel is the only one possible, while the Springs is a town of thirteen thousand inhabitants, with habitations of all sizes, hotels, churches, theaters, clubs, schools and circulating libraries, so that an invalid is able to lead the life that pleases him best, and indulge in his favorite occupations, in this city in the clouds.

Yet while Colorado Springs is the metropolis, and naturally the mecca to which those affected with lung trouble at first journey, its climate is not as perfect nor its altitude as suitable, for many cases, as hundreds of smaller settlements which dot this great high and dry belt—the great region where the exile finds new life and may enjoy it.—Henry Russell Wray, in The New Science Review.

Mr. J. E. Dennison, auditor of the Mexican International Railroad company, visited the city lately, leaving his family for a summer sojourn. They are occupying the Everleth cottage. The Eagle Pass Guide mentions an interview with the auditor upon his return. "A temperature of 45° of which Mr. Dennison talks most tantalizingly, and some of the most beautiful scenery in the world, with unequaled facilities for enjoying it, leaves little to be desired by dwellers on the banks of the Rio Grande except the means of likewise leaving behind them the heated term, and similarly gratifying their love of the beautiful to say nothing of the exhilarating effects of a holiday among the Rockies."

MORE CLEWS FOUND.

Brick Vaults with Human Remains in Holmes's Cellar.

THREE MURDERED BODIES.

Holmes had them Articulated and Mounted as Specimens—Another Woman Who Was Lured Into His Murderous Snares.

Chicago, July 27.—The most important development to-day in the Holmes mystery was the announcement by the police department of the identity of the young Chicago girl who has been missing for over a year. The announcement was not made until the department felt that the girl's disappearance was in some way connected with Holmes. The conclusion could not longer be withheld that the swindler had enticed her away from her home and perhaps made away with her, or, at the very least, sent her to some remote part of the country where she will be very hard to find, in order to get insurance money on her life. The name of the mysterious beauty was Emily Vantassel. With her mother, Mrs. M. L. Vantassel, she lived on the West Side at 641 North Robey street. Her occupation was that of cashier in a fruit store at 1151 Milwaukee avenue, and it was here that she met Holmes. All that the police are able to ascertain about her connection with Holmes is that he saw her on four different occasions. The first time Holmes also met the girl's mother, and together they ate ice cream at the restaurant.

Emily Vantassel was a young lady of much more than ordinary beauty. A picture in the office of Inspector Shea shows her to have been a typical brunette, with short, curly hair, clean cut, aristocratic looking features and a general air of sprightliness and vivacity. Her figure was slender, her age 16, and her weight about 100 pounds. She was a Sunday school teacher at an adjacent church, and Frank Wild, the proprietor of the restaurant at which she was employed, says she always bore a good reputation, so far as his knowledge existed. She disappeared Wednesday, June 1, 1892, and has never been heard from since.

Of course it is by no means certain that she went away with Holmes, but she showed a remarkable liking for him, and her mother and step-father believe in the light of the recent revelations as to Holmes's character that she went with him. She was seen at Sunday school by a number on the Sunday preceding the day she disappeared, and seemed to be in her usual good spirits, chatting with all of her acquaintances and having a word to say to all her scholars. Not a single clew to her has ever been received since she left home and whether or not she went away with Holmes, there is little doubt in the minds of her friends that she is dead.

This afternoon was spent in the examination of Clarence A. Phillips, a groceryman, who at one time worked for Holmes and afterwards bought out the business. He told little that the police did not know already, but his testimony is regarded as valuable because of some contradictions to statements made by Janitor Quinlan. The police hope to confront Quinlan with enough contradictions to cause him to break down and confess all that he knows, and they certainly have a formidable list of refutations of his testimony now. He was not examined to-day, but will be given until Monday to think the matter over. Mrs. Holmes will also be examined Monday.

A clotted mass, which the experts pronounced to be human hair, was the only important find at the castle to-day. It is now certain that the bones found to-day were only soup bones.

Chief Badenoch left to-night for his summer residence at Brown's Lake, Wis., taking with him a great mass of documentary evidence which he has not had a chance yet to look over. He will return Monday and resume active investigation of the case.

The workmen digging in the cellar of the Holmes house in Englewood this afternoon unearthed two brick vaults, three and one-half feet beneath the surface. The vaults are six feet long by three feet wide and just deep enough to make a grave for a single body each. Both were filled with quicklime. Near by was found another bunch of hair clotted with blood.

The indications are that in the graves or vaults were laid the bodies of Minnie of Annie Williams. Time and quicklime had accomplished their work but there still remains sufficient evidence to make the identification satisfactory.

Two soft spots in a bed of hard clay were the size of human bodies and where the heads would have been were mats of long hair. The hair found is of two shades and the position of it would indicate that the bodies of the owners were laid side by side, the heads but a few inches apart.

By far the most important person found by the police to bring the crime of murder home to Holmes appeared at police headquarters to-day and told a startling story, corroborated by the material fact of a human skeleton, supposed to be that of Miss Emiline Cigrand or Miss Anna Williams. His name is kept a secret but this is the story in substance.

About the time of the disappearance of Anna Williams and Miss Cigrand from the "Castle" of Holmes at Sixty-third and Wallace streets, a man answered an advertisement in the Chicago papers in the name of Harry Gordon, which was one of the names Holmes assumed. The advertisement was to call at Sixty-third and Wallace streets. The man went there and was given the body of a man to articulate by Holmes. He performed the work and was paid for it. Then he was given the body of a woman with the flesh of the face torn off. He articulated this body and received pay for the work from Holmes. He was given a third body, which was that of a woman and the flesh of this one was also torn off.

Holmes did not pay the man for doing this last work and he retained the skeleton. To-day he brought the skull of the woman, which he had kept in his possession, to Inspector Fitzpatrick. Detectives were at once sent to the man's house to bring the remainder of the skeleton to the city hall and the ghastly proof of Holmes's fiendish murders is now at police headquarters.

The police believe the skeletons of the women were those of Anna Williams and Emiline Cigrand because both were missed about that time, according to the man's story. The male body is supposed to have been that of Robert E. Phelps, who is said to have been Holmes's business manager in the copying concern and to have married Minnie Williams.

MISS CIGRAND'S FATHER.

The Parent of One of Holmes's Victims Found.

Lafayette, Ind., July 27.—After two days search by wire, Peter Cigrand, the father of Miss Emiline Cigrand, Holmes's supposed victim, has been located at Anderson, Ind., and was interviewed by a United Press reporter to-day. He is employed at the Buckeye Manufacturing works, in the west part of that city. He said he had not heard from the missing daughter since the time of her supposed marriage. The letter he received which was to the effect that she was going to Europe to spend the following year. After failing to hear from her again, he wrote to Holmes, and later heard from him, stating that he had not seen her since she had married Phelps, and that he did not know where she was; the letter was written and dictated and signed by Holmes. They have it put away, but are unable to lay hands on it now. The old man was prostrated when he learned for the first time what he was being searched for and why. He is growing old and says he is not financially able to go to Chicago. He does not know of the particulars of the case of Holmes's victims, as he does not read a great deal.

AN ACCIDENTAL STRIKE

But a Big One in the Doctor on Raven Hill.

Cripple Creek, July 27.—It has just leaked out that a big strike has been made quite recently on the Doctor lode, which is situated a little above the town of Anaconda, and between Raven and Gurney hills. The discovery was purely accidental, and was made at a point which had been decided upon as the site for the new boiler and steam hoist which was to have been put in. It is very probable that the management will now alter their plans, as hardly had the surface been scraped off, preparatory to excavating for the foundation, than a good vein of ore was opened up. A shipment of the ore has already been made, and it returned better than seven ounces to the ton. Since then depth has improved the looks of things and the ore is literally alive with free gold, both walls have been found and shows the vein to be three feet wide between walls. The new strike on the Doctor is the biggest thing of the kind that has been made in camp this season.

The Kier lease on Grouse and Shurtleff ground, on the south slope of Bull hill, is showing up some very fine ore, and plenty of it is being taken out of the mine. The vein is some 18 inches wide and runs in value from $20 to $100 to the ton.

The Little Bennie, on Globe hill is showing up well. A contract has been let to drift 50 feet on the vein.

A fine plant of machinery has been erected on the Last Dollar, a prominent claim on the south slope of Bull hill.

BROKE A RECORD.

Fred Carruthers a World's Champion Bicyclist.

The bicycle races in Denver yesterday given for the benefit of Bertie Banks proved to be one of the best of the year so far in the west. The best part of it is, however, that the honor went to Colorado Springs boys now riding in Denver. Fred Carruthers of this city broke a world's record and Ed. Smith lowered a State record. They will be the talk of the entire bicycle riding portion of the State to-day.

There were thirteen entries in the half mile class A race and among them was Carruthers. The race had attracted a good deal of attention because of the fast men entered. Carruthers went to Denver early in the spring to ride for the Overman company. He has always been a favorite here and every one waited anxiously to hear the result of the events in which he entered. For some reason he was unable to get into prime condition the first of the season. He was doing fine practice work however and those who knew declared that before the end of the season he would astonish the fast pedalers. At Greeley he did good work on the Fourth but it was not until yesterday that he had a chance to show what was in him. Those who witnessed the race say that he fairly flew and won hands down. Had he been pressed he would have cut the record a second or more below what he did. The first quarter was ridden in 29 seconds and the half mile in one minute three and one-fifth seconds. It was the fastest half mile ever ridden in competition so the judges announced. Carruthers is only 21 years old and in good health and there seems no good reason why he should not be the champion mile rider of the world in the near future. His present triumph however puts him among the notables and no one feels better over it than Colorado Springs riders.

Ed. Smith, Jr., is also riding for the Overman company. He did not go to Denver until late and is just getting into shape. He is declared to be the coming man in Denver. Smith is only 18 years old and rode his first race last year among the young fellows of this city, but the Denver people declare that he is a coming man. He won the quarter mile event yesterday in 32 seconds against a big number of starters and lowered the State record. Smith also is a popular fellow here at home and his career will be watched with interest.

The first event yesterday was a mile class A race won by G. W. Gard in 2:10 2-5. The second event was a quarter mile in class B and was won by Oliver. Boles started in to beat the world's record against time and it is thought that he would have done it had not the chain broken on the tandem pacer. His first quarter was made in 23 and the second in 27, showing what a difference it made. The one mile class B race was won by Parke in 2:13 4-5. The two mile class A race was won by H. S. Hale in 4:26 2-5. The half mile class B Stone won in 1:02 2-5.

The happiest man over the races was A. S. Blake, who is a sort of a sponsor for the two boys in their racing.

Newspaper Archive® www.newspaperarchive.com

MANITOU NOTES.

[illegible]

LOCAL NOTES

[illegible]

CHURCH NOTES

[illegible]

Highest Award in Competition with the U.S. Government Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

[illegible]

LEADVILLE NOTES.

[illegible]

KIRK!

GREAT SUCCESS

RAIN WATER MAKER

Startles the People with its Great Work in all Parts of the United States and Not Out of Sight of the Tower.

[illegible]

Buckeye Baking Powder.

[illegible]

A Remarkable Tree.

[illegible]

Did You Ever

[illegible]

YOU CAN OBTAIN

[illegible]

OF THE COMPANY'S OFFICE

[illegible]

The Annual meeting of the stockholders of the Antlers Park Resort Leasing company will be held at the office of the company in this city on September 9th, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m. for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

[illegible]

The Denver and Gulf has been selected as the official route by the Grand Chapter of Colorado for the Templar conclave at Boston, Aug. 26 to 31. Tickets on sale Aug. 22 to 26. For full information call on or address T. E. Ingersoll, D. P. A., Denver, Colorado. W. C. CHEESMAN, G. P. A. CARPENTER, City Pass. Agt. General Agent.

[illegible]

The affairs of a real estate firm have been the subject of much controversy but appear to be settled in favor of the United States supreme court in the case of the Last Chance Mining company vs. the Tyler Mining company, the facts in the case are briefly as follows: When the course of a vein or lode is across the dip instead of in the direction of its length the sides of the location become the side lines, and the end lines the side lines. It is a question whether, in a case in which a vein or lode passes through one end line and the side line of a mining location, the owner of the claim has any right to follow the dip beyond the vertical plane of his side lines within the limits of some adjacent located claim and then, or is limited to the old common law rule of an owner of real estate and bounded by a straight line, the location is extended so as to cut off one end of the claim and then make the vein pass through both end lines, assuming that such extended location is valid, the rights thereunder date back to the date of the original location so as to give a right to follow the dip underneath an intervening claim or as against priority of the time of development in which case the intervening claim would cut off the right. Exchange.

[illegible]

The Brass and Anderson are getting out a good deal of ore in their lease on the north end of the Colorado Claim.

[illegible]

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others

H. O. TAYLOR WHISKIES MADE BOTTLED SOLD { PURE

[illegible]

MANITOU ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE CLIFF HOUSE,

Manitou Springs, Colo.

Superior in Location!

[illegible] single or suite, with or without bath.

Rates, $3.00 to $4.00 per day. $15 to $21 per week.

E. E. NICHOLS, Proprietor. E. E. NICHOLS, Jr., Manager.

Barker Hotel

C. W. Barker Proprietor.

Manitou Springs, Colorado.

Opposite the Colorado [illegible] Springs [illegible]

Ample Accommodations for 300 Guests.

[illegible]

St. Elmo Hotel

AMERICAN & EUROPEAN PLAN.

MANITOU, COLO.

[illegible]

Well Ventilated, Sunny Rooms and Board, $7 to $14 per week.

[illegible]

HOTEL RUXTON

J. F. Peterson, Propr. OPEN ALL YEAR.

[illegible] $2, $2.50 & $3 per day. $12, $15 & $18 [illegible]

Manitou, Colo.

[illegible]

J. C. L. THE PRANTL,

CONTRACTOR AND DEALER IN

Fine Mineral Specimens

[illegible]

EXHIBITION PAVILION. MANITOU, COLO.

[illegible]

THE NORRIS HOUSE,

[illegible]

RATES, $2 PER DAY.

[illegible]

Table Board by the Day or Week. Enlarged and Newly Furnished. Lighted by Electricity.

[illegible] Manitou Ave., Manitou

THE MANSIONS & MANITOU HOUSE

At Manitou Springs.

Can accommodate 150 people.

Have Large and Comfortable Rooms,

Beautiful and Extensive Grounds (30 acres).

BOTH STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

The Manitou House Makes VERY LOW RATES to Families and by the Week.

GEO. M. WALKER, Proprietor.

WE HAVE CUT OUR SCOTCH SUITINGS

15 per cent. Below Former Selling Price.

This is a great [illegible] and will only last

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

[illegible] clothes only we [illegible] ship.

16 S. Tejon St. H. S. ADLER & CO.

DASHWOOD & CAPELL, 17 East [illegible] Street.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE. HEATERS AND STOVES.

House Furnishings

Make Your "Wants" Known in These Columns. Double the Circulation of all Other City Papers Combined.

Classified Advertisements.

Two Cents a Line Each Insertion.
Ten Cents per Line per Week.
All Small Advertisements Must be Paid For in Advance.

WANTED

At Pioneer Agency, established Nov. 1, 1887, male and female help, for various kinds of employment, at best of wages.

For Sale, Trade or Rent, property of every description at prices and terms to suit the health of everybody's pocketbook.

A. N. PEALE & CO

Employment and Real Estate Agent, 104 South Tejon street.

WANTED

At the W. C. T. U. Woman's Home and Employment Bureau, 103 N. Tejon street Situations for all kinds of Hotel and Domestic help

Work by the day or hour furnished on short notice.

Pleasant rooms with board. Reduced rates to working women.

Table board to the general public.

WANTED.

WANTED—Horses to pasture, $1 per month. 10,000 acres, 1 mile from town. J. W. Carmack, 737 E. Cache la Poudre st.

WANTED—Boarders. Should you like board outside of the city, try Brookside, 3½ miles out on Cheyenne road, near Broadmoor Casino. Mrs. I. C. Holmes.

WANTED—In a broker's office a bright boy. Applicants to address in own hand writing. P. O. Box 983.

WANTED Clerical or bookkeeper's position by young man thoroughly conversant with general office business and correspondence. Experienced in banking, real estate, R. R. and other lines. If you can utilize the services of a man who is capable of keeping business matters strictly to himself at a reasonable salary, Address P. D. Q., gen'l delivery, P. O. city.

WANTED Situation by a woman, is first class cook, best references given. Address D. A., Gazette.

WANTED To go out washing by the day, or will do bundle work at home. 116 Walnut st., west side.

WANTED—An experienced capable girl wants a place to do general housework in small family. Enquire 322 S. Tejon st.

WANTED A few more nice horses to pasture where they will have good feed, good fences; pure spring water, wet spongy ground which is very beneficial for their feet, nearness to the city and with good attention. Address G. G. McKnne box 862, Colorado Springs.

WANTED The use of horse and buggy for 2 hours twice a week. 602 E. Kiowa.

WANTED 2 or 3 hours use of piano daily in exchange for lessons by a graduate of the Chicago Musical College. Address B. H., this office.

WANTED—To buy driving pony and second-hand buggy and harness, must be in good condition and cheap. Address L. O. Gazette

WANTED Carpets to weave by an experienced man at 1½c per yard. J. C. Hamelton Address Roswell, Colo.

WANTED—Position by young man as office man or solicitor. Experienced in inside and outside work Salary or salary and com. only considered. Address W. W. W. this office.

WANTED Mining stocks of all kinds. Reed Bros.

WANTED A girl to do general housework. Enquire at 821 N. Weber.

WANTED Small unfurnished cottage or 3 small unfurnished rooms at low rent near car line. Apply at once by letter to P. O. Box 446.

WANTED Two or three furnished rooms for light housekeeping on or before Sept 1. North of Huerfano st. Address M., Gazette.

WANTED—By good colored cook and laundress, can give best of references, position to work by month. Call 428 E. Cucharas st.

WANTED Second-hand buckboard for mountain use, one horse, cheap. G. C., Gazette

WANTED A girl for housework at 514 E. Huerfano.

WANTED—A first-class cook, colored preferred. Call at "Woodside" this morning. Pike's Peak ave. and Weber st.

WANTED—By colored girl general housework in small private family. Can give references Call 428 E Cucharas.

WANTED Position by colored woman as cook or to take care of children, good references. Address 225 W. Costillo.

WANTED A young girl to assist in housework. Call at 728 E. Kiowa st.

WANTED Agents for the best selling article on earth; can make five to fifteen dollars per day. Inquire of W. W. Moore, 109 Hagerman block.

WANTED Space for a watchmaker to work on Pike's Peak ave or Tejon st. Address D. W., Gazette.

WANTED A reliable party will take contracts on assessment work on mining claims. Good work guaranteed. Address L. H., Box 45, Victor, Colo.

WANTED A girl for general housework; apply at 2?? [illegible] ave., Manitou.

WANTED [illegible] young lady. Prefers [illegible]

WANTED Situation by an experienced [illegible] or chamber maid, [illegible] 427 E. Bijou [illegible]

WANTED Situation by competent cook, or to do [illegible] E., Gazette

WANTED Housekeepers to know that the [illegible] do flat work, such as bed and table linen, from 25 cents to 50 cents per dozen. 117 N. Tejon st.

WANTED To exchange room and board for a good driving horse. Apply at 119 St. Vrain.

WANTED Pictures to frame at actual cost to close out my business. C. M. Brown, 25 N. Tejon.

WANTED—Dressmaking and plain sewing, $1.25 per day. Mae Morse, 829 N. El Paso street.

WANTED To sell you a cheap railroad ticket to any point in America Call and see me. Only member of the National Ticket Brokers' Association of the United States in the city. D. E. Cheesebro, 3 N. Tejon st.

WANTED Railroad tickets. We buy, sell and exchange railroad tickets for all points. F. H. Woomer & Co., 106 E. Pike's Peak avenue.

WANTED To sell you railroad tickets at cut rates at Munson's, 10 Pike's Peak ave. near the Antlers hotel. Telephone No. 122.

WANTED Boarders at the Lorain Ranch, near Colorado Springs, in the pine woods. $7 per week. Saddle horses, fresh milk, etc. Address P. O. box 167.

WANTED All kinds of repairs to fireplaces, tiles and chimneys. Twelve years experience. C[illegible] A. Mermilliod, 20 E Kiowa.

WANTED Two bright young [illegible] for city or country canvassing. 127 E Huerfano.

WANTED—Swedish man wants situation in town to work by month No objection to Manitou. Call at 325 S Tejon.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—25 foot lot block from Coliseum, about half value Has five room cottage furnace gas, etc Such a chance is rare. Address I. M. L this office.

FOR SALE—Restaurant finest location in the city Net profits this month $?0 Same amount assured for August. Price $2000. $1000 cash Good reason for selling. Call early if you want it The Morath Investment Co, 4 S Tejon

FOR SALE—2 lots in South Colorado Springs Reed's Addition Price $2?0 Would take part or all in first class mining stock. The Morath Investment Co, 4 S Tejon.

FOR SALE—2 room house and large lot on west side near Spruce st car line. $225 cash or $250 in payments The lot is worth double the money. The Morath Investment Co. 4 South Tejon street

FOR SALE—160 acre farm near Falcon, highly improved price Price $850 A rare bargain. The Morath Investment Co, 4 S. Tejon

FOR SALE—A good 3 room house, lot 40x100, corner on alley, price $1375 Terms $10 cash, balance monthly payments of $25 per month Reed Bros

FOR SALE—6-room house, hot and cold water range, shade trees, etc on Grant st., west side Price $1900 $800 3 years at 8 per cent. balance to suit. Reed Bros

FOR SALE—5-room modern house on North Weber st. Price $3200. $1000 cash, balance $500 per year. Reed Bros

FOR SALE—5-room house, lot 4?x100 on Grant st, west side. Price $800, one-half cash, balance monthly payments $15 per month. Reed Bros

FOR SALE—20 acres of finest fruit land for $500. Only $?0 cash, balance in $10 monthly installments. The Colorado Loan and Mortgage Co, Bank Building.

FOR SALE—We have a good 4 room house on small corner lot for sale on easy monthly payments Reed Bros

FOR SALE—Buggy, harness and gentle driving horse. Inquire fire department.

FOR SALE California saddle, bridle and blanket. Mrs. Ballou, 112 San Rafael st.

FOR SALE—A horse for $10 to a kind master. Address Box 710

FOR SALE—Fine lot Washington ave, half block from the church, $500 Only $200 down, E. B. Simmons, 105 N. Tejon st.

FOR SALE—Po ch 6x8 ft. gable roof, cheap. C., Gazette office.

FOR SALE—High grade wheel at a sacrifice. Not run 10 miles. H. H, Gazette.

FOR SALE—A modern 10-room house at No. 14 S. Weber. A fine lot with fruit and shade trees, garden, barn, tile walks and all conveniences. House well arranged for renting rooms. Rooms always occupied, enough rented now to bring in $35 per month, besides plenty of room for our own use House too large for our small family. Will sell at a bargain or would exchange for good smaller house. Call at premises or on J. S. Gibson, 104 Pike's Peak ave.

FOR SALE—A good dray line for sale. Contracts ahead amounting to $500 Owner must leave the state. For particulars apply to W H Bacon, 112 E. Pike's Peak avenue.

FOR SALE—Cheap, 7-room house, good barn, good location, only a little cash required. Must sell. Address W. S H, this office.

FOR SALE—Columbia bicycle, 21¼ pounds, used 3 weeks. Price $85. Wahl Bros, 127 N. Tejon st.

FOR SALE 35,000 shares Bonanza King, 1c. per share. Gardner & Co.

FOR SALE—A new 4-hole steel range used but 3 weeks. 1502 Lincoln ave. cor. 8th.

FOR SALE Fine saddle or driving bay mare to trade for bicycle Box 1??, Manitou.

FOR SALE—Bakery in a fine down town location, very low rent and small expenses, is doing a business now of from $31 to $60 a day and making a net profit of $10 daily. Owing to failing health of the owner this business is now offered for sale by us for the small sum of $?00. Will bear closest investigation. Act promptly if you want it. The Morath Investment Co, 4 South Tejon.

FOR SALE Cheap, horse saddle and bridle. 433 E. Platte ave.

FOR SALE—A handsome surrey and a pair of chestnut cobs, with first-class harness Horses warranted sound and kind. Apply at Diamond stables.

FOR SALE—Transit, nearly new. Apply to A. C. Pearson, 122 San Rafael st.

FOR SALE—Four Shetland ponies. H. T. O'Brien's harness shop, 15 S. Tejon.

FOR SALE A second hand village cart at C. E. Durkee's.

FOR SALE—2 grade Jersey cows. 419 N. Cascade ave.

FOR SALE—Light trap and double russet harness, also pony cart cheap. Enquire John E. Hundley's stable.

FOR SALE—Lady's and Gents' bicycle. 230 S. Weber.

FOR SALE 7-room modern house, barn and lot. 700 block, N. Nevada ave. Also good family horse. Enquire room 24 Bank building.

FOR SALE Small grocery in good location. Address Q, Gazette.

FOR SALE Cheap, a good surrey and end spring buggy. 8 Pike's Peak ave.

FOR SALE—Restaurant in Manitou. Box 2?8

FOR SALE 6 room house, a bargain if sold at once. 31 Franklin st.

FOR SALE Young, choice, family Jersey cow extra rich milker, 12 qts., no faults. 714 E Huerfano.

FOR SALE A first-class paying business Investment is about $1000, paying daily $10 to $15; Good reasons for selling. Address P. O. Box 458.

FOR SALE Bargains in New York City property: eleven room frame dwelling, $7500; adjoining lot, $1000; lots in 24th ward $700 to $1000. Would trade for Colorado Springs or Denver property. A. Mermilliod, 20 E Kiowa.

FOR SALE Cheap, first-class business doing from $500 to $1000 per month. Big profit; $?00 buys it. Address P. O box 8?0.

FOR SALE—Millinery stock and fixtures in good condition: well established trade; owner compelled to go east. Will sell at a sacrifice Address E M, care Gazette.

FOR SALE Railroad tickets at cut rates. F. H. Woomer & Co, 106 E Pike's Peak ave. Only members of the Guarantee Ticket Broker's Association in the city.

FOR SALE Railway tickets at cut rates for the next few days at Munson's office, 10 Pike's Peak ave. Telephone No. 122.

FOR SALE Grocery and meat market. Annual sales $3?,000, low rent, good location. Address X, Gazette.

FOR SALE—English saddle, bridle, laprobe, halter, neck strap and horse blanket. Midway Stables

FOR SALE Choice residence lot on Nevada ave., below College R[illegible]vation, $1?00 Room 3 El Paso block.

FOR SALE 7 room house, modern conveniences, good location; at a bargain. E. K. Gay, ?? Pike's Peak ave.

FOR SALE—Small equity in an inside piece of property. E. T. Marsh

FOR SALE—Fine little Indian pony for boy, $15 8 Pike's Peak avenue. F. H Metz

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Newly furnished rooms with board 18 W. Kiowa st. one door from Cascade ave Table boarders desired Mrs. Harrison.

TO RENT—Furnished rooms, party of 6 gentlemen very cheap, also rooms for housekeeping, 448 E. Pike's Peak Ave

TO RENT—Cabinet grand piano, almost new. Mrs Ballou, 112 San Rafael st

TO RENT—A nice upright piano Address B 103, this office

TO RENT—3 rooms well furnished for housekeeping. 412 S Tejon.

TO RENT—House of 7 rooms, bath and closet 215 E Pike's Peak.

TO RENT—Front room, first floor, furnished modern in in every respect. 322 E Kiowa

TO RENT—Furnished rooms with or without board. Location central, 31 W. Bijou st. near Alta Vista.

TO RENT—A large front room with board in private family 424 N. Weber.

TO RENT—Furnished rooms in various parts of city. Call and get description of H. H. Scurr, room 7, Nichols block.

TO RENT—Pleasant sunny rooms in newly furnished house. 125 N. Weber.

TO RENT—Rooms with board, at the Woodside. 3 N. Weber. Mrs. M.W. Nertney.

TO RENT—Pleasant sunny rooms, single and en suite, 213 E. Willamette ave, adjoining Miss Pritchard's boarding house.

TO RENT—Furnished cottage of five rooms at Green Mt Falls. Inquire of J. G. Garland, Cascade, Colo.

TO RENT—Two nicely furnished front rooms, 516 E. Bijou.

TO RENT—Furnished, for the season or by the year, a first-class residence containing 14 rooms, also commodious bath room and 3 piazzas, with all modern improvements. The first two stories are of stone, the rest shingle. Commands superb view of Pike's Peak, Garden of the Gods and the valley of Manitou. Water supply from main. Furniture new. Everything in thorough repair. Close to electric car line. For particulars apply to John E Lundstrom, Gazette Building, Colorado Springs.

TO RENT—3 nicely furnished rooms for housekeeping with use of bath. Price $15. No children, 522 S. Nevada.

TO RENT—Newly furnished rooms, all conveniences. 317 St Vrain.

TO RENT—Nicely furnished rooms. 118 E. Cimmaron.

TO RENT—To adults a 3-room furnished house. 114 E. Las Animas

TO RENT—Cheap, 2 rooms well furnished, comprising sitting and bed room, location near business center, on car line to right party, $15 per month Address A., Gazette.

TO RENT—Pleasant rooms with board. 305 Cascade ave., Miss Hogan.

TO RENT—Furnished tent or front room with use of bath 615 N. Cascade.

TO RENT—A room cheap, with or without board at 18 W. Cimaron.

TO RENT—2 furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Enquire 319 S. Nevada

TO RENT—Pianos, organs and sewing machines, at Aiken's Music store on Pike's Peak ave.

TO RENT—Pianos, organs and sewing machines. Hext & Williams, 21 N. Tejon st.

TO RENT—Adjoining the city on the north, 100 acres, good house eight rooms, water, shade, etc Chas L Tutt, 14 Pike's Peak ave.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—$39,000,000 of Insurance in force. 50 years of constant growth and prosperity. Largest conservative non-tontine company in America.

"It is unquestionably a fact that no other business of such vast magnitude has ever been carried on with anything near such gratifying economy." N. Y. Independent.

The Mutual Benefit being the lowest in expense is highest in dividends, giving more insurance for the money invested than any other company.

See its matchless record and perfect contract. J. M. Auld, agent, room 6, Exchange Bank bldg.

A CAPABLE young man desires a position in a real estate or stock broker's office. Good refs. Address W.W.W., Gazette.

WOULD like a position as nurse for children or invalid lady or housekeeper where chamber work is included. Address or call W. C. T. U., Tejon st.

THE MELROSE—Capitol Hill Manitou, opp. Hotel Barton. Rooms with or without board, fine location, magnificent view.

WHEN you want any insurance remember that we are the people who write insurance. Reed Bros.

A NO. 1 board and good room, $4 50 per week in company of three or more, $4.00. 529 E Pike's Peak Ave.

COACHMAN—Experienced, would like situation in private family; thoroughly understands care of fine horses and carriages and is a good and experienced driver; temperate, reliable and industrious Address J. A, Gazette

FOR Gravel Roofing and roof painting go to Q. P. R[illegible], 313 S. Wahsatch ave.

[illegible] the only independent slate writing medium in this part of the country that answers sealed messages while you wait, gives advice on all matters of importance, such as business, love affairs, marriage, divorces, lawsuits, mines, etc. [illegible] or stolen property, [illegible] trouble, evil influences and bad luck of all kinds. If you find with all your natural gifts you cannot get ahead, go at once to this wonderful medium and [illegible] of your bad luck. Remember you are told all you wish to know and no questions are asked, nor do you pay a cent unless you are satisfied, that is after the sitting is over. Is not this both? Do not delay, but go at once and see this wonderful medium. If you are going to see a medium why not see one of the greatest on earth? Parlors, 118 N. Tejon st. Hours, 9 to 12 m and 1 to 5 p. m evenings by appointment. Parties out of town enclose a stamp for advice, but do not ask any questions.

FREE. FREE, FREE test to all. I am no fortune teller. I am Dr. Ritchie, one of Boston's greatest mediums. I am a spiritualist medium. I guarantee to give satisfaction or no fee Come and see me; it costs you nothing if I cannot give you proof positive of spirit return. Read Wm. T. Stead, the famous English journalist's opinion on Spiritualism in Sunday's issue of the Colorado Springs Gazette, and then come and see me and have a talk. Parties out of town enclose a stamp for reply. Ask no questions. Spiritualists and unbelievers cordially invited. Parlors 118 N. Tejon st. Hours 9 to 5. Sundays included.

EASTHOLM Cascade canon private boarding, moderate rates; take the Colorado Midland Railway.

TO TRADE.

TO EXCHANGE Nice 6 room cottage at Manitou, clear, for city property. Owner is located in this city. H. Renk, [illegible]

TO TRADE—Equity in brick store building at Manitou for mining stock, cattle, horses or stock of merchandise Owner can pay cash difference if any required 55 Bank block, headquarters for trades

TO TRADE—We have some good residence and business property to trade for good mining stock. Reed Bros

TO EXCHANGE—For Colorado Springs property a beautiful ten room house in San Diego Cala, one block from electric cars, lot 100x135, beautiful palms, pepper and rubber trees, apricots peach, plum, fig, nectarine, guavas and grapes All kinds of flowers, cyprus hedge, trellis of roses fine lawn, etc. Photograph can be seen at the Alta Vista.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUSINESS CHANCE—A good restaurant for sale, doing the best business in its line in the city. Reed Bros

BUSINESS CHANCE—We have a fine cigar business for sale, doing a business of from $10 0 to $1500 per month. If you want a good business look into this. Reed Bros.

BUSINESS CHANCE—We have a grocery business for sale that is doing an annual business of between $25,000 and $30,000 Will sell at invoice. Will invoice about from $3000 to $4000. Reed Bros.

BUSINESS CHANCE—We have a good second hand business for sale. Reed Bros

BUSINESS CHANCE—If you have a business that you want to dispose of place it in our hands for sale. Reed Bros.

LOST.

LOST—A black feather boa between Pike's Peak ave and Cheyenne ranch. Return to this office and get reward.

LOST—On the first landing at Seven Falls a pocketbook. Will the gentleman who picked it up please return to 24 S. Nevada.

LOST—A heavy shawl, north of St. Vrain Sunday evening. M. C 525 N. Weber.

LOST—Small ornamented black fan valued as keepsake. Reward if left at Chamber of Commerce.

LOST—Between Colorado Springs and Colorado City a blue and white Navajo blanket. Return to 222 N. Cascade and receive reward.

LOST—A twenty dollar bill ($20) some where between Yampa and S Park or Tejon and Viaduct Return to 929 N. Wahsatch and receive reward.

STRAYED:

STRAYED OR STOLEN—From near Broadmoor Casino, about 15 hands high, 12 years old, weight about 1000 pounds Branded with fresh brand on left shoulder with letter C. Reward given for return of same, or information leading to her return to N. G. Browning, Loye, Colo.

STRAYED From Brookside farm on the Cheyenne road on July 18, a small dark bay stallion, two white hind feet, about 15 years old weight about 850. Any information leading to his recovery will be suitably rewarded. P. O. Box 2873, Colorado Springs, I. C. Holmes.

TO LOAN.

TO LOAN—We have money to loan on good real estate, chattle or mining stock security Reed Bros.

MONEY TO LOAN Colorado College Endowment Fund in any sums at low rates. Enquire of Geo. H. Parsons, Room 9, Gazette Building.

TO LOAN—Plenty of money on good chattel or real estate security. 55 Bank block.

MONEY TO LOAN in amounts of $500 to $1000 at low rates. Seven choice lots for sale. $200 to $300 will buy lots worth double the price. Owner must sell. J. F. Mayberry, 4 Gazette building.

MONEY TO LOAN—Any amount, at low rates in sums to suit borrowers on real estate, approved mining stocks or any good security. Lindley and Fitzpatrick, brokers, 19 and 20 Bank block.

MONEY TO LOAN On mining stock or other good security. Stocks bought and sold on commission Money advanced on stock left for sale. Members Board of Trade. Cart, Kimsey & Talpey, room 4 Bank Building.

TO LOAN—Eastern money at low rates on inside improved only. Special sums $1000, $2000, $?00, $1000, $500 If you can use money, send description of property and amount desired to Box 637, city.

MRS. C. J. MEYER,
The Well-known Trance Test and Business Medium.

will give positive proof of Spirit Return by Psychometric Readings of [illegible]. She proves the truth of her wonderful power by dealing with the past, present and future. All who wish to consult a reliable and truthful medium, should not fail to give this gifted lady a call at 124 E. Pike's Peak ave.

Magnetic Healing.

$2.00

Insures your wheel for first year in the

American Wheelman's Protective Association.

[illegible]

$1 00 for each succeeding year.

JEANNE & ALLING, Agents,
126 Pike's Peak Ave.

PROSPECT LAKE.

Boating, Bathing & Fishing.

THE STEAM LAUNCH

"CHICAGO"

Is Now Running Every Afternoon

10 cents a ride Children under 10 years of age 5 cent

Lake One Mile East of Town.

1879	**Edward Ferris** Old-Established Loan and Investment Co — 104 PIKE'S PEAK AVE.	1895

Properties for Sale — Houses for Rent.

Look at the Following Bargains.

The best corner on Cascade avenue this side of Boulder. 125 on Cascade by 190 feet deep.

ONE 8 room house on North Cascade, nearly new, all modern conveniences, for sale or rent.

ONE 10 room house, East Monument, all modern conveniences.

ONE extra fine 10 room house on East Willamette, very desirable location, fronts south, corner lot, nice grounds in beautiful order, steam heat, electric lights, baths, all conveniences.

All of the above are really bargains, and for sale on easy terms.

AGENT FOR LOTS IN CAHN'S ADD'NS.

1879	**EDWARD FERRIS, 104 P. P. Av.**	1895

We Have Some ......Special Bargains.

Four second-hand bedroom suits (McCord & Bradfield's) two oak wardrobes, one folding bed.

We are agents for the LEADER fruit jars, all glass and are far superior to any other.

110 South Tejon. **JOHN T. CLOUGH.**

Shoes. Shoes.

FOR THE LATEST STYLES IN

LADIES' AND MEN'S TAN AND BLACK SHOES

OR ANYTHING IN SHOES, CALL AT

P. A. McCURDY,
15 & 105 S. Tejon St.

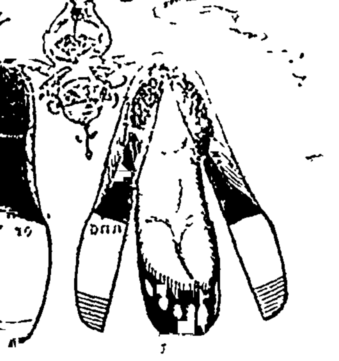
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

Of Colorado Springs, Colo.,

As Made to the Comptroller of the Currency, July 11, 1895:

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$ 731,318 81	Capital stock	$100,000 00
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	25,000 00	Surplus and undivided profits	159,626 22
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	13,000 00	Circulation	20,330 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. fund)	1,125 00	Dividends Unpaid	500 00
Bonds & warrants ..158,993 16		Deposits	1,287,626 31
Due from banks 436,993 78			
Cash 201,657 79	797,644 73		
Total	$1,568,082 54	Total	$1,568,082 54



Ours are Shoes of Conceded Superiority. They are described in very plain words.

Comfortable, Stylish, Good Fitting, Good Wearing, Satisfaction Guaranteed.

WHAT MORE DO YOU WANT?

We'll give you style
And all that's nice,
And not beguile
You on the price

Opp. Post Office. **VORHES BROS.**

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the El Paso Electric Company.

Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of the El Paso Electric Company that a meeting of said stockholders will be held at the office of the company in the city of Colorado Springs, Colorado, on Monday, the 12th day of August, 1895, at 4 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing officers of said company and also for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

O. J. GODFREY, Secretary.

MISS GUNNISON

[illegible] Piano [illegible]

[illegible]

Dr. S. TARRANT,
Chiropodist

From Regent St., London, and Denver's first chiropodist, has located here at 9 East Kiowa St. Dr. Marie Tarrant treats ladies and children at their residence. Thousand references

The Colorado Springs Academy for Boys.

Founded by REV. W. H. W. BOYLE.

Thorough instruction. Methods adapted to the individuality of each pupil. Prepares for college or business. Fall term begins Sept. 17, 1895. For descriptive circular apply to

J. B. WALTON, Principal,
31 W. Bijou St.

THE GAZETTE.

Published Daily Except Monday.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

DAILY—IN ADVANCE.

[illegible]

WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.

[illegible]

ADVERTISING.

Rates made known on application to the office.

No [illegible] allowed agents or pirators of the Gazette to offer any of [illegible] newspapers.

All advertisements for the Weekly Gazette must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

[illegible] WILLIAM A. SLOANE, President.
[illegible] Business Manager.
F. B. ROGERS, City Editor.
CLARENCE A. LYMAN, Telegraph Editor.
J. O. MORRISON, [illegible]

[illegible] of the Gazette will not be responsible for the loss of [illegible] not found in the office.

TELEPHONES:

BUSINESS OFFICE (night) - 65
EDITORIAL ROOMS (all night) - 215

SPENCER AND BALFOUR

Since Professor Huxley's death there is no scientist writer left who is competent to deal with such a book as Mr. Balfour's "Foundations of Belief" recently reviewed at some length in the Gazette, except Mr. Herbert Spencer. Great book was a tremendous attack on the philosophy of Mr. Spencer, and it was only proper that Mr. Spencer should reply to it. This he has done, in the Fortnightly Review. Of course he maintains the validity of sense-perception as a foundation both for science and philosophy. The core of the discussion, we think, is in the following sentence:

"Of the one case only that, namely, in which the question is between the verdicts of Reason and those of simple Perception, chiefly of objective existence, may Reason, arbitrating its own powers, legitimately abdicate; since critical examination of its processes shows that it cannot take even a first step towards disclosing the intuitions which yield the consciousness of external existence, without tacitly positing these intuitions as data, and correcting the coexistence of subject and object by all the words it uses."

It is evident that Mr. Spencer estimates the perception of objective existence at a higher value than perception of subjective existence; but why should he? On this very point Mr. Balfour is particularly strong, showing that we have rather more reason to distrust our perception of things outside than our perception of things inside. And why should reason "abdicate" when it comes to sense perception, and remain on her throne so long as the matter in hand is one of spiritual perception or, if the word spiritual be objected to, let us say of inner perception? The Reason must judge of the material that comes to it, whether from sense perception or from consciousness, and to most of us the material that comes from consciousness seems just as valid as the material that comes from objective perception. We cannot see any reason why Reason should abdicate in the one case rather than in the other.

It is true, Mr. Spencer gives a reason why Reason should abdicate; he says that we cannot take a step towards discredited the intuitions which come from sense perception without tacitly positing those very intuitions as data, but can we take a step towards discrediting our other intuitions without also positing them as data?

We find in the current number of the Outlook a reply to Mr. Spencer which so exactly and so clearly sets forth what seems to us to be the facts in the case, that we cannot do better than reprint part of it. The Outlook says:

"The testimony to external phenomena is not more positive nor more concurrent than the testimony to the reality of beauty in nature, art and music—the reality of a something which transcends the mere sense-perception, since men, however keen their eyes or their hearing, if they are lacking in aesthetic perception, cannot and do not recognize this beauty. It is not more positive and concurrent than the testimony to companionship, friendship, love—all the various phases of intercommunion between spiritual beings, an intercommunion largely dependent upon the senses for its medium, but also dependent upon a power of perceiving qualities which the senses cannot of themselves perceive. The friend sees something in his friend which the eye does not see. Equally positive and concurrent is the testimony to the reality of moral qualities, which transcend sense-perceptions. It is not without significance that the Greeks used the same word to signify beauty and goodness, and Professor Huxley is confirmed by this ancient usage in his declaration that goodness is a kind of beauty, and those who cannot perceive it are to be reckoned among the abnormal specimens of humanity. Mr. Spencer may account for this aesthetic and this moral perception by evolution. He may trace its development from lower into higher; it is immaterial how it came, it is here. Reason may and should deal with its affirmations; but it can no more set them aside than it can set aside the affirmations of sense-perception. The one set of affirmations is as fundamental, and as trustworthy, as the other."

We do not know that we altogether agree with that last paragraph. We hardly think the affirmations of sense perception are quite as trustworthy and as fundamental as the affirmations of moral perception. The one is a verity of experience; the other, we have reason to believe, is among what Carlyle called the "eternal verities."

So far as we are able to judge, Mr. Spencer has not succeeded in even to use the point of Mr. Balfour's keen criticism.

A FINE OPPORTUNITY.

Two weeks of the Summer School have now passed over, and two weeks still remain of its session. At this halfway point there is a good opportunity for those who have not been able to attend all the sessions to come in and get the benefit of the rest.

Several of the lectures have dropped into courses which are just about to begin. Among these latter are Prof. James' and Prof. Davis'. We are confident that there must be many who have not yet been to the Summer School who would greatly enjoy the lectures on Shakespeare. Course tickets to these may be obtained at a low rate, and we hope that a good many will avail themselves of the opportunity to attend a most interesting and profitable course. The lectures of Prof. James are on a topic that may not be quite so popular as the always popular dramatists, but they are of a kind that appeals especially to thinking men and women, and we suppose there are more of this kind of men and women in this city than in most places.

A new course on Napoleon will also be of especial interest, both to those who have heard Prof. Patton and those who have not heard him. Prof. Mark's lectures will be illustrated with fine stereopticon views, and as they come in the evening at the High School Auditorium they should be very popular.

Besides these courses which are just beginning there are others into which one may enter at any time with profit and pleasure, such for instance, as Prof. Wilkinson's.

We hardly think the people of this city are taking full advantage of the remarkable opportunity which is offered to them by the presence here of the distinguished men who have come so far to give us of their best, and we hope that the latter half of the session may see a good many more of our fellow-townsmen in attendance.

We notice that some of our eastern exchanges are discussing the question whether Benjamin Harrison would take the nomination for President if he could get it. What is the use of discussing a self-evident proposition? Of course he would take it if he could get it; and so would any other prominent Republican.

The New Castle Nonpareil has brought out a new candidate for President—no less a person than W. H. Harvey, the author of "Coin's Financial School." The plan of the Nonpareil is as follows: "Let the (Bimetallic) League nominate Harvey, with an endorsement by the People's party, and then let the old parties split upon the rock of free coinage and the silver factions endorse the ticket." What could be easier or simpler?

No Stampede Here.

The advice offered by some Republican papers to bolt the party's national nominee, if that person be not unequivocally pledged to support any measure in favor of the free coinage of silver, is ill-timed and unhealthful, if not, indeed, decidedly hurtful. (Canon City Chieftain.

SHE IS NOT NEW.

So Says Mrs. E. Cady Stanton, and She Ought to Know.

The following from an interview with Mrs. E. Cady Stanton in the New York Sun, will be of interest to the women of Colorado: "There is no new woman. I'm very busy working six hours a day on the Woman's Bible in order to get out the Pentateuch by August 1, but I can always stop to talk of the so-called new woman. She is not new, but merely progressive. There have been great women in science and philosophy and in war in all ages. In fact, recent historians have proved that woman has been the greatest factor in civilization from the beginning. A wave of inquisition or protection has swept over the women, for they now begin to realize that they have to prove themselves worthy of better things. Women have never before had a chance to prove themselves, and they are doing it now, although against great odds.

"The clergy is the worst enemy of woman's progress. Women are naturally more superstitious and imaginative and possess more religious fervor than men and it is on them that the clergy gets its hold. Naturally then when woman begins to think and act for herself and to break the bonds of church slavery the priesthood raises a great cry. Clergymen think that woman does very well to buy carpets and lamps for the church and to make robes and embroider rats and dogs on the toes of slippers for the Sons of Levi, but she is not fit to hold any offices in the church and the Bible is the stronghold to which they all go to tell us to stay in our places. The Methodist church does allow its women to preach, though it will not ordain them; the Presbyterian and Episcopal churches would sooner ordain a monkey than a woman, and when the Episcopal church wants a vestryman she selects a man outside of the church who makes no profession before she will a saintly woman. The Dunkers and Universalists pay more respect to woman than any other sect."

Information in Sugar Coating.

In winter, women who have a taste for self-improvement study literature, and even the language, in clubs, of course, but in summer, even in the dog days, when divorces do not always arrive at cycle with the women who live in little settlements of summer villas now so in for classes. This season the popular study is geography, of which women know amazingly little and observation on which is interesting to those who are travel, but which does not keep them at home. These students can immerse themselves in Mariners, Hunt in a week, a country house drawing room to travel and describe some curious distant land and wind up with a lunchtime. At one of these fetes, recently, a famous and widely traveled woman was the guest of honor, and gave a clever talk on how to go about the world touching the practical side of travel. At the luncheon table was found, outlined on the white cloth with flower blossoms, a small skeleton map of North America. Just in the center stood a sphere, worked out in flowers as each continent in different colored blooms, and the North Pole, neatly described by a peak of solid ice, jutting from an Arctic circle of white violets. The souvenirs at every cover were little spheres that unscrewed in the middle to show traveling inkstands, while the compliments were the brilliant red, yellow and blue labels that decorate the baggage of those who have traveled in foreign parts. ("Society Matters" in the Women's Magazine for August.)

Goodwin's Great Idea.

By the way, the more we think of the matter, the more we believe that the happiest solution of the silver question would be for the President of the United States to call a silver conference of the nations and propose that they agree upon some ratio between gold and silver, that the mints of all the countries should be open to silver on that ratio, but that foreign debts and obligations coming due and payable from gold countries should be paid in gold. We do not see what wrong could happen to any one. We cannot see where any of the scare-crows which have been raised up in regard to the matter could be used. It looks to us as though it would be a perfectly square deal. Some might say we would be discriminating against our creditors, but that would not be true, for that would cure itself because with that law passed, silver would be as good as gold at once. (Salt Lake Tribune.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The study of "Old Probs" comes under the head of weather profits. Washington Times.

Charley Courtney wouldn't make a bad team to own a polo club. Binghamton Leader.

The announcement that canned beans are poisonous is calculated to cause another riot in Boston. Washington Post.

Mrs. Dorsey is right in going after her husband. Think of a man loose up where the nights are six months long. Minneapolis Journal.

Dr. Paul Brisson has discovered what he calls a microbe of old age. What a bunch of them Methuselah must have been! Grand Rapids Democrat.

Congressman Tucker of Virginia has married his twin after his wife and wife. All possibility of intergenerational jealousy is thus avoided. Exchange.

The Happy Bottle is the name of a newspaper out west. In Kentucky the venture would not live long enough to get out an initial number. Toledo Blade.

We violate no confidence in stating that the next time a bomb is exploded in Russell Sage's office he will pick out a paper clean to sit on while he reads it. Pittsburg Dispatch.

"If you cannot go into the country for the season, you can become tanned just as dark by exposing yourself to the sun in the city. It is the same sun and the same kind of tan." Boston Globe.

The son of a prominent citizen of Kansas has left the practice of law for the ministry. He says he cannot be a gentleman and a lawyer at the same time. That depends on the case. Mary E. Lease in Chicago Dispatch.

Every Monday Is Bargain Day

Our best 4 spool cotton, limit 10 yards to a customer at 4 3-4c a yard.

Pearl or Mollie, the silk finished kind and at the price we name is also the price of the cotton. Monday, 10 yds for 59c.

SUMMER ...CORSETS

Monday's price 70c

Cream Complexion Soap, a 10c soap. To introduce it will sell Monday 3 cakes for 10c.

Ladies' waists with high sleeve and yoke back, Monday, 15c.

Hibbard & Co.,

12 NORTH TEJON ST.

Flower Day.

F. H. METZ,

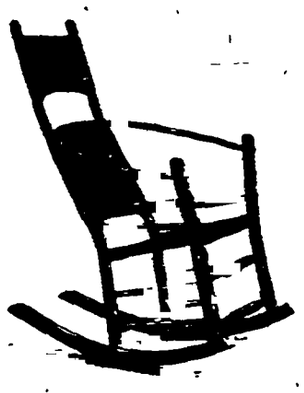
8 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

Saddles, Harness, Etc. and Mexican Art Work.

We are fully equipped to make a specialty of decoration for Flower Day.

"Old Hickory"

CHAIRS AND ROCKERS.



FOR LAWN AND PORCH.

Just the thing for this climate. No paint or varnish, and the longer in use the smoother they are.

FAIRLEY BROS.

J. J. HAGERMAN, President. IRVING HOWBERT, Vice President.
J. A. WAYNE, Cashier. A. BURTON, Asst. Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Capital - - - - - - $100,000
Surplus - - - - - - $100,000

DIRECTORS

J. J. HAGERMAN, RICHARD J. BOLLER, IRVING HOWBERT, D. F. CHAMBERLIN, J. A. WAYNE.

ESTABLISHED 1873

EL PASO COUNTY BANK

CAPITAL PAID IN - - - - - $100,000
SURPLUS - - - - - - - 20,000

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

WM. S. JACKSON, Cashier. J. H. HARTOW, Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS: Wm. S. Jackson, C. H. Whitney, J. H. Hartow.

William P. Bonbright & Co.,

WILLIAM P. BONBRIGHT.
CHAS. C. FOYD. WM. P. FISHER.

BANKERS AND BROKERS

HAGERMAN BUILDING.

Loans, Investment Securities,

NEW YORK QUOTATIONS AND DAILY FINANCIAL NEWS.

Foreign Exchange and Letters of Credit.

Orders executed upon the Mining Exchange, and also through our own representative on the New York Stock Exchange.

Save Something Young Man!

Salary	$50	Salary	$50	Salary	$50
Expenses	$60	Expenses	$54	Expenses	$44
Result: Temptation, Penitentiary, Disgrace.		Result: Wage work for life, Poverty.		Result $6 a month Saved and deposited here means $3000 in ten years.	

The Assurance Saving & Loan Association, 109 E. Kiowa St.

MATTHEW KENNEDY,

NO. 8 NORTH TEJON ST.

Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.

FOR SALE—Bargains in improved and unimproved properties; several choice corners that can be sold at bargains. Now is the time to buy, as prices will undoubtedly advance in the next 90 days.

FOR RENT—Furnished and unfurnished Houses in all parts of the city.

Shoes

Ladies' and gent's shoes, misses' and children's shoes, boy's shoes, russet and calf. Will sell them way down cheap. Now is your chance.

30½ N. Tejon Street. HOLMES & SUMNER.

HENRY LEE. WILLS. WILL L. PARKER.

Henry Lee Wills & Co.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds

For Pennsylvania and Massachusetts.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate Security.

....AGENTS OF THE....

International Trust Co. OF COLORADO.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

Furnished.

[illegible]

Unfurnished.

[illegible]

Stores and Offices For Rent.

[illegible]

For Sale Special.

[illegible]

HENRY LEE WILLS & Co.

GAZETTE BUILDING.

Telephone 44

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

D. P. FRAME, M. D. C.

Veterinary Surgeon. Graduate Chicago Veterinary College. Office and Hospital 117 E. Bijou st. Residence No. 11 So. Wahsatch ave. Telephone—office, No. 350; residence No. 38.

MISS A. M. CRAIN,

A vocal teacher from Boston, will receive pupils and friends at her studio, No. 24 W. Del Norte. Ehrich's Cottage. Hours 10 to 12 a. m.

PIANO TUNER.

W. F. HUNT.

Manufacturer's agent for fine pianos. 526 W. Pike's Peak Ave. P.O. Box 582.

The largest and most complete stock of Musical Goods in the city, at prices that defy competition.

HEXT & WILLIAMS,

Agents - - - - 21 N. Tejon St.

EL PASO LAUNDRY CO.,

G. W. Woodward, Manager.

Strictly Hand Work. 121 North Tejon. Try and be convinced.

Special attention given to Ladies' Waists.

P. B. Bolin, President; E. G. Johnson, Vice President. Basil Rees, Cashier.

The Exchange National Bank

Capital - $100,000
Surplus - 20,000

DIRECTORS:

Geo. De La Vergne, W. H. Bemis, H. O. Johnson, A. S. Bonbright, D. M. Holmes, J. A. Humphreys, W. S. Russell, H. E. Rossiter, A. L. Lawton, D. Rees, H. O. McClintock.

THE SUMMER SCHOOL.

Schedule of Exercises for Monday.

In the High School.

7:30-8:15—Physical culture. Prof. Hasle, room 2.
8:15-8:30 Opening exercises. Study.
8:30-9:15 Algebra. Prof. Bailey, room 14.
Kindergarten. Miss McCulloch, room 5 and gymnasium.
Penmanship. Prof. Whalen, study.
Pedagogy. Dr. Snyder, room 11.
Botany. Dr. Bessey, physical laboratory.
9:30-10:15 Arithmetic. Prof. Bailey, room 14.
Kindergarten. Miss McCulloch, room 5 and gymnasium.
English in the Grades. Prof. Rounds, auditorium.
Pedagogy. Prof. Norton, room 11.
Art. Prof. Read, drawing room.
German 1. Prof. Deutsch, room 2.
Botany. Dr. Bessey, science lecture room.
10:30-11.15—Algebra. Prof. Bailey, room 14.
Drawing. Miss Silke, study.
Primary Methods. Miss Krackowizer, room 4.
Geography. Miss McLean, science lecture room.
German 11. Prof. Deutsch, room 2.
Pedagogy. Prof. O'Shea, Auditorium.
Drawing. Miss Silke, study.
11:30-12:15 Geometry. Prof. Bailey, room 14.
Primary Methods. Miss Krackowizer, room 4.
Drawings. Miss Silke, study.
Physical Culture. Prof. Hasle, room 2

At the College.

Rooms 1, 2, 3 and 4 are in Palmer hall.
2:15-3. Trigonometry and Surveying. Prof. Bailey, astronomical observatory.
French 1. Prof. Capellier, room 2.
Latin 1. Miss Wilkinson, room 1.
Shakespeare. Prof. Lounsbury, Coburn library chapel.
3:15-4 French 2. Prof. Capellier, room 2.
Latin 2. Miss Wilkinson, room 1.
4:15-5 Economics. Dr. Ely.
Geology. Prof. Cannon, room 3.
French 3. Prof. Capellier, room 2.
Latin 3. Miss Wilkinson, room 1.
Physical Culture. Prof. Hasle, room 3.
5:05-5:45 Sociology. Dr. Ely.
Music. Prof. Perkins, Coburn library chapel.
High School course in English. Dr. Russell, room 4.

Change of Time for Botany.

It has been found necessary to change the time for Dr. Bessey's lecture from 8:30 to 9:30. The laboratory class will meet at 8:30. This change will take place to-morrow morning.

Professor Plank on Napoleon.

The first of Prof. Plank's course of illustrated lectures on Napoleon will be given on Tuesday evening in the High School Auditorium. The subject is, "Winning the First Spurs." Corsica, Brienne, Paris and the Army of Italy will be treated of. Fifty illustrations will be given illustrating the early life of Napoleon. This course will undoubtedly prove very popular.

Professor Lounsbury.

Prof. Lounsbury arrived over the Rock Island yesterday morning, and was driven at once to Mr. Ehrich's. He will begin his course on Shakespeare on Monday afternoon at 2:15 in the Coburn library chapel. The numerous Shakespeare clubs in the city undoubtedly insure a very large class.

Prof. Lounsbury's course will consist of eight lectures on Shakespeare, as follows:

1. Introductory—The Relation of the Elizabethan Stage to the Social and Political Life of the Time.
2. The Text of Shakespeare.
3. Shakespeare as a Dramatic Artist (1).
4. Shakespeare as a Dramatic Artist (2).
5. Shakespeare in Literary History (1).
6. Shakespeare in Literary History (2).
7. Shakespeare in Literary History (3).
8. The Morality of Shakespeare.

This course will be followed by a lecture entitled "Histriomastix and the State Trials of William Prynne."

Dr. James.

It is expected that Dr. James will arrive on Thursday morning. He will be the guest of Mrs. E. C. Goddard. His course will consist of eight lectures, as follows:

1. Man as a Relative Organism.
2. Native Impulses.
3. Habits.
4. Association.
5. Memory.
6. Attention.
7. Perception.
8. Will.

Instead of lecturing at the time assigned him in the schedule, it now seems probable that his lectures will be given from 5 to 6.

Child Study.

Another course which will begin on Tuesday or Wednesday is one on child study, by Superintendent Hancock. Superintendent Hancock's course will be as follows:

1. Physical Development of Children.
2. Mental Development.
3. Moral and Religious Development.
4. Defective and Precocious Children.
5. Children's Spontaneous Lines of Interest.
6. Anthropology.
7. The Literature of Child Study and Methods of Work.

SUMMER SCHOOL NOTES.

Prof. Hays, who has had the Latin classes for the past two weeks, is obliged to leave on account of other engagements. Miss Winkfinon, instructor in Latin in Kalamazoo College, will give instruction in this subject for the rest of the session. Miss Wilkinson is a daughter of the present lecturer on Poetry and Criticism, and inherits no small degree of her father's literary ability and taste.

Prof. Norton's class hold a discussion upon ethical and religious topics this afternoon at 3 o'clock, at room 11, High School building Prof. Norton's lesson with a class of boys before his class in pedagogy on Friday was highly successful. The lesson was given inductively by question and answer, and nothing was placed upon the board that had not been given by the boys. The summation of the lesson gave some of the greater moral truths. Prof. Norton's work goes far toward solving the question of moral instruction and training in home and in school. A second lesson is to be given at 9:30 Monday morning. All parents, as well as teachers will be interested.

Messrs. Bell and Vorhees, two of The Antlers guests, left last evening for the western part of the State where they will out in two or three months with a hunting and camping party.

Casino Concerts To-day.

The following programmes have been selected for the concerts at the Casino this afternoon and evening. Miss Mae Estelle Acton, the popular soprano, will appear in the evening concert:

AFTERNOON.

March, "C. G. V." ..... Vottelet
Overture, "Daughter of the Regiment." ..... Donizetti
Waltz, "Enjoy Life" ..... Strauss
Selection, "La Traviata" ..... Verdi
Overture, "Merry Wives of Windsor." ..... Nicolai
"Liebchen Traumt," for strings ..... Komzak
Waltz, "Mariana" ..... Waldeufel
Finale .....

EVENING.

March from "Athalia" ..... Mendelssohn
Overture, "Fidelio" ..... Beethoven
"Thou Brilliant Bird," from Pearl of Brazil ..... David
Miss Acton.
Selection, "L'Africaine" ..... Meyerbeer
Quintetto, "Larghetto" "Andante con Variazione" ..... Mozart
"Slavonic Dances" ..... Dvorak
"Sing, Smile and Slumber" ..... Gounod
Miss Acton.
"Largo" ..... Handel
Overture, "Oberon" ..... Weber

Some time since the Great Divide printed an incomplete story and offered a prize to the person who would furnish a sequal that best corresponded to the author's idea. Mrs. Clarence Arnold of this city was the winner of the prize.

Two suits were filed in the District court yesterday against the Green Mountain Falls company. One was by H. P. Lillibridge as administrator of the estate of Eliza Newell to recover on a note for $1,750, and the other by Mr. Lillibridge for himself to recover on a note for $1,168.

The Royal Gorge excursion yesterday was a great success. There were about four carfuls of people and there were five cars to the train, so there was plenty of room. Nearly all the excursionists availed themselves of the opportunity of visiting the State penitentiary at Canon City.

Mr. F. G. Van Dusen, the genial western representative of Munyon's Homoeopathic Home Remedies company, of Philadelphia, is at The Antlers in the interest of that company. Munyon's celebrated remedies will hereafter be found in all the drug stores of the city. A free sample of these remedies will be given to all who call at The Gazette business office on Monday.

Dr. Marlow received a message to come to Victor to investigate the death of a woman named Nellie Thomas, formerly a resident here. From what the coroner could learn it was a death from an overdose of morphine, given by a physician.

Royal Gorge Saturday, $3.

RIVAL CITIES.

Boston is enjoying a real reform movement, but it is a borrowed one. Rochester Herald.

If New York wants to get rid of her name, she might coax Chicago into annexing her. Peoria Herald.

If New York could only discover some way of making her spasms of virtue permanent, she might become as good as Boston. Boston Globe.

If the quality of Chicago's population was only commensurate with its quantity, what a wonderful town she would be! Buffalo Commercial.

New York's intention to establish a botanic garden is more commendable than the green goods industry by which it is best known. Philadelphia Times.

A continuous census bureau is suggested. Chicago and New York have each had one for several years, and they attend strictly to business. Cincinnati Tribune.

Chicago is about to build a tower 1,200 feet high, with searchlights at the top. Probably they hope to discover new territory to annex. Minneapolis Penny Press.

A Chicago alderman has introduced an ordinance creating the office of chaplain for the common council of that city. One is not enough; give him a dozen assistants. Richmond Times.

Wall street is again being described as a regular gate of hades. This will never do. Chicago has the monopoly of openings into Avernus, according to our English visitors, and they ought to know, after living in London. Philadelphia Press.

New York city's new directory shows her population to be nearly 2,000,000, exclusive of newly annexed towns. We shall doubtless now hear from Chicago that directory figures are not always to be depended upon except in the case of St. Louis. St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

HOT WEATHER DON'TS.

Don't worry about the weather.

Don't walk on the sunny side of the street.

Don't work unless you have to, and then work slowly.

Don't fail to carry an umbrella if you are exposed long to the sun's rays.

Don't drink anything to excess. Ice water is about as bad as anything else.

Don't use a fan. The exercise of working it will overcome all the good you experience.

Don't be afraid of perspiration. It is a good sign, and it reduces the temperature of the body.

Don't think it is the hottest day you ever experienced, and if you do think it don't say it.

If you follow out the majority of these don'ts, you will feel that you followed the injunction to keep cool.

Don't feel it a duty to look at the thermometer every 10 or 15 minutes during the middle of the day.

Don't make a meal largely made up of meats. Vegetables come at this season of the year especially for the benefit of man. Washington Post.

LEGAL QUIPS.

Men never bring lawsuits when the law suits them. Seymour Democrat.

A legal bill is rarely railroaded through until the fare is paid. Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Respect for law means, with most men, respect for those laws to which they've no personal objection.—New York Recorder.

THE FLEETING SHOW.

Stories and Gossip Picked up on the Streets.

How stupid and common place one can be even at a dog show. Now didn't you say at the dog show last week "oh, how wonderful. Miraculous. How did he ever do it?" I did all that and more. Now just stop and think. It really meant work, work, work, that magician that accomplishes everything that is accomplished. I happeded to be in possession of the grips and signs of an order to which Mr. Gentry belongs and in that way became quite well acquainted with him. Now if you want a show that is paying like a Cripple Creek mine would you work ten hours a day for three years with a definite aim. No doubt most of us do work ten hours a day, for more than that time, but do we do it without a determined purpose.

When Mr. Gentry is training his dogs and horses he has colored boy to help him and a man to do the work. They begin at 7 a. m. and work straight throught until 6, day in and day out. Perhaps you think a dog is intelligent but he is not. You work with him for months showing him just one thing. He never seems to get any better at it. Some morning however he gets up and does the trick. That is the end of it. He will always do that trick and will never have to be rehearsed. That is all he knows. It is about the same with the horses, only there is an interesting fact. The horses are trained entirely in the day time. A dog is given training in the evening and allowed to sleep on it. He generally wakes up and does the trick in the morning after it has finally gotten into his head. The big dogs are very stupid, especially the hounds. Most people thought the man in the ring was Gentry but that was only the ring master. Gentry took tickets at the door. The dogs will perform for one person as well as for another after once being trained. Do you know the little brutes are as vain as a prima donna and know what an encore is and enjoy the applause?

When the monkeys were doing their acts in the ring did you notice the show people scatter around the ring? They have to watch the rascals. If children play with them and make faces at them they get fighting mad and fly at them. The monkey that rode the horse talks to himself. He hates the red suit they put on him and chatters and I presume swears all the time he has it on. He gets fearfully angry if the men laugh when he has it on. For an hour after the performance he talks to himself.

o

They were telling me a very funny incident that happened in Florida and all the show people declare it is true. They say that at one of their performances an Englishman visited the show with his man to tell him when to laugh. He was one of those stupid, stiff kind gotten up in a rig that would paralize a Hottentot and that he would not dare wear in London for fear of being mobbed. His man would watch the performance and say every once in a while, "Deuced clevah." Then the Johnnie would go "ha,-ha,-ha," in a mirthless sort of way. Gentry got an axe and issisted on being allowed to hit him in the head.

o

That makes a fellow think of the New York dude who was going to commit suicide when his intimate chum said, "Don't Weggie, deah, it is so much trouble, don't you know. Have you'h man do it."

o

ChimmieFadden was at a ball given by the bell hops not a thousand miles from Colorado Springs lately. He approached another friend who had been raised on the Bowery and said:

"Say, come rag wid me pig." The friend danced with Jimmie's "regular," but that gent approached afterwards and the following dialogue was heard:

"Hully geo, wat's de matter wid ye, de regler says ye smell bad?"

"De 'ell she do, wat's a eatin' 'er? I guess its me socks."

"Den take a dime and get some new ones."

The friend disappeared but came back in a few minutes and Chimmie again approached, and said, "Say she's stuck on yer dance'in. Do it egin."

Once more the couple whirled through the giddy maze with heads together and backs bent but with a deliberation that was maddening. It was again over and Chimmie once more approached his friend.

"Say de regler says yer worse dan ever. Wat de 'ell."

"Ah, she makes me tired. I ain't got de socks on any more. Here's de old ones in me coat pocket," and he produced them.

o

The biggest piece of nerve I have heard of lately was in a young fellow who beat a bicycle company out of a new set of tires. He rode over a bunch of cactus and literally perforated the rubber. It was sent in and they decided that the rubber must be defective and replaced them free of charge.

o

My friend Colonel Lillibridge tells what I call a good one on himself. As most everyone around here knows the colonel has none too much hair on that portion of his cranium where the capillary substance is wont to grow. Some years ago he was a resident in Japan and held the place of consular judge. I do not know whether the consular courts are in existence now or not but formerly it was the custom to try Americans who had committed misdemeanors in foreign countries before this court. It was a little more than a justice court as the principal business was trying drunken sailors. Colonel Lillibridge says that he always fined a drunken sailor all the money he had, and if he had none he sent him to jail until his ship sailed. This was done to protect the man from himself as well as the natives. One day he had a sailor who was particularly drunk and after sentence was passed he straightened himself up enough to hiccough. "I don't care for the fine but I hate to (hic) have it done by a bald-headed old snoozer like that."

o

I heard a tremendous big poker bet the other day. It was told by a long Texan stopping at a hotel. He says, "Once just befoh de wah I and Sam Medder were coming down the Mississippi from St. Louis. We got into a little game of draw. Sam dealt and it was my ante. I put in two thousand and Sam raised it a thousand. I looked at my cards and saw the raise. I drew two cards and Sam only one, and then we began betting in earnest. Sam bet ten thousand, which was all the money he had and I raised him five. He then put up four niggers and I raised him ten more. He saw me the ten and raised me ten. Niggers were worth about a thousand dollars on an average. I then offered to raise him next year's cotton crop. He accepted it. We put the two hands in separate envelopes and together went to Dallas, where they were deposited in the National bank. The next year Sam raised me his crop for the year following and the year following I raised him back. That has been going on ever since from year to year and now we have a pretty tidy sum in bank if one of us would just weaken and call. You all face up to de bah and name youh' drink."

o

An express company with offices in this city recently shipped a burro East for a visitor. The express agent at whose office it was received was evidently not familiar with the animal and not up on spelling for he reported back to the general office: "Something wrong with the billing. One bureau short and over a jackass."

Organ Recital.

There will be an organ concert by Dr. J. H. Gower of Denver at the First Congregational church of Colorado Springs to-morrow evening. Miss Mae Estelle Acton, whom our citizens, heard with much pleasure at the opening of the Summer School, will be the vocalist on the occasion. The programme will be as follows:

Overture ..... Handel
Minuet ..... Bocherini
Vocal—"Cara Noma" ..... Rigoletto-Verdi
Miss Mae Estelle Acton.
Prelude and Fugue ..... Bach
Moderato ..... Rubinstein
Andante (Surprise Symphony) ..... Haydn
Vocal—"Then Weep Yo Eyes"—La Cid ..... Massinet
Miss Mae Estelle Acton.
March (Naaman) ..... Costa
Swedish Wedding March ..... Soderman
Grand Sonata in D minor ..... Merkel
Allegro Moderato, Adagio, Allegro con fuoco, Fuga.)

Dr. Gower is widely known as one of the finest organists in America and the audience ought be large. Tickets will be 50 cents.

Pike's Peak on Foot.

The rain on Saturday night, the 20th inst., did not discourage a party of hardy young mountaineers from their trip to the summit of Pike's Peak. At about dusk, the merry crowd, composed of the Misses Thompson, Kerrns, Sutherland and Estep, and Messrs. Howard, Steele, Doyle, Davis, Hobbs, Smith and Hawkins, started on their upward journey. It was an unusually dark night, ameliorated, if it can be said, by the constant rain which prolonged into the early hours of Sunday morning. Although it was genuine hard work making the ascent on foot, every one seemed determined to reach the top and so declared himself. Stops were made at various intervals and when the Half Way house was reached a halt was made for lunch, and the baskets willingly gave forth their contents, partly to be consumed by matchlight, as there was no lantern or candle in the party. At this point, Miss Estep and Mr. Doyle being considerably in the rear, were left behind, from whence they retraced their foot-steps to Manitou, the rest of the crowd continuing on their march, in a most segregated manner, until they reached the top.

Miss Thompson and Mr. Davis were the first to climb the "last hill," the rear being protected by Messrs. Steele and Howard. After warming themselves and sipping the Chinaman's Mocha and Java at 15 cents a sip and describing their many incidents on their way up they began the return trip through another drenching rain. Although very tired when they reached the base of mountain they all said it was an immense treat and were going to recommend it to every one against whom they had a grudge.

Their Loss, Our Gain.

The Canon City Record says:

"Last week Dr. A. C. Jones moved his family and effects to Colorado Springs where he will open an office for the practice of medicine and surgery.

"In the doctor's removal Canon loses a very fine physician and valuable citizen. The doctor has been here a little over two years and in that time he has gained a large practice and the respect of all who know him. His only reason for leaving Canon is that the field at Colorado Springs is larger for his special line of work. There he will practice surgery more exclusively with special attention to the diseases of women.

"In homoeopathy few physicians in the State stand higher than Dr. Jones. At one time he was secretary and later president of the Missouri institute of Homoeopathy. Very soon after his locating in the State he was elected secretary of the Homoeopathic Medical society of Colorado. As a physician Dr. Jones is good, but his special forte is in surgery in which he has had some wonderful successes since coming to Colorado. In his new field we wish the doctor every success and believe that he will soon stand in the lead of the medical profession at the Springs." Dr. Jones has come to this city as the partner of Dr. W. C. Allen.

The librarian of the free library states that the demand for books has increased daily as the city has filled up with people. The rooms are full of ladies and gentlemen all the time. Such a looking lot of old books was never probably offered to the reading public before to make selections from. The collection is so small and the demand so large that they are simply read to pieces almost as fast as they are bought. The Athens of the West ought to be proud of its magnificent circulating library—this is meant for what Josh Billings would call "sarkasm."

Friday night thieves entered Woods & Archularius's jewelry store on North Tejon street and stole about a dozen watches. A young man who sleeps in the store went out about 10 o'clock after luncheon, and when he returned found the back door open. He did not think anything of it but the next morning they found that the watches were gone. Nothing else is missing from the store so far as can be learned. Mr. Dana is making a search for the missing property. All of the watches are known.

A suit that has been on trial in the county court for several days past is entitled Atto vs. Heistand. It is to recover for a team of horses. The jury went out in the afternoon and late in the evening brought in a mixed verdict but Judge Kinsley was not satisfied and sent them back with further instructions. They had not reported at a late hour.

Miss Mae Estelle Acton.

Miss Mae Estelle Acton, a popular concert singer from Chicago, will make her first appearance at the Casino this evening. She will sing two selections, "Thou Brilliant Bird" from from Pearl of Brazil, and "Sing, Smile and Slumber" by Gounod. A Bloomington exchange says: "Miss Acton has one of the most charming voices ever heard in the city. The continued applause which followed each of her solos indicated that her singing was highly appreciated."

A Fine Piece of Work.

Mr. E. G. Davidson, traveling passenger agent for the Erie Railway company, with headquarters in Kansas City, was in the city a day or two ago, distributing a beautiful work of art entitled "On the Picturesque Erie, Lake Chautauqua," recently issued by General Passenger Agent Roberts. The book is one of the finest of the kind we have ever seen, and contains about forty views of Lake Chautauqua. Although the book costs nearly a dollar a piece in 10,000 lots, Mr. Davidson says he will gladly send a copy to any one addressing him at Kansas City.

The Empress Charlotte's Parisian fan valued at $150 is now on exhibition at W. H. Wyman's store in the El Paso block. It is a magnificent piece of work, the frame is of mother of pearl, embossed with heavy layers of gold, and the ends of the rivet in the handle are set with fine diamonds. The public is invited to inspect it.

Same price this week. What's that? Why, Hart makes the same rate for another week, 50c to the Garden of Gods and return. Office 112 Pike's Peak Ave.

Try Whitman's crystalized ginger for that cough. Fresh stock just received to-day. SMITH & WELLING.

Don't forget that A. J. Bayne of the St. James takes you through the Garden of the Gods; 50 cents round trip.

We call attention elsewhere to the advertisement of the Colorado Springs Academy for Boys. With large experience in academic work Prof. J. B. Walton, the principal, is determined to maintain the high standard acquired by this school in the past. The courses of study embracing English, classical and business are so arranged as to give boys a thorough preparation for college or business. Parents desiring to enter their boys should address Prof. Walton at 31 West Bijou street.

Grand sacred and classical concert at Club Coffee House during meal hours to-day.

If you want to save money and see the scenery, stop at the St. James, the best $1.50 to $2.00 a day house in the city. Their city coach is always ready for the disposal of their guests, and is always driven by Mr. Bayne, who is the best guide in the city.

On Bryan's excursion a guide will be in attendance to point out the places of interest.

If you are thinking of taking in some of the points of interest, why see Hart; he makes a special rate this week to all points.
HART'S TRANSFER & CARRIAGE CO.
112 Pike's Peak Avenue.

Neel's new wall map at Low's.

Mountain excursion headquarters at Rio Grande City Ticket office, No. 16 North Tejon street.

Rio Grande excursion to Glenwood Springs and return, July 30th; $10. Two daily trains.

Cut Rates.

We buy, sell and exchange railroad tickets. Reduced rates East West and South. Munson's, 10 Pike's Peak avenue, three doors east of The Antlers hotel

Grand sacred and classical concert at Club Coffee House during meal hours to-day.

A photographer will be with Bryan's excursion to Glenwood Springs, July 30, via Colorado Midland.

Unmounted photos at Low's book store

CURRENT COMMENT.

Possibly no woman would care to marry a person who talks as much as does Mr. Depew. Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The peacemaker doesn't always get the worst of it. Look at the case of the Hon. John W. Foster, for instance. Washington Post.

The short sermon is increasing in popularity. In fact, we are rapidly approaching the day of the pulpit paragrapher. Washington Post.

Twenty cents' worth of chloroform would enforce the death penalty more satisfactorily than $2,000 worth of electric appliances. Detroit Journal

It is an interesting fact that when the liquor laws are more rigidly enforced on the Atlantic coast the sea serpent fails to materialize. Washington Star.

Russell Sage's property is assessed for taxation at $500,000. Russell must have held some one between himself and the appraiser. Nashville American.

Spelling reform will never make much progress in Philadelphia. The Quakers wouldn't fancy seeing the name of their city spelled "Filadelfia." Chicago Times-Herald.

BORN.

TUCKER On Saturday, July 27, 1895, to Mr. and Mrs. John S. Tucker, a son.

JAMES At Colorado Springs, Colo., July 27, 1895, to the wife of G. D. James, a son.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALLETT & BAKER.
Undertakers, No. 7 Cascade avenue.

DR. W. R. SINTON,
Dentist, El Paso block

Dr. M. H. Smith, dentist, has removed his office to 118 East Kiowa street, opposite Hagerman block

FINE DENTISTRY.
Dr. Hayden, Hagerman building.

DR. W. FOWLER,
Dentist.
Rooms in Nichols block, 18 South Tejon street.

N. O. Johnson & Sons' new shoe department takes the lead for stylish, serviceable and comfortable shoes. Call and see them.

For sale cheap; 7 room house. Inquire Guy, 112 Pike's Peak avenue.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, physicians advocate them.

MOTHERS

You are invited to call and examine the most beautiful line of children's clothing, that we have just received from New York, made up in the latest and most artistic styles at conservative prices.

A few sweaters left at the lowest prices ever offered in the city.

Hats, caps and all other kinds of goods on the same scale of prices.

Yours to please,

A. Armentrout,

19 S. TEJON ST.

Through the Heart of the Rockies.

Bryan's Excursion

.....TO.....

GLENWOOD SPRINGS

Over the Colorado Midland July 30.

Will be the grandest and decidedly the most complete excursion of the season, and will be run on the following schedule:

Leave Colorado Springs	8 00 a.m.
" Manitou	8 25 a.m.
" Cascade Canon	8 50 "
" Ute Park	8 53 "
" Green Mountain Falls	9 05 a.m.
" Woodland Park	9 20 a.m.
" Divide	9 40 a.m.
" Florissant	10 05 "
" Leadville	1 55 p.m.
Arrive Glenwood	7 00 "

RETURNING JULY 31st.

Leave Glenwood	11 00 a.m.
Arrive Manitou	8 40 p.m.
" Colorado Springs	9 00 "

Complete arrangements, everything comfortable, pleasant and enjoyable. Pullman and chair cars attached.

Round Trip From

Colorado Springs and Manitou only, $10
Divide and Florissant, only - - - - 9

For full particulars or information call on or address W. W. Bryan, Manitou or Colorado Springs or ticket agents, Colorado Midland railway.

Ride The Best Wheel

WAHL BROS.

127 North Tejon St.

GRAND EXCURSION TO $10

JULY 30th.

The finest resort in the State

Glenwood Springs.

Via RIO GRANDE RAILROAD.

SPECIAL TRAIN

Through the Grand Canon, Royal Gorge, Leadville, Tennessee Pass down the Eagle River and Canon of the Grand. Scenery unequaled. Call at Rio Grande City Ticket office for full information.

At Mancos Canon, in southern Colorado, are the prehistoric cliff dwellings, homes of an extinct race, the oldest and most wonderful ruins in America. Do not fail to visit them. It can be done with ease and comfort.

Richard Wetherill, who has explored the ruins for years, will act as your guide, and will furnish all necessaries for the trip. His home, the Alamo Ranch, has the finest collection of Mesa ruins and Cliff Dwelling relics in the State and furnishes excellent accommodations. For full information address R. Wetherill, Alamo Ranch, Mancos, Colo., or call at 12 Gazette building, Colorado Springs.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE & CO

CLAUDE SACHS, Mining Editor
Rec. Sec'y Colo. Springs Exchange.

MINES, STOCKS AND INVESTMENTS.

SILVER................ .66⅜
LEAD.....................3.12½

THE MINING EXCHANGE.

Colorado Springs, July 27.—Whatever ground was lost yesterday on account of the dullness of the market was more than made up for to-day when business was of the liveliest description and a large number of sales were put through. Trading was pretty evenly divided between the strong and the weakish stocks, but whereas the strong stocks are very strong, the weak ones are not very weak. The unlisted stocks had a little the best of it in point of numbers but values were of course, with the listed ones and the sales in them were not far short of 60,000 shares. Union and Isabella were the most active traders of the morning and they represented about the strongest and the weakest stocks on the list. Union had over 20,000 shares to its credit. It started to sell at 21. At this figure 2000 shares changed hands and then the price was taken up to 21¾. It kept on steadily increasing and there was some heavy trading at 21¾, the closing business in it being transacted at 22. This price was actively bid for it at the close but it took a point better than that to obtain the stock and this the buyers were not willing to pay. The Isabella sales amounted to over 12,000 shares, 500 of it being in the stamped stock and the remainder in the regular kind. It started in with a sale of 1000 at 20½ but this was the highest point as from that time on it declined steadily and before the close was selling down at 19. The heaviest trading was at 19¾, 8000 shares going at that figure. The stamped stock brought 17½. Portland was very strong and sold at higher figures than ever before. The opening sale was of 700 shares at $1.02 but after that everything brought $1.03, that price being paid for over 2000 shares. There was not enough stock on the market to supply the demand at that figure as it was still bid at the close and for as much as 5000 shares. The silvers, though weak, had a little better appearance. Argentum was selling down as low as 90 in 1000 share blocks. Mt. Rosa was very strong, all of it going at 6 and closed in good demand at that figure. Work and Pharmacist were both lively. The total sales in the listed stocks amounted to 57,250 shares.

	Bid.	Ask.	Sales.
Alamo	2⅞	....	......
Anaconda	39	41½	......
Argentum-Juniata	83	90	2900
Bob Lee	045	055	......
Consolidated	6	6¼	......
C. O. D.	3	4	......
Creede & Cripple Creek	2	3¼	......
Franklin	065	069	......
Fanny Rawlings	5¼	....	......
Gold and Globe	9½	10½	......
Isabella	18¾	19	14600
Isabella (stamped)	17	18	500
Mt. Rosa	6	6¼	2000
Mollie Gibson	85	88	......
Pharmacist	4½	4⅞	7000
Portland	1.03	1.04	2700
Specimen	7½	8	......
Summit	6¾	7¼	......
Union	22	22¼	20600
Work	3¼	3⅜	2000

Separate Sales.

The separate sales for the call were: A. J., 100 at 92, 100 at 91, 100 at 90½ and 2600 at 90; Isabella, 1000 at 20½, 2000 at 20, 1000 at 19¾, 8000 at 19½, and 2600 at 19; Stamped Isabella 500 at 17½; Mt. Rosa, 1000 at 6¼, 1000 at 6½ and 3000 at 6; Pharmacist, 7000 at 4½; Portland, 300 at $1.02 and 2400 at $1.03; Union, 2000 at 21, 6500 at 21½, 500 at 21¾, 9000 at 21¾ and 1000 at 22; Work, 2000 at 3¼.

Unlisted Stocks.

Jack Pot, 1000 at 2¾, 15000 at 2⅞ and 12,000 at 3.
Golden Eagle, 1000 at 1¼.
Black Diamond, 1000 at 2½.
Union Leasing, 1000 at 58.
Golden Dale, 8000 at $2 per 1000
Shasta, 2000 at $2 and 20,000 at $1 per 1000.
Ben Hur, 500 at 3¾.
This makes the total for the call 81,000.

The Week's Transactions.

The past week has been a very busy one on 'Change, over 400,000 shares having been bought and sold. The trading was very evenly divided between the listed and unlisted stocks but the totals are slightly in favor of the former as has always been the case. Portland, though the highest priced stock on the list was the heaviest seller, the total in this being but 250 short of 60,000 shares. Union had over 35,000 sales and, like Portland, was a very strong stock. Specimen was another active strong stock with over 17,000 sales. Next in quantity was Isabella with 23,250; Work and Mt. Rosa each had an even 10,000 sales and Creede and Cripple Creek, Pharmacist, and Gold and Globe 7000 each. Argentum-Juniata and Consolidated had over 5000 sales. The total sales in the listed stocks for the week was 217,953 shares and in the unlisted 2??,561 shares, making a grand total of 4??,514 shares.

	High.	Low.	Sales.
Alamo	2⅞	2⅜	4500
Anaconda	40	39	955
Argentum-Juniata	91½	90	6850
Bob Lee	....	....	......
Consolidated	6	5⅞	5000
C. O. D.	....	....	......
Creede & Cripple Creek	2¾	2	7000
Franklin	....	....	......
Fanny Rawlings	5¼	5⅛	4000
Gold and Globe	10	9¾	7000
Isabella	20½	19⅛	[illegible]
Mt. Rosa	6	4½	10000
Mollie Gibson	90	85	900
Pharmacist	4½	4⅜	7000
Portland	1.03	99	59800
Specimen	8	5⅞	[illegible]
Summit	7⅞	7¼	1000
Union	22	19½	[illegible]
Work	3⅝	3⅛	10000

Following are total sales in each stock on the free list that was traded in during the week:

Union Leasing	17,350
Ben Hur	34,000
Virginia M.	3,000
Calumet	1,000
Ophir	500
Temomj	5,000
Columbine	5,500
Star of the West	1,000
Goldstone	2,000
Jack Pot	31,500
World	4,657
Silver State	6,000
Granite Hill	2,000
Favorite	5,224
Sacremento	40,000
Good Hope	1,000
Golden Eagle	12,000
Black Diamond	2,000
Golden Dale	6,900
Shasta	[illegible]

The recorded sales of stock made in this city last week totals over one and a half millions. Of this number over one million are credited to the Board of Trade.

DOUBLEDAY, ROPE & CO.
Bankers & Brokers
MEMBERS OF THE EXCHANGE.
Opposite Opera House.
Telephone 209.

The Colorado Springs Board of Trade and Mining Exchange.

First Call.

Colorado Springs, July 27.—The last call of the week at the Board of Trade was like nearly every one that had preceded it. The sales were close to 200,000 shares and a large variety of stocks were traded in, twenty-five being credited with sales. The surprise of the morning was furnished by Jack Pot, which furnished 25,000 shares out of the big total. The stock started to sell at 2¾ but went up and up in price until the last sale showed a gain of a clear cent. Everyone was glad to see the stock go up as the general opinion has been that it has been too low for a long time past. The heaviest seller of the call was Golden Age with 37,000 shares. The price ranged about the same as upon the previous day the bulk of it bringing $6.50 per 1000. Union was about the strongest stock on the list. It started in with sales at 19¾ and made good big jumps until 21 was reached, at which figure 11,000 shares changed hands. After that there was a further advance, the closing sales being made at 21¼ and 21½. Two other stocks had over 15,000 sales. One of these was Pharmacist with 17,000 shares at 4½ and the other, Goldstone with 19,000, all of which brought $6.50 per 1000. Granite Hill was comparatively inactive after the big rush of the previous day, the price however, kept up to $14 per 1000. Keystone was busy at 1¾ and had over 8000 sales and Union Leasing had a single thousand at 60, showing an improvement in price. The total sales for the call amounted to 191,550 shares, this brings the total for the week to over one million, the exact total being 1,191,066 shares.

	Bid.	Ask.	Sales
Anaconda	46	55	......
Argentum J.	90	92	......
Anchoria-Leland	39½	....	350
Bob Lee	050	052	5000
Ben Hur	2¾	4	......
Buckhorn	2⅞	3	1000
Cripple Creek Con.	6	6¼	5000
Creede and C. C.	2¼	2¾	5300
Columbine	1¼	1½	......
Enterprise	5¼	5½	......
Copper Mtn.	....	035	3400
Golden Eagle	1	1½	......
Gold and Globe	9¾	10	1650
Gould	3¼	3½	......
Goldstone	065	067	19000
Golden Age	065	070	37000
Granite Hill	1¼	1⅜	7000
Jack Pot	3	3¼	28000
Keystone	1¾	....	8300
Mollie Gibson	....	90	......
Mt. Rosa	5⅞	6	5500
Nugget	9¾	10	......
Ophir	6⅞	6½	2500
Pharmacist	4⅜	4⅞	17000
Portland	1.02	1.05	......
Temomj	4½	4¾	......
Summit	7	7½	......
Matoa	067	075	......
Union	21¾	....	18000
Union Leasing	57	60	1000
Virginia M.	1¼	1½	5000
World	1⅜	1¾	......
Work	3¼	....	......

The following sales were also made: Colorado City and Manitou, 3000 at 1; Black Diamond, 1000 at 35; Golden Dale, 550 at $3 per 1000; Blue Bell, 4000 at 2¼; Yellow Jacket, 4000 at 1; Blackstone, 2000 at 2¼; Red Bird, 5000 at 1.

The Denver Pit.

Special to The Gazette:

Denver, July 27.—The market was quite strong here to-day but the usual Saturday's dullness was in evidence. Mt. Rosa and Work were the strong features of the market but neither of these were very heavily traded in. Union and Consolidated were both in steady demand and the latter furnished the heaviest trading of the morning. Sales in both might have been easily doubled but there appears to be very little of these stocks on this market. Union Leasing gained in price and appears to be quickly approaching the 60 cent mark once again. Portland declined a point or two in price and was not a heavy seller. Bangkok is weak and the brokers are wary about trading in it as they are fairly puzzled over its position. Argentum had quite a few sales at 96 but made a big drop in price towards the close of the call. The total sales for the week amounted to 200,800 shares.

	Bid.	Ask.	Sales.
Alamo	2	2	......
Amity	7¼	10	......
Anaconda	39	39¼	......
Aola	6¼	7½	......
Argentum J.	91½	95	1500
Addie C.	040	045	5000
Bangkok	13½	14	1600
Big Six	8	8½	......
Boston L.	21¼	22	......
Consolidated	6½	7	6000
Creede & C. C.	1⅞	2¼	......
Forepaugh	35	50	......
Gold Standard	2⅜	2½	......
Gold & Globe	9¾	11	......
Garfield Grouse	1¼	1⅜	......
Isabella	19	20	......
Justice	4¼	4⅞	......
Mollie Gibson	86	89	......
Mt. Rosa	5¾	6	2000
Pharmacist	4⅜	4⅞	......
Portland	1.02	1.04½	400
Smuggler	1.10	1.40	......
Union	21¼	21⅜	1500
Union Leasing	58	58½	2700
Work	3	3½	1500

Buy Union Leasing, Golden Eagle of Leadville and Columbine Tunnel of Cripple Creek. The Woods Investment Co., 20 North Tejon street.

The Denver Mint.

Special to The Gazette:

Denver, July 27. Over 100 ounces of gold were sent to the local mint to-day "Colorado Unknown" again being responsible for a good-sized lot. The various deposits were credited as follows: Park, one deposit, 1?5 ounces; Lake, one deposit, 24 ounces; El Paso, two, 80 ounces; Boulder, one, 67 ounces; Routt, one, 5 ounces; San Juan, one, 121 ounces; San Miguel, one, 22 ounces; "Colorado Unknown," 431 ounces; Utah, one, 25 ounces. The valuation of the deposits was $?,?00.

JNO. W. PROUDFIT & Co.
Bankers and Brokers
25 North Tejon St. Long Distance Telephone 88.
Financial Papers on file in our office.

Weekly Letter Extracts.

The following is from the market report of Mr. Sherwood Aldrich: "A remarkable week in the stock market has just closed. It has been a week of advances, and of heavy trading in most of the list. The activity is doubtless the result of the remarkable consolidation and developments in the Portland, on Battle mountain, together with a fuller realization of the values of the producing Cripple Creek mines. By the purchase of conflicting claims, and other properties believed to be valuable, the Portland has now the greatest aggregation of territory in Cripple Creek. A feature of uncertainty heretofore, has been the management of the various Cripple Creek companies. Most of the heavy owners of these properties were men of but little experience before their records at Cripple Creek. The management of the Portland is showing a far-seeing sagacity that would do credit to men of life-long education in such matters. The stock seems steady at about $1. I am inclined to think that it is good for a considerably higher advance, and that it will probably prove the great leader of the Cripple Creek stocks.

"The tremendous advance in Union is due, first of all, to a greatly improved management. We can only appreciate the present board by its contrast with the old board. A good part of it, too, is due to the opening up of new mineral bodies in the company's territory. A large force of men is soon to be placed on the Wolfe lease, which was so heavy a producer up to June 1, when it was closed down. The stock seems high, but the indications point to an even higher price."

In his weekly market letter, Mr. Frank H. Pettingell says: "An exceedingly interesting and profitable week has passed. We are undoubtedly enjoying a bull market unprecedented in the history of mining stock speculation in this county, both in relation to the volume of shares handled and the amount of capital represented, and peculiarly at a season of the year when stagnancy invariably prevails.

"The Portland company is receiving credit for being directly responsible for this pleasing state of the market.

"In the several extensive transactions recently consummated those interested in the company during its earliest days, including the locators and the present directory, have unquestionably demonstrated their superior judgment, and are to be congratulated upon the success of their undertakings, having in the past, and are at present, carrying out a wise policy, that reflects great credit to their executive ability, as well as to their personal integrity.

"The masterly manner in which the intricate affairs of this company have been conducted from the beginning, should have a decided tendency to inspire confidence and set a glowing example to mining companies where expensive litigation is unavoidable.

The following items are from the weekly market letter of the Woods Investment company: "We have had a week of heavy trading and good prices on both exchanges, with every indication at the close of a further upward movement. The trading has been, to a great extent, in the higher-priced stocks the amount of money represented, particularly by transactions on the old exchange, being steadily on the increase. On the other hand a heavy gain is noticeable in several of the very cheap stocks which have attracted attention recently from the extremely low prices at which they were selling and the favorable location of their properties. While there is a considerable element of speculation in the purchase of such stocks, the chances for enormous profits upon small investments are often greater than in the higher priced ones. A fair location within certain limits in the Cripple Creek district carries with it a prospective value which is increasing as new strikes are made in various localities. There are several of these stocks which we consider safe purchases.

"Portland continues to be the heavy trader, large offerings being quickly absorbed by insiders, the closing quotation showing a gain of several points over last week. In addition to the purchase of the Black Diamond, particulars of which we gave our correspondents in our last market letter in advance of its general publication, the Portland company has purchased 16 other Battle mountain claims giving it immense additional acreage and making it the largest consolidation in the Cripple Creek district. These purchases absorbed the treasury stock and leave an indebtedness of $115,000. There are sufficient funds still in the treasury to more than pay this, but the directors consider it advisable to have on hand a surplus to meet all immediate demands and provide for dividends. The indebtedness can be liquidated in short order and the stock is a purchase for investment."

Current News.

The Copper Mountain Mining company will resume work Monday on the Annie C. on Spring creek. Ore has been taken from this property which runs 35 per cent. in lead, thirty ounces in silver and about $8 in gold. The property is to be worked in a systematic manner in the future and will no doubt prove a good producer.

The Pharmacist sent thirty tons of ore to the Victor sampler yesterday and will send twenty tons to the Cripple Creek sampler to-day. Manager Jones

Sherwood Aldrich
Stock Broker.
28 1-2 N. TEJON ST.

P. O. Box 526. Telephone No. 86
H. S. HAWKES,
Stock Broker.
Member of Colorado Springs Board of Trade and Mining Exchange.
No. 25 [illegible]

J. K. MILLER & CO.,
Mines and Stocks.
Telephone 229. 121 E. Kiowa St.
Members Exchange.
Our Specialty: All First Class Stocks.

states that the rainy weather of the past several weeks has served to completely flood the lower levels, but as it is only surface water he hopes to have control of it in a short time.

Assaying, 50c. Room 24 Bank Block

CLARENCE EDSALL & CO.
Hagerman Block.
MOLLIE GIBSON ARGENTUM J.
PORTLAND ISABELLA
ANACONDA SPECIMEN.

WM. R. BENZIE & CO.,
Grain and . . .
Stock Brokers.
4 South Tejon St. Ground Floor.
NEW YORK STOCK AND CHICAGO GRAIN MARKETS
Received continuously by private wire. Orders executed instantly. Margins $1 per share and 1c per bushel. Daily market letter [illegible].
Telephone 258.

ARTHUR A. CARNDUFF
Stock Broker.
Rooms 13 and 14 Hagerman Blk.
Telephone 30.

E. C. SHELDEN,
Mining Stocks and Investments.

C[illegible] 26 Midland Blk. Colorado Springs.

BASSETT & CO.,
Loans and Stocks
Money to Loan on Mining Stocks,
Stocks bought and sold on commission,
Money advanced on stocks left for sale,
Members of Board of Trade.
Room 31 Midland Block, opposite Board of Trade.

WRITE FOR A PROSPECTUS OF THE
Provident Gold Mining Co.
OWNING CLAIMS NEAR THE
Portland and Independence Mines.
RUSSELL PRENTICE,
(Member Colo Springs Stock Exchange)
P. O. Box 420. 15 N. Tejon St.
Colorado Springs, Colo

MILNER & BROWN,
ASSAYERS,
20 N. Tejon [illegible] Colorado Springs
[illegible]
Gold [illegible]
[illegible]
P. O. Box 94 Telephone [illegible]

It Will Pay You . .
TO BUY OF
W. O. JOHNSTON,
AGENT FOR
The Dinford Coal Co.
[illegible] a full line of High grade Coals [illegible] to give the very [illegible]
12½ S. Tejon St. Phone 40.

T. P. Rigney R. M. Cannon
RIGNEY & CANNON,
Civil and Mining Engineers.
U. S. Deputy Mining Surveyors.
[illegible]
[illegible] Mining, Colo Springs.
Opposite P. O., Cripple Creek.

P. O. Box 51. No. 9 N Tejon
EDWARD F. WELLES,
Mining Investments.
Member of Colorado Springs Board of Trade and Mining Exchange.
Prompt and Careful Attention to Foreign Correspondents.
ALL CRIPPLE CREEK, ASPEN & LEADVILLE STOCKS.
Argentum J., Mollie Gibson, Union Leasing, Portland, Anaconda, Anchoria Leland, Union, Isabella, C. C. Consolidated, Ophir, Pharmacist, Etc.

FRANK H. PETTINGELL
Mining Stock Broker.
CALL, WRITE, TELEPHONE or TELEGRAPH
P. O. Drawer 27, Telephone 228, 11 Bank Block
Cripple Creek Office, Palace Hotel.

G. O. E. FINDLEY. J. H. FITZPATRICK
FINDLEY & FITZPATRICK,
STOCK BROKERS.
P. O. Box 125. Telephone 244. Nos. 19 & 20 BANK BLOCK.
Information regarding Cripple Creek gold properties and mining stocks. Also ASPEN AND LEADVILLE silver stocks furnished on application. All orders for stocks executed promptly and carefully on the Colorado Springs Mining Exchange.

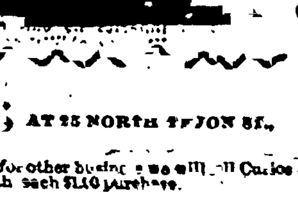
J. A. SILL D. P. SILL H. H. DORSEY
Sill Bros. & Dorsey,
[illegible]
Colorado Springs Board of Trade and Mining Exchange.
All Orders Promptly [illegible]
Specialties: Union, Creede and Cripple Creek, Golden Age.

WEYAND BROS.,
DEALERS IN
Real Estate, Cripple Creek Mines, Mining Stocks.
Exchange Bank Blk, Colorado Springs. Next Door to P. O., Cripple Creek.

SURE WINNERS: Union, Anaconda, Consolidated, Creede & Cripple Creek, Mt. Rosa.

DELANY & DELANY,
BRANCH OFFICE
318 Mining Exchange, Denver, Colo.
Telephone [illegible]
Bank Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Telephone 203.
Members of Colorado Springs Board of Trade and Mining Exchange
Colorado Mining Exchange, Denver, Colo.
Orders Executed on both Denver and Colorado Springs Exchanges.

CHAS. L. TUTT, President. SPENCER PENROSE, Secretary and Treasurer. BELA KADISH, Manager.
The Cripple Creek Sampling and Ore Com'py.
Works Located on the F. & C. C. R. R.
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR ORE.
[illegible]
Telephone No. 14. P. O. Box 1108

EL PASO
AUTOMATIC
HORSE WHIM,
Manufactured by
Hassell-Talcott Foundry and Iron Co.
Boilers, Engines, Hoisters, Steam Pumps
Ore Cars and Buckets, Mine Rail, Fitting
SHAFTING, HANGERS, ETC.
Machine, Boiler, Builder's Iron.
GENERAL REPAIR WORK.
18-24 W. Huerfano Street


GO TO THE DICKENS AT 25 NORTH TEJON ST.,
and buy your Rocky Mountain Souvenirs. To make room for other business we will sell Curios at cost, and give one Gem stone free with each $1.00 purchase.
Dickens' Pike's Peak Curiosity Shop.
S. E. DICKENS, Manager.

[illegible]
ALFRED FREEMAN,
Artist in Portrait and Landscape
Photography.
Ground Floor Studio,
[illegible]

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

THE MARKETS.

New York, July 27.—Money on call is easy at 1 per cent Prime mercantile paper 4@4½. Sterling exchange is firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.89¼@4.89½ for sixty days, and $4.90@4.90¼ for demand. Posted rates $4.89½@4.90½. Commercial bills $4.88¾@4.89. Bar silver 66½. Mexican dollars 53¼. Government bonds firm; State bonds higher; railroad bonds strong. Silver at the board sold at 66½ for 10,000 ounces.

Good buying of the Grangers was the only feature to the transactions at the stock exchange to-day; under the price referred to the railroads had the highest figures for a long time. Sugar was feverish at $1.12⅝@1.13¼, but the dealings were less than 10,000 shares and unusually small total for this specialty. Leather, Lead, Cotton Oil, Distilling and Cattle Feeding were quiet throughout Speculation closed strong Net changes show gains of ½ to 1 per cent., the Grangers leading. Lake Shore receded 1¼ to $1.62. Total sales 84,810 shares, of which 12,000 were Burlington and Quincy, 11,300 St. Paul, 9500 Sugar and 8300 Rock Island.

Bonds were strong, sales $1,151,000.

CLOSING PRICES.

Atchison	14⅞	Nash & Chat	68
Adams Express	148	Nat. Linseed Oil	27
Alton, Terre Haute	62	N. J. Central	103¾
American Express	113½	Northern Pacific	6⅝
American Tobacco	118¾	preferred	19½
preferred	112	Northwestern	101⅛
Baltimore & Ohio	84¼	preferred	146
Buf. Roch & Pitts	21	N. Y. Central	101¾
Canadian Pacific	51	N. Y., C. & St. L.	17
Canada Southern	54¼	1st preferred	68
Central Pacific	18¾	2nd preferred	32½
Ches. & Ohio	23	N. Y. & N. Haven	204
Chicago & Alton	156	N. Y. & N. Eng.	53½
preferred	170	N. Y. Susq. & W.	11⅛
C. B. & Q.	91¾	Ontario	8
Chicago & E. Ill.	55	Ont. & Western	17½
preferred	100¾	Ore. Improvement	11⅛
Chicago Gas	54⅞	preferred	25
C. C. C. & St. L.	48¾	Ore. S. Line & U. N.	7½
preferred	93	Pacific Mail	29⅜
Col. Fuel & Iron	37⅞	Pittsburg	30
preferred	93	Pullman Palace	176
Cotton Oil Certi	26	Quicksilver	3
Commercial Cable	150	preferred	19
Del. & Hudson	130	Reading	17⅞
Del. Lack.	161	Rio Grand West'n	17⅛
D. & R. G.	14⅞	preferred	43
preferred	48¾	Rock Island	78⅛
Dist. & Cat. Feed	21⅛	Rome, Wat. & Ogd.	116
Gen Electric	35⅛	St. L. Southwest'n	7⅞
Erie	10⅞	preferred	17
preferred	22⅛	St. Paul	70¾
Fort Wayne	162½	preferred	124¾
Great North'n pref	127	St. P. & Duluth	28
Hous. & Tex. Cen.	2⅛	preferred	59
Illinois Central	89¼	St. P. & Omaha	41
Iowa Central	10¾	preferred	121
preferred	36	St. P. M. & M.	116⅛
Kansas & Texas	18	Silver Certificates	66¾
preferred	37⅞	Southern Pacific	23¾
Lake Erie & West	27⅛	Sugar	113⅜
preferred	83⅛	preferred	101⅛
Lake Shore	151	Texas Pacific	12½
National Lead	35	Union Pacific	13¼
preferred	91¼	U. P. D. & Gulf	5¾
Long Island	55	United States Ex	41
Louis. & Nash.	60¼	U. S. Rubber	41½
Louis. N. Albany	8¾	preferred	93½
Manhattan Con	112¾	Wab. St. L. & P.	9⅛
Mexican Cen	12⅛	preferred	21⅛
Michigan Cen	100	Wells Fargo Ex	109
Missouri Pacific	34⅝	Western Union	91⅞
Mobile & Ohio	23¾		

BONDS

4s Registered	112	N. P. 3s	74
4s Coupon	112½	Northw't'n Consols	142½
5s Registered	97	Debenture 5s	109¾
Pacific 6s of '95	100	Ore. Nav. 1sts	110½
D. C. 3-5	110	St. Louis & Iron M.	
Canada S. 2d	107¼	Gen. 5s	81
Cent. Pac. 1st	102	St. Louis & San F.	
D. & R. G. 1s	118	Gen. 6s	108
D. & R. G. 4s	87	St. Paul Consols	128½
Erie 2ds	67¼	St. P. Chi. & Pac. 1s	111
Gen. Pac Consols	73	S. Pac. Cal. 1s	112
E. T. 1sts, D. Div	109¼	Ter. Pac. 1s	92½
M. K. & T. 2ds	62	Tex. Pac. 2s	29½
M. K. & T. 4s	87¼	U. P. 1s of '96	106⅝
Mutual Union 6s	115	West. Shore 4s	105¾
N. J. C. Gen. 5s	116¾	Mobile & Ohio 4s	62¾
N. P. 1s	110¼	S. G. W. 1s	77¼
N. P. 2s	103½	Atchison 4s	80¾

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, July 27.—A better feeling prevailed in wheat this morning, part of the credit for which is due to Liverpool remaining firm, notwithstanding American declines yesterday. Argentine shipments this week were reported to be but 100,000 bushels. It was a case, therefore, of ignoring home news for foreign. The English crop was reported to be deficient and, for that reason, it was believed that this country would be obliged to make good the shortage. Advices from Argentine were to the effect that the crop prospects in that country were poor. California had a new estimate for the yield—70,000 tons. Before the close values lost about a cent of their entire appreciation, but the net gain for the day was 2@2¼ cents from yesterday's final quotations.

Corn again refused to advance with wheat, it, still being under the rule of crop prospects, eased off even while the more important market was going higher. Cables were weak and lower.

CLOSING PRICES.

Wheat July 70⅞; Sept. 71⅝; Dec. 73⅞.
Corn—July 43¼; Sept. 43¼; Dec. 35⅝; May 36.
Oats July 23¾; Sept. 22¾; May 26.
Pork July $10.55; Sept. $10.65; Jan. $10.67½.
Lard—July $6.25; Sept. $6.32½; Jan. $6.37½.
Ribs July $6.05; Sept. $6.15; Oct. $6.12½.

Chicago Live Stock.

U. S. Yards, Chicago, July 27.—Cattle—Receipts 800. Common to extra steers $3@5.90; stockers and feeders $2 25@4.10; cows and bulls $1.75@3.80; calves $2 50@5.50; Texans $2 25@4.65.

Hogs Receipts 5000. Heavy packing and shipping lots $4.90@5.15; common to choice mixed $4.70@5 15; choice assorted $5 10@5.25; light $4.85@5.35; pigs $3 40@4.85.

Sheep Receipts 2000. Inferior to choice $2@4; lambs $3@5.50.

HALF RATE.

Denver and return $2 90, account of meeting wheelmen. Tickets on sale Aug. 1: good for return to Aug. 5, over the Santa Fe.

Commencing Monday, June 24, the Manitou and Pike's Peak railway will run two trains daily to the summit of Pike's Peak. The morning train will leave Manitou at 9:15 a. m., returning at 1:15 p. m. The afternoon train will leave Manitou at 2 p m., returning at 5:45 p. m.

H. S. CABLE,
President and Manager.

DON'T MISS PIKE'S PEAK.

Passengers desiring to visit Pike's Peak may take the 9:15 a m cog wheel train by leaving Colorado Springs on the 8:30 a. m. electric car or 8:35 a. m. Midland train. Those wishing to go on the 2 p. m. Pike's Peak train may use the 1:15 p. m electric car, the 11:20 a. m. D. & R. G. or the 11:15 a. m. Midland trains.

G. O. Taylor Waishes, not excelled in Purity.

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powders as pure or as great in leavening power as the Royal

MUNYON'S CHALLENGE.

He Makes a Bold Proposition and Newspapers Will Investigate.

5,000 VIALS OF MUNYON'S RHEUMATIC CURE.

Will be Distributed Free From the Colorado Springs Gazette Office, Beginning Monday Morning at 9 O'clock—The Following Letter Explains Itself.

To the Editor of The Colorado Springs Gazette:

Having discovered a positive and speedy cure for rheumatism, I address you in the hope that you will give publicity to my claim. I am well aware that in making the bold assertion that I have discovered a positive cure for rheumatism there will arise a strong doubt in the minds of the public as to the truth of this statement, and that a large majority of the people will class this new discovery with the Koch lymph failure and Brown-Sequard elixir-of-life delusion.

It is to overcome this prejudice that I invoke the aid of the press. I court the fullest investigation under your direct and personal supervision I would suggest that the fairest and surest way to test the efficiency of this remedy would be for me to send 5000 trial bottles to The Gazette office, there to be given out absolutely free to all persons afflicted with rheumatism, that the name and address of each person who accepts the remedy be entered in a book, and at the end of one week a reporter be detailed to interview the parties who have taken the medicine, and that the result of each case be published with special permission in the Colorado Springs newspapers. By this means there can be no deception or fraud, and the value of this remedy will stand or fall upon the testimony of those who have tried it.

Improbable as this statement may seem to you or those who have doctored for years with the most skillful physicians without benefit, yet I affirm and am prepared to prove by over 200,000 people whom we have cured that this remedy will cure acute or muscular rheumatism in from one to five days. It never fails to relieve sharp shooting pains in the arms, legs, sides, back or breast or soreness in any part of the body. It is guaranteed to promptly cure lameness, sciatica, lumbago, stiff and swollen joints, stiff back and all pains in the hips and loins. It seldom fails to give relief after one or two doses and almost invariably before one bottle has been used.

We do not claim this remedy will cure rheumatism where the limbs are twisted out of shape, or where the disease is complicated by a scrofulous diathesis.

One of the strongest recommendations for this remedy is that it is absolutely harmless, and that a person can take the whole contents without the slightest ill effects. Unlike the medicines used in ordinary practice for the cure of rheumatism, such as iodide of potash and salycilic acid, which irritates the stomach and is invaluable in building up weak and debilitated people.

Believing that there is no cause so holy and inspiring, no vocation so lofty and ennobling, nothing so sure of man's gratitude and God's blessing as an honest effort to revive suffering humanity, I beg to remain yours truly,

JAMES M. MUNYON.

The Colorado Springs Gazette, July 20, 1895:

Professor James M. Munyon, president Munyon's H. H. R. Company.—Dear Sir: The Gazette accepts your proposition and you may send to this office 5,000 vials of your remedy as suggested in your favor of July 15. If you have discovered an absolute cure for rheumatism The Gazette can render no greater service to the public than by publishing from time to time the results of this investigation.

THE GAZETTE.

The distribution of the free trial bottles above referred to will begin at 9 o'clock a. m. Monday, July 20, at The Gazette office.

Let all interested be on hand.

Sunshine,
Canon,
Rouse,
Franceville,
Anthracite.

WM. LENNOX,
106 E. Pike's Peak Ave,
Telephone 89 and 157.

TAKE NOTICE.

THE GLOBE MARKET
No. 3 E. Huerfano St.
Handles only the best of Fresh and Salt Meats and Poultry.
Orders Promptly Delivered.
Tel. 149. Weathers & Carroll, Proprs.

UTE PASS EXCURSIONS.

The Colorado Midland continues to make special one and ten day rates to these popular resorts. Four trains each wa daily.

ROCK ISLAND DENVER FLYER.

Is the cleanest, neatest, fastest train to Denver. It leaves Colorado Springs every day at exactly 4:45 p. m. and reaches Denver at 7 p. m. No delays. Always on time.

If you have business or shopping to do in Denver, try the new train, on the Gulf road. The time going and returning is just right. Office 14 Pike's Peak ave.

OUR NEW LIST

Examine Carefully.

I consider there is only one proper way to advertise that pays, viz: to do it truthfully and candidly; not to misrepresent either through the newspapers or in your store, or allow your employees to do so. How far I have succeeded in adopting this method my crowded store testifies.

Bonanza Flour	$2 00
18 lbs Granulated Sugar	1 00
100 lbs Farmer's Pride Flour	2 10
Guaranteed to be equal to any in the market.	
23 bars White Russian Soap	1 00
Medium Hams, extra choice, per lb	12
Narrow H. Bacon, per piece	11
Wide B. Bacon, per piece	11
Dry Salt Meat per lb	09
Arbuckle Coffee and XXXX Coffee per lb	3
Craigue's Combination Mocha and Java, extra fine per lb	35
Choice Evaporated Pears	10
Crushed Java Coffee	18
Craigue's Blend Coffee, Mocha and Java	30
Bloater Mackerel, per lb	20
Herring, Salt, 2 for	5
10 lb can Pure Leaf Lard	95
5 " " " "	50
3 " " " "	32
10 " Rex Lard pure	90
5 " " " "	47
10 lb can Cottolene	97
5 lb can Cottolene	50
3 lb can Cottolene	33
3 cans Cleopatra Corn, extra fine, for	25
3 packages Scotch Oats	25
Evap. Blackberries	11
Evap. Raspberries per lb	28
5 lbs Best loose Raisins	25
2 cans Monarch Jam	25
Harding Creamery Butter, per lb	23
Harding Creamery Butter, in 10 lb. tubs	21
Rolled Oats per lb	03
Cerolene, per p'kge	16
5 lbs. Navy Beans	25
Small Pickles, per gal	40
6 lbs. Akron Hominy	25
4 bunches best Toilet Paper	25
Davis' 2 oz. ext. Lemon	10
3 cans Code, Elfelt & Co. Tomatoes, for	25
Code, Elfelt & Co. Jellies and Jams	20
California Alvarado Peaches	13½
California Alvarado White Cherries, per can	15
California Alvarado Apricots, per can	12½
California Alvarado Green Gages, Grapes	12½
2 oz. Price's ext. Lemon	17
California Alvarado Pears	12½
California Alvarado Black Cherries	15
California Alvarado Blackberries	15
Code's White Cherries	20
Code's Pears and Peaches	18
3½ lbs Soda Crackers	25
2-lb cans Anderson's Apple Butter	18
3½ lbs Oyster Crackers	25
Kuner's String Bean per can	08½
Empson New Daisy Peas per can	12½
Oysters, 1-lb can	10
2 lbs Oysters, 10 oz. per can	15
All kinds Anderson's Jams per can	12½
Good Japan Tea, per lb	25
Extra choice Japan Tea	50
1 quarter Domestic Sardines per can	05
Mustard Sardines per can	10
2-lb can Corned Beef	23
Best Maple Syrup, gallon cans	1 20
Best Maple Syrup, ½ gallon cans	65
Best Maple Syrup, quart cans	30
Baker's Chocolate, per lb	37½
Baker's Cocoa, per pkge	25
B. & B. Corn, extra fine, per can	10
2 lbs Choice Prunes	25
Fancy new Evap. Apricots	10
Fancy new Evap. Peaches	10
Fancy new Evap. Plums	10
Ex. choice imported Sardines, per box	14
Code's gal. Pie Grapes, Egg Plums and Green Gages, per can	30
Code's gal. Pie Apricots per can	35
Code's gal. Pie Pears per can	33
Code's gal. Pie Blackberries per can	40
Code's gal. Pie Cherries per can	40
Code's gal. Pie Currants per can	30
Code's gal. Pie Gooseberries per can	35

HARD TIMES

Never frighten anybody to economize. I therefore propose to meet your views in that direction by selling good goods at the lowest possible prices. Examine our advertisement and you can't resist the temptation to patronize us.

A. D. CRAIGUE.

DENVER DIRECTORY OF RELIABLE ADVERTISERS

We recommend the following advertisers as being perfectly reliable. Mail orders receive careful attention. Get their prices before buying elsewhere, and when in Denver call on them.

ADVERTISING
Placed in any Newspaper or Street Car in the U. S. or Canada Lowest Rates.
THE JAS. A. TEDFORD Advertising Co 711 to 714 Tabor & Cramer Bldg

ASTHMA, CATARRH,
Bronchitis, Hay Fever and all Throat and Long troubles cured by mail.
DR. D. DAVIDSON, 201 Peoples Bank Bldg latest London Hospital Treatment Used.

FURNITURE
Of every description, all grades.
New styles and invariably correct prices
JAS. G. KILPATRICK, 1633 California
Catalogue sent on application.

PIANOS SOLD ON EASY PAYMENTS
anywhere in Colorado. Largest and Most Modern Ware-rooms in the West.
The Montelius Piano Co., 517-519 16th St
Write for Prices and Terms (New System.)

PIANOS, ORGANS, BICYCLES,
Best on earth for the money. Hardman, Bush & Gerts, and Gilbert & Co. Pianos. Monthly payments. Electrical and Bicycle supplies.
F. E. PLUMMER & CO., cor. 15th and Curtis

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a certain deed of trust dated February 1, 1894, executed by the Argentum-Juniata Mining company, a corporation to A. A. Denman, trustee, and recorded in book 131, at page 6?. of the official records in the office of the Clerk and Recorder of Pitkin county, Colorado, and in pursuance of the mortgage notes secured thereby, the said company desires to and will exercise the option given to it of redeeming the said notes prior to their maturity by calling in and paying the amount of the principal of said notes on the first day of August A. D. 1895, together with the interest coupons thereon then due, and ten per cent. of the principal of said notes in addition thereto (or will pay same prior thereto if presented for payment).

And notice is further given that in pursuance of the terms of the said deed of trust and notes, all interest will cease upon said notes from and after the said first day of August, 1895, and that the coupons representing such future interest payments shall thereafter be void and of no effect.

Said notes shall be presented for payment and redemption at The Aspen National Bank of Aspen, Colorado or at the option of the holder thereof at the office of the Argentum-Juniata Mining company at Colorado Springs, El Paso county, Colorado, the latter being the place preferred by said company for such payment.

By order of the Board of Directors of the Argentum-Juniata Mining company.

THE ARGENTUM-JUNIATA MINING COMPANY BY
RICHARD J. BOLLES, President.
Attest: GEO. B. LOTT, Secretary.

Marshall Pass and return half rate every day on the Rio Grande.

MONEY MOVES THE UNIVERSE!

And it takes but little of it to move our beautiful and stylish furniture. We make prices that will please you if you are predisposed to money saving. Our stock was never before so large, complete, diversified as it is at present Visit us, purchase and save money.

Colorado Springs Furniture Company,
106 NORTH TEJON STREET.

Newest And Cleanest Stock Of Fine And Medium Grade

Furniture
IN DENVER.

New Firm. New Stock. Prices at least 25 per cent. lower than a year ago. No old goods to unload. No charge for packing.

THE
Morgan-Chittenden
FURNITURE CO.
1613-1619 WELTON ST., DENVER.
Don't Forget the Number.

BROU'S INJECTION.
A PERMANENT CURE
of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required, and without the nauseating results of dosing with Cubebs, Copaiba or Sandal-Wood. J. Ferré & Co., (successors to Brou), Pharmacien, Paris At all druggists.

A CUP OF MARKS' TEA AT NIGHT
MOVES THE BOWELS IN THE MORNING
SOLD BY
SMITH & WELLING.

FLOWERS.
Cut fresh and cut in prices.
Roses 50c and $1.00 per doz Carnations 50c per doz. Sweet Peas 2 doz for 25c, and other flowers in proportion. Will be found at
WILLIAM CLARK'S.

Miss Franziska Kekow,
Portrait Artist,
who studied in the Royal Academy in Berlin Germany, has opened a studio in Room 51 Bank Building. Those interested in art are invited to call and examine her work. Lessons given in Oil, Pastel, Water Color and Crayon Portraits, Landscape and Flowers. All orders will receive prompt attention, and at reasonable rates.

McFARLAND & HILLIS,
Practical Horseshoers.
Particular attention paid to Lameness, Interfering, Forging, and all Diseases of the Foot, without extra charge.
16 W. Huerfano St., - Colorado Springs,

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that certificates No. 1176 for 500 shares; No. 760 for 200 shares, and 878 for 100 shares of the capital stock of the Portland Gold Mining company have been lost from my possession. Application has been made to the secretary of the company for the cancellation and reissue of the said stock, and all persons are warned against buying or holding the said certificates.

MAX WOLLOHN.

Legal holder of said stock, Colorado Springs, July 18, 1895.

It Hurts

The other clothiers but we can't help that. We've got to sell the goods. It's not a question of "profit" with us. It is with them. They have to have a profit to do business. We don't. We just have to sell for something, anything, and

It Pleases

the people. They are coming right along and taking the goods as fast as we can wait on them.

Its the Prices

that do the business. Such prices for Men's wear as you'll not see again soon. The time is short. Come to-day.

Bankrupt Stock.

Charles Merrick,
20 N. Tejon St. Selling Agent.

REED BROTHERS
Dealers in
Real Estate AND Mines.....
Telephone 207. 28 S. Tejon St.

H. T. O'BRIEN,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Harness & Trunk Factory
A Large Assortment of
MEXICAN STAMPED GOODS.
(Any design made to order.)
All Kinds of Repairing Promptly Done. Telephone 75 No. 18 S. Tejon Street.

GOSHEN BROS.,
Manufacturers of
Pressed and Common Brick
Contracts in brick work, plastering and painting solicited.
OFFICE 111 NORTH TEJON ST.

H. L. REED,
Member American Soc. Ir'n Engineers.
CIVIL AND CONSULTING ENGINEER
Office, Stratton Building
DIELOS DURRIE
Am. Inst. Mining Engineers
County Surveyor. Office, [illegible]

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

THE GAZETTE HAS A LARGER CIRCULATION IN COLORADO SPRINGS THAN ALL OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPERS COMBINED.

UNION LABEL

One announcement of any entertainment to which an admission fee is charged will be made in this column free. Any further announcements will be charged for at advertising rates.

DAILY WEATHER RECORD.

The following meteorological report is furnished by the Colorado College Weather Bureau. Observations recorded in local time.

July 26, 6 p. m to July 27, 6 p m.

Temperature at 6 a. m	78
Temperature at 12 m	84
Temperature at 6 p m	80
Maximum temperature	85
Minimum temperature	63
Mean temperature	74
Max. bar pressure in inches	24.15
Min. bar. pressure in inches	24.13
Mean velocity of wind, miles per h	10
Max. velocity of wind, miles per hr	12
Relative humidity at 6 a. m	77
Relative humidity at 12 m	18
Relative humidity at 6 p. m	27
Mean relative humidity	41
Mean dew point	43
Precipitation in inches	0

Weather Indications.

Washington, July 27.—For Sunday—Fair, variable winds.

Royal Gorge Saturday, $3.

Bishop Foss of the Methodist church is a visitor in the city.

Mr. C. E. Durkee left last evening for a trip to Grand Rapids, Mich

Mr. Frank Pastorius left on the Rock Island last evening for a trip to Boston.

Hon. C. C. Hamlin, of Wyoming, is in the city the guest of his friend, V. Z. Reed.

Mr. B. C. Joy, secretary of the Black Diamond company, is in the city from Victor.

Mr W. H. Sanford and family leave for the east on Monday for permanent residence.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Evans are spending the summer on Foster's ranch, in Cheyenne Canon.

Mr. Sherwood Aldrich left last evening for a pleasure trip to the east and will be away for a month.

At the Athletic park to-morrow afternoon the Silver States will play the Athletics a game of ball. Game called at 2:20.

Young Women's meeting at the W. C. T. U. home this afternoon at 4 o'clock. All white ribboners are invited as well as all young women.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to Samuel Singleton, aged 29, and Miss Lucy Tolbert, aged 40, both of Victor; to John J. Sapp, aged 22, and Mary A. Fritz, aged, both of Goldfield.

Rev. A. Schwimley, presiding elder of the Colorado conference of the United Brethren, will preach at the residence of N. M Losy, 506 North El Paso street, on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. All U. B.'s are urged to be present.

The monthly meeting of the Village Improvement society will be held at 5 o'clock Monday afternoon at the Chamber of Commerce. Several interesting reports will be made and all interested in the work of the society are cordially invited to attend the meeting.

Mr Dickey has about concluded arrangements for the lecture course next winter, and will shortly issue the prospectus There will be nine lectures and a concert. Among the stars of the course will be General Gordon, Sam Jones, Col. Sanford, Dr. Willitts and George R. Wendling. The course will be opened by General Gordon.

Men's, Boys' and children's straw hats at cost at the May Clothing Co.'s, 29 S. Tejon street.

New styles fall capes just received at Aiken's Fur store, 105 E. Pike's Peak avenue. You are invited to examine them. Your order for fur garments solicited.

Whitman's candies, a fine fresh stock received to-day. Smith & Welling.

Grand sacred and classical concert at Club Coffee House during meal hours today

50c. Garden of the Gods. 50c.

For the benefit of those whose orders we were unable to fill last week we will make the same rate for one more week 50c to the Garden of Gods and return, and will also make special rates to all points of interest, Cascade, Green Mt. Falls etc.
HART'S TRANSFER & CARRIAGE CO
Office 112 Pike's Peak Avenue.

The Finest Dinner

In the city for the price will be served at the Delmonico restaurant to-day. Dinner from 11:30 a. m. to 2 p. m., only 25 cents, 106 South Tejon street.

Thrift vs. Extravagance.

The results of a little forethought, as compared with thoughtless expenditure, are graphically shown on the fourth page under the heading "Save Something Young Man." Any one desiring to save or invest money should call on the Assurance Savings and Loan Association, 109 East Kiowa street.

The Only First Class Hotel in Denver.

Centrally located, is the famous Windsor, old, tried and still in the lead Rates, $2.00 to $3.50 per day, American plan C. M. Hill, Manager.

On Bryan's excursion there will be a comfortable seat for each passenger, Tuesday, July 30th, to Glenwood Springs

Tiles at Mermillod's, 20 E. Kiowa.

For the accommodation of the Casino patrons, Cheyenne cars will run every 15 minutes between the hours of 2:30 and 3:30 in the afternoons and 7:30 and 8:30 in the evenings.

Lake's Geology at Low's book store.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Owing to the continued moist growing weather there is an exceptional quantity of flowers, both wild and in the garden, which has caused a considerable falling off in the demand for hot house flowers. For this season I have large crops of roses, carnations, sweet peas, etc., spoiling for want of customers. Come and buy and I will guarantee you will be satisfied as to quantity and quality, at
WM CLARK'S.

Tickets for sale for Bryan's excursion at Robinson's drug store, Antlers hotel, Hundley's livery and Chamber of Commerce.

Colored photos at Low's book store.

Come and See

When in Manitou visit the Mansions' billiard parlor and bowling alley. "The only resort for both ladies and gentlemen." Buffet and private lunch rooms in connection. Only the best articles served.
E. W. SCHUBERT, Manager.

"THE VEILED DOCTOR," by Varina Anne Jefferson Davis, at Low's Book Store.

Excursion around the Loop Saturday at 8:10 a. m., over Union Pacific. Round trip $4.

Dr. W. L. Bartlett, dentist, 17 1-2 Pike's Peak avenue.

The Ute hotel is now open under management of W. H. Dildine. It has been repainted and refurnished, and offers to its guests first-class accommodations. Rates $10.50 to $15.00 per week

Casser's band will furnish music on Bryan's excursion to Glenwood Springs, Tuesday, July 30, via Colorado Midland.

For Sale.

A large interest in lease, in one of the best mining properties in Cripple Creek. Can't attend to it and business too, so the lease must go. Takes $1,500 to handle it. A good, genuine thing.
W. E. HOOK VIEW COMPANY,
Tejon Street, City.

Ask and Find.

The McGregor Cafe, 29 East Pike's Peak ave., and take your meals there; the best in the city for 25 cents

Bell Renz's Art Studio.

Go to Bell Renz's Art Studio in Gazette Building for portraits to be painted from life or old pictures. Makes any change from the original desired. Also beautiful paintings superior grade for sale.

G.O.Taylor Whiskies, standard medicinal stimulants.

專如中國發賣

CHARLEY CHAN'S Fine Collection of
JAPANESE CURIOS
Rare Antique Porcelains.
No. 18 East Pike's Peak Ave.

LORGNETTE Chains in silver and gold. Trilby Lockets, Match Safes, Stamp Boxes, Waist Sets, Book Marks, in sterling and native stone, at
ASHBY'S, Opposite Post Office.

130 [illegible] JEWELER
Pikes Peak Ave

ART NEEDLEWORK.

Opened for the Summer.

A large stock of finished Embroideries, commenced work, stamped linens and silks of every description for summer work.

LESSONS

At the Antlers.

Miss M. A. Brooke,
DENVER, COLO.

We make the Scientific Adjustment of

LENSES FOR THE EYES
.....A SPECIALTY.....
Personal Attention by a Specialist of Eyesight. Prescriptions accurately filled same day as received at
25 Pike's Peak, L. G. GOODSELL.

Wild Cherry Phosphate.

A delicious beverage in extract form Builds up the system, stimulates the digestion and enriches the blood. A tablespoonful makes a quart.

W. N. BURGESS.

---

500 Men Wanted

TO BUY

STRAW HATS AT

C. E. Ewing & Co.

30 Pike's Peak Ave.

We will continue for another week to sell our fine stock of

Straw Hats At Half Price.

Ladies' and Children's included Also our entire stock of Fancy Vests.

What..... Broker?

Has no pet stocks to boom
Gives only reliable information
Is not prejudiced against any particular stocks
Is always ready to expose a fraud
Is not afraid to say what he thinks
Wants to do your business in a fair way

ANSWER

W. W. Williamson

24½ N. TEJON.

FLY TIME

Is upon us, the bald-headed man can no more sleep the sleep of the just in the back pew under the influence of the dry sermon—its fly time.

Absconders fly for foreign lands; impecunious foreigners fly for American heiresses; American sports go out for a fly time. One place on earth where there are no flies and that is on Baker's soda water. They use the sweetest sugar, purest cream and most delicious fruits, all fly attractors at the same time. They use the only reliable Tangle Foot-Fly paper. Take a look around their store and soda fountain, see how few flies they have and judge how effective their fly paper is

BAKER & CO.

18 SOUTH TEJON ST.

WE HAVE PLENTY

.....OF.....

MASON JARS

At a Very Reasonable Price.

A. HEMENWAY & SON,

115 South Tejon St.

MONDAY, JULY 29th

We will offer our entire assortment of light cold summer and fancy silks at less than original cost.

We are still offering all wash goods at greatly reduced prices.

We added to our already large assortment of Deruy waists 20 doz. late and desirable styles.

Remember our Carpet, Rug and Curtain Department.

GIDDINGS BROTHERS,

Perfectly Startling!

The bargain of 100 Ready made Summer Dresses in Organdie, Dimity, Dotted Swiss Ducks and Fancy Linens offered to-day by

N. O. JOHNSON & SONS

At 33c. on the Dollar

To close balance of manufacturers' line prices from $2 to $10.50 each. Regular price $6 to $30. No such bargains ever before offered in this city. All new goods.

22 and 24 Pike's Peak Avenue.

Summer Clearance Sale

....OF FINE SILKS....

Everything in Novelty Silks at 98c a yard.
$1.50, $1.00 and $[illegible] Fancy Silks, 39c a yard.
$1.50, $1.75 Silk Crepes, 98c a yard.

As we wish to reduce our stock before receiving new goods, silks offered in this sale are Special Values.

37c. a Yard.

We shall place on sale silk and linen crepons at 37c a yard.
Remnants of plain and fancy silks at 37c a yard.

These goods will be placed on sale Monday, July 29d.

22 S. Tejon St. WILBUR DRY GOODS CO.

Two Choice Corners

100 X 190
80 X 100

South Front.

.....$2,750 EACH.....

CHAS. P. BENNETT,

No. 5 Pike's Peak Ave.

Up To Date

HEMENWAY'S PHOTOS.

Have you seen the new style, THE CARBONETTE?

The small picture of the day. Very popular with the ladies. One design especially adapted to the fall style for artistic effects. Visitors welcome at the studio.

18 SOUTH TEJON STREET.

---

16 101

Is the Popular Cry these Days.

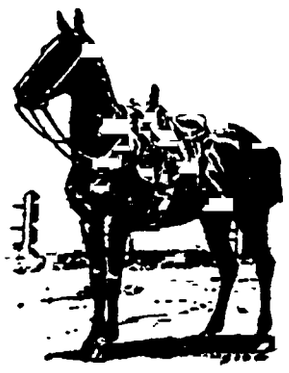
We stand squarely on the platform of 16 ounces to 1 pound of the best Kansas City Corn-Fed Beef, Mutton and Pork, etc.

We buy our Poultry, Fish, Fruits and Vegetables from first hands, and always have the best in the market.

Try us.

STARK & SINEY,

14 South Tejon St. - Telephone 67



Saddle Horse Livery. Perfectly safe and reliable Horses for Ladies and Children.

All Styles of Riding Taught

By Louis Schulenberg, riding master, late of Schanley Riding Academy, Pittsburg.

The BEST BOARDING STABLE IN THE CITY.

CHAS. T. WALKER

9 & 11 N. Cascade. Telephone 100.

FIRE PLACES, GRATES, DOGS, SETS, GOODS OF ALL KINDS.

Fenders, Wood Holders, Screens, Coal Hods, Art Metal Work.

A. MERMILLOD, 20 E. Kiowa.

UNION ICE AND COAL CO.
Banning & Gallagher,
McFerran Lump Coal, $2.75 PER TON.

SPECIALTY OF WOOD FOR SUMMER USE.
TELEPHONE NO. 31.
Up town office 15 N. Tejon Street.

.....FOR.....

Fine China and Japanese Goods

CALL ON CHINA JIM,

21 E. Pike's Peak Ave

Buy the GEN. GRANT CIGAR

When you want a good smoke.

FOR SALE ONLY AT

Shimp's Fruit House

132 S. Tejon St.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

NUMBER 5372. COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., SUNDAY, JULY 28, 1895.---SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE MAY | MID-SUMMER SALE, BEGINNING MONDAY, JULY 29. | THE MAY

WE MUST HAVE ROOM! WE MUST HAVE ROOM! WE MUST HAVE ROOM!

We have made very heavy purchases of Fall Goods soon to arrive, and having taken the stock of Clothing formerly owned by the New York Cash Store, we find we will have no place to put those bought for fall. Our present stock must be sold and to sell it we will offer

The Clothing Bought of the New York Cash Store at Half Price.

And all kinds of Summer Suits for Men, Boys and Children at such GREAT REDUCTIONS from the original prices that you cannot help buying. We intend being known as

BARGAIN GIVERS, MONEY SAVERS AND HANDLERS OF GOOD GOODS ONLY.

All Bicycle Suits we will close at Cost. Sweaters, Pants, Hose and Belts. Now is the time to equip yourself properly for riding, if you have not already done so.

Room We Must Have! Room We Will Have!

And the prices we put on our present stock will make room for what we have to come if Purchasers have any appreciation of Bargains.

THE MAY | One Price Clothiers and Outfitters | THE MAY

No. 20 SOUTH TEJON STREET.

FOE TO THE DROUGHT

PRAIRIE SETTLERS STRIVE TO WATER THE DRY LANDS.

Farmers Are Making Extraordinary Efforts to Adopt Home Irrigation—The Simple Means Employed—Great Need of Abundant Water—Use of the Winds.

[Special Correspondence.]

ABILENE, Kan., July 9. The hot winds and dry weather which may be expected to afflict the prairie regions, particularly through western Kansas and Nebraska, during the coming three months will have a new foe to meet. The most striking features of agriculture in the above section at present are the well nigh universal turning toward individual effort in preparing for drought and the hundreds on hundreds of private irrigation plants which have been put in operation.

By wind power, by ditches leading from the streams, by ponds of water held by

TALKING IRRIGATION ON THE STREET.

dams which pen up the rainfall in the ravines, by the mysterious "underflow" and in other ways are the people trying to solve the problem of permanent and certain crop production. The state of Kansas is spending $30,000 in test irrigation wells and water surveys. Nebraska is experimenting extensively, and many counties are doing their part in the general effort. The movement is more extensive than was ever dreamed of before and is certain to result in a decided influence on prairie agriculture. Farmers talk it on the streets, the country newspapers are filled with reports of work accomplished, and a general education in the principles of successful land moistening is going on.

Heretofore irrigation has been looked upon as a thing for wealthy corporations to handle. Ditches 10 to 30 miles long have been built across the level prairies at immense cost, then drifted full of sand. This spring settlers who had grown weary of waiting for a chance to purchase water rights set to work on a small scale, most of them being satisfied if arrangements could be made to water four or five acres.

The means employed are in many instances unique and in some amusing. The "jumbo" or "mogul" windmill is both. Built like a steamboat paddle wheel, 10 feet in diameter and 12 feet long, it has a dozen radial arms and is mounted on five foot posts. A board fence, built tight, is erected covering the lower half of the crude contrivance. The wind does the rest, pushing tirelessly upon the exposed upper portion of the fans. At a cost, including pumps, of less than $100 plenty of water has been raised by one of these crude machines to supply a five acre field.

Most frequently the plants are located near the prairie streams, and the pumps are run by engines, the same that will furnish power to thrashing machines after the crops are gathered. So thick are these homemade plants on one stream that the millers below have demanded in court that the irrigationists cease operations. In a small town near by are 80 windmills, each pumping day and night to lift to the surface the underground waters. On five acres properly irrigated the settler can support his family, and the present season will demonstrate whether enough water can be raised to the fields to accomplish this upon the claims generally.

The rich underflow, the vast body of water which sweeps seaward beneath the surface, has been proved to be of great value in some places. At one point in the Arkansas valley a ditch leading out of the river and across the high ground was during the dry spell in May without a drop of water at its opening, as indeed was the river. At the head, 2,000 feet away, enough water flowed by to irrigate 200 acres of prairie land, and on this tract big crops are being raised. The water comes up from the bottom of the ditch. Experiments made this spring by the national geological surveying corps show that in western Kansas the underflow rises 200 feet in wells 250 feet deep, showing an artesian quality to the supply which lacks but little of giving an open surface "spouter" such as are found farther north.

The most encouraging feature of the experiments going on is that they are independent less on state and national aid induced by petition than on downright hard work on the part of those to be benefited. When 50 to 100 plants are operated in each county, as is the case in western Kansas at present, the system will be thoroughly tested.

"What is the greatest difficulty you have to contend with?" I asked an experienced irrigator from Colorado who is superintending a central Kansas plant.

"The soil. It is rich enough and needs only water to make it produce well, but when the water is applied it seems to sink through to China instead of being held near the surface by a sandstone substratum."

"Can irrigation succeed here?"

"Perhaps, but it must be followed differently from the Colorado methods and must be made a system instead of a constant experiment."

This is what the Kansas farmers are striving for, and if they can accomplish it fewer white covered wagons will take discouraged occupants "back to the wife's folks," and better-clothes and a more permanent prosperity will come to the settlers who have braved so much to succeed. The present season means a great deal to western agriculture and will go far to determine whether the old time "American desert" shall indeed blossom as the rose.

C. M. HARGER.

BISHOP POTTER'S SYMPATHY.

Taking His Turn as Pastor of the Poor In New York.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, July 22. Henry Codman Potter, Episcopal bishop of New York, who is taking his turn as pastor of the Cathedral mission on the east side so as to study slum life at first hand, is a most interesting ecclesiastic.

He is of an aristocratic family, with all the tendencies involved in such ties and association as must be his, yet he is full of sympathy for the poor, full of feeling for the oppressed, and on more than one occasion he has spoken so strongly upon what he considers the tendency of the wealthy sometimes to so overreach themselves as to call out severe criticism from certain quarters. In fact, some of the so called money kings have said he was certainly a socialist in effect if not by profession and really little less than an anarchist. When New York celebrated the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America by Columbus, he preached a sermon before the president of the United States and his cabinet in the course of which he denounced "plutocracy" in almost unmeasured terms and declared that of all dangers to the republic it was perhaps the worst. This sermon created no end of talk, though it was not more outspoken than many others delivered in the hearing of less prominent auditors from time to time.

BISHOP POTTER.

Bishop Potter is of very distinguished bearing and of strong though comely countenance. With the exception of rather modest side whiskers his clean cut face is shaven smooth, and were it not for these little hirsute appendages he might readily be taken for a Catholic prelate. He wears the conventional attire of the high church Episcopalian priest, and it well sets off his tall and excellently proportioned figure. In many ways he resembles and recalls his deceased brother, Clarkson M. Potter, who was so prominent in congress about 20 years ago.

Although the bishop is radical in some directions, he is very conservative in others. He does not believe it to be specially conducive to the good of the church or of the community for clergymen to be as prominent in social affairs as they are in England. He believes there are times, however, when it should not only be considered the privilege but the bounden duty of the clergy to take part in public matters. This does not mean that he favors what is known as "politics in the pulpit," but it does mean that he believes the spiritual leaders of the people ought to take part in any reform movement of importance when it is clear that they can thus help along the proposed reform. At such times he favors "sensational preaching," if preaching that makes a sensation may be properly known by that term, and this is shown conclusively by his own occasional sermons that make sensations, one of which has been specifically referred to above. He holds very pronounced views as to the duty of the citizen at the ballot box and believes that when all good men go to the polls at every election, if that time ever comes, thorough and permanent reform will be practically accomplished.

Bishop Potter holds strong and well defined views upon the duty of the clergymen of his church toward that organization. In a charge which he delivered to the clergymen of his diocese three or four years ago he made clear to them just what his views are upon this and other subjects of vital importance to Episcopalians. This document was issued during one of the earlier periods of excitement over the liberalism of Professor Briggs of the Union Theological seminary and its bearing upon the Presbyterian church. The Briggs excitement had brought about very general discussion of the essentials of belief not only among his own denomination, but also among communicants of other churches, including the Episcopal.

The first point brought out by this charge of the bishop was that the clergy lie under different obligations to their church than do the laity. When ordained, they are sworn to teach "the doctrine of Christ as this church hath received the same," and the bishop said the notion that after such an engagement they are at liberty to renounce the doctrines of the church and yet continue to hold place and emoluments to which they are entitled only by reason of that promise is "an immoral one." If a clergyman concludes that he can no longer continue the propagation of the faith "as received" by him, there is no course left to him but withdrawal from his clerical position. At the same time the bishop was very careful to draw a clear distinction between vital matters of faith and matters of opinion, articles of belief and personal views of those articles which must necessarily differ in the cases of different men. No clergyman is at liberty to deny the divine inspiration of the Scriptures, but every clergyman frankly accepting the reality of inspiration is at liberty to hold any theory concerning it which commends itself to his conscientious judgment.

In illustration of this point he said concerning the since deceased Phillips Brooks of Boston, who was made a bishop before his death, that because such a man as Dr. Brooks did not fully indorse the doctrine of the apostolic succession was no reason whatever for the believers therein to deny him any of the rights, privileges or courtesies that should be extended to any Episcopal clergyman of approved doctrine and good standing. Indeed Bishop Potter went further. He said that to suggest that such a man be excluded from even the highest office of the church for any such nonessential difference of belief was a piece of "partisan insolence." Throughout the whole of this charge Bishop Potter showed himself to be an extremely broad and strong man. It was called out by certain tendencies displayed by various Episcopal clergymen of New York and probably fostered by the fight against Dr. Briggs to prosecute one another because of differences of opinion, and it not only added greatly to the bishop's prestige as a well balanced ecclesiastic, but it reduced immensely the differences in the Episcopal church in New York.

Bishop Potter's determination to personally help in work among the poor of New York will undoubtedly prove a great stimulant to such work on the part of the Episcopal clergymen in the future and is therefore greatly to be commended for its general and far reaching tendencies as well as for the immediate benefit that may be received by those among whom he has located himself for the time being.

M. I. DEXTER.

STUB ENDS OF THOUGHT.

A bashful man will make a woman brave.

A handshake is sometimes better than a prayer.

A good impulse will not grow into action without cultivation.

It is better to give than it is to receive, for the giver is always the creditor.

A great many broken hearts seem to get along very well with patches on them.

Charity should start in the heart and get out into the world by way of the pocketbook.

A man doesn't always know himself and isn't always proud of the acquaintance when he does.

We can make mistakes so easy that we are almost forced to think they have already been made and are merely waiting to be called for. Detroit Free Press.

RIVAL CITIES.

Who says that New York needs an ally? New York World.

The Chicago papers now speak of it as smaller New York. Minneapolis Journal.

Every time Chicago publishes a census New York feels like suing for defamation of character. Washington Star.

THE LISTENER.

Lord Salisbury, the new British premier, weighs about 280 pounds.

Whitelaw Reid is now again personally editing the New York Tribune.

Police Commissioner Roosevelt, the New York Haroun al-Raschid, says that he likes his present work better than any he has ever done.

Those who have seen ex-Speaker Reed since he shaved his mustache say that the expression of his face is now even more innocent than ever.

Colonel Ivers Phillips of Boulder, Colo., has been a Freemason for nearly 69 years, and he thinks he is the oldest Mason in the United States.

Edward L. Norfolk, who has just died, aged 80, at Kingston, N. H., is said to have been the inventor of the first practicable shoe pegging machine.

Dr. Burggraeve, professor of medicine in the University of Ghent, is 99 years old and actively practices his profession. He smokes and drinks liquor, but uses medicine sparingly.

In early life Archbishop Kain, the coadjutor of the venerable Archbishop Kenrick of St. Louis, was a missionary priest and traversed on foot or horseback the mountain fastnesses of West Virginia.

Wilford Woodruff, who was elected head of the Mormon church on the death of John Taylor, the successor of Brigham Young, is now 88 years of age. As a missionary he has traveled 200,000 miles.

Simon Sterne, the New York lawyer, is about 60 years of age. He is tall, heavily built and has a gray mustache. He is recognized as a lawyer of great ability in railroad cases. The final "e" in his name is said to be an adoption of comparatively recent date.

Walter Hume Long, the new Tory president of the British board of agriculture, comes fairly by his love of tobacco, as his ancestor, Sir Walter Long, assisted Sir Walter Raleigh in smoking the first pipeful in England of the newly introduced Virginia weed.

Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., startled everybody in Newport recently by appearing on Bellevue avenue with an Irish jaunting car. Instead of being painted in Irish green it was beautified by the Vanderbilt colors, dark maroon. The car was lined with corduroy trimmings.

Herr von Plener, the Austrian ex-finance minister, is an inveterate Anglophile, conducts his household on the English plan, gives English dinner parties and sends to England for his clothes. In spite of this little weakness Herr von Plener is a brilliant orator and the ablest debater in Austria.

Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton, the new governor of South Australia, has made up his mind, it is said, not to attend theaters or race meetings during his term of office. A very uncomfortable time is predicted for Sir Thomas among the sport loving people of Adelaide, who regard a man as having a screw loose if he shuns the race track.

Literary Department.

AUGUST MAGAZINES.

One of the first of the magazines to make its appearance is Lippincott's, a monthly which occupies a place of its own. The complete novel in the August issue is "Little Lady Lee," by Mrs. H. Lovett Cameron, which narrates the vicissitudes of a faithful heart which found its true mate after its owner, obeying the customs of English high life and match-making fathers, had lost her freedom.

"A Friend to the Devil," by Maurice Thompson, is an amusing story of Georgia superstitions. The "Applied Art" of which William T Nichols treats was akin to that of the late M. Worth of Paris, but it did not prevent the artist from winning his lady love.

Prof. Charles D. Roberts relates "The Romance of an Ox-team in the land of the Blue Noses. "Two Prayers," by Kathleen Gray Nelson, is a condensed and pointed tale of love and hate.

In "The Bicycling Era," John Gilmer Speed gives something of the history and much of the ethics of a mode of exercise in which he thoroughly believes a belief shared by a large and steadily increasing number of Americans of both sexes and all conditions.

William Trowbridge Larned, an authority on western topics, points out "The Passing of the Cowpuncher." Dr Charles C. Abbott describes a summer ramble "Up Pearson's Lane."

Annie Steger Winston has a second brief paper on "The Pleasures of Bad Taste." Nellie B. McCune tells a good deal about "Caricature," and Will M. Clemens writes on "The Mystery of Sound."

The verse of the number is by Nellie Frances Milburn and Madison Cawein.

The August McClure's is notable for its good stories. Anthony Hope in his new series of Zenda stories, recites a heroic love passage between the beautiful Princess Osra and brave Stephen the Smith. The new Jungle story by Kipling is also notable. Only one or two of the previous Jungle stories approach it in strength and ingenuity. It tells how Mowgli, under the shrewd direction of Kaa, the rock python, lured the Red Dogs of the Dekkan, whom the Jungle feared above all other creatures, to a destruction so complete that not one was left to tell the tale. In the same number are a story by Stanley J. Weyman, wherein good, hearty justice finally overtakes an oppressive tax-gatherer; and a California story by Bret Harte. Miss Tarbell writes of Bishop Vincent and Chautauqua; and there are other interesting articles on themes of general interest.

St. Nicholas is crowded with good things, as it always is; only there are rather more than usual in the August number. "Jack Ballister's Fortunes" will be concluded in the next number; the "Boy of the First Empire" continues his adventures; and "Teddy and Carrots" add two chapters to their wonderful experience. Among the short stories, there is one on "The Broncho's Best Race;" another, and this is most thrilling, on "Bessie's Escape"—from a cougar, or big mountain lion; a finely illustrated one on the "War-horse of the Cid;" another "Hero Tale from American History," by Theodore Roosevelt, this time about the cruise of the Wasp; and an account of the caribou and the prong-horned antelope, in the wild animal series. There is lots of verse, most of it very good indeed; and of course the whole is beautifully and appropriately illustrated. St. Nicholas is really indispensable in a well-ordered household which contains children.

Scribner's for August is a "fiction number," and well deserves the title. There is a comedy by Anthony Hope, called "The Wheel of Love;" a story by H. C. Bunner, in his best style, with the taking title of "Our Aromatic Uncle;" a story by Richard Harding Davis, "Miss Delamar's Understudy;" one by Noah Brooks, "The Rector's Hat;" one by George I. Putnam, "The Case of the Guard-House Lawyer;" one by Octave Thanet, "The Scab;" and another by C. R. Van Biarcom, "A Ruined Faith Doctor." In addition to all these short stories, there is an instalment of "The Amazing Marriage;" a very appreciative article on "The Pastels of Edwin A. Abbey," by F. Hopkinson Smith, and a paper by Theodore Roosevelt, on "Six Years of Civil Service Reform," in which he concludes that "in spite of all rebuffs, in spite of all disappointments and opposition, the growth of the principle of civil service reform has been continually more rapid, and every year has taken us measurably nearer that ideal of pure and decent government which is dear to the heart of every honest American citizen." If you want good short stories, and plenty of them, the August Scribner's is the place to find them. We ought not to conclude this short notice without saying a word about the bicycle article, which this time is on "All Paris A-wheel." Of course it is finely illustrated, and it will add, if that be possible, to the bicycle fever of its readers.

The special features of Harper's for August are these: "The Midsummer-Night's Dream of Shakespeare," nine illustrations by Edwin A. Abbey, with comment by Andrew Lang; "Every Day Scenes in China," by Julian Ralph, with twenty illustrations by C. D. Weldon; "Cracker Cowboys of Florida," by Frederic Remington, with six illustrations by the author; "The German Struggle for Liberty," by Poultney Bigelow, with nine illustrations; and "Roundabout to Boston," by W. D. Howells, with ten illustrations. "The Personal Recollections of Joan of Arc" are continued, and there is a generous instalment of Mr. Hardy's "Hearts Insurgent." The short stories include "Bobbo," a tale of opera-bouffe, by Thomas Wharton, illustrated by W. T. Smedley; "An Evangel in Cycne" a study of the middle West, by Hamlin Garland; "Jimty," a romance of Virginia and New York, by Margaret Sutton Briscoe; and "The Little Room," the record of a mystery, by Madeline Yale Wynne. Charles Dudley Warner, in the "Editor's Study," discusses the evolution of the newspaper, the sudden greatness of Japan, and our consular service. The "Editor's Drawer," is introduced with a short story by Laurence Hutton. Harper's always keeps up its high level, and always presents an attractive variety of themes.

TWO MORE NOVELS.

The Appletons are issuing some rather good novels in their Town and Country Library this summer. We have already noticed some of these; to-day we have to speak of two which are above the average. One of them is "The Marriage of Esther." It is a story of life on Thursday Island, down near the equator in the Australasian group. The hero is a decayed gentleman who has turned beach-comber. We suppose most people have made their first acquaintance with the beach-comber through Robert Louis Stevenson, whose pictures of the animal are wonderfully life-like and attractive, if not exactly agreeable. But he is a character that one novelist evidently cannot exhaust, and we do not mind meeting him again. The hero is attended by a sort of "Fidus Achates," who turns out to be the son of an Earl, and who finally gives his life for his friends in a most romantic and even melodramatic manner.

The heroine of the story is a girl bred on the island, whose father is a pearl-fishery merchant. Her mother is dead, and she is extremely unconventional. The two men are cast on her island in a sorry plight, and she takes pity on them and gives them employment. Of ocurse they both proceed almost immediately to fall in love with her; and equally, of course, she falls in love with the best-looking one, while the other suffers in secret.

Such a story can have but one ending: the worthy friend is killed by the villain, who is afterward captured, and commits suicide; the father of the girl dies, and leaves her to the care of the successful lover; and finally, everything turns out happily.

The other book, "Fidelis," is more out of the common run It is the story of a boy—who grows to be a man in the course of the tale—who is almost preternaturally ugly—so ugly, that when he grows up, he wears a beard and goggles to conceal his features; and for no other purpose that is alleged. His mother dislikes him for his ugliness, and treats him badly, and finally marries again, and casts him off. He is brought up by his grandparents, and turns out to be a successful novelist.

While still a mere lad, he falls in love with a certain Fidelia, who has blue blood in her veins, and who has something the matter with her eyes, so that she cannot see his ugliness, but only hears his deep and musical voice. She falls in love with him, too; but he has not spunk enough to propose, and she marries another man, and he goes off to Australia. By and by the obnoxious husband dies and she is left in poverty and goes entirely blind. He hears of it, in far-off Australia, and goes home and marries her; and so they are happy at last. The moral of which seems to be if Ada Cambridge will forgive us for hitching a moral to one of her tales that a man ought to have courage enough to propse to the girl he loves, however homely he may be, before resigning her in favor of some other man.

But aside from the moral, the story is worth reading. The delineation of the state of mind of the hero is skillful, and we are made to sympathize with him in his extreme ugliness, and even to pity him when he goes off without having the courage to declare his love; and the story of his boyhood is very well told indeed.

LITERARY NOTES.

Roberts Bros. will issue shortly a translation of "My Sister Henriette," by Ernest Renan, with seven illustrations by Henri Scheffer and Ary Renan. The story was written years ago, privately printed in an edition limited to 100 copies, and circulated by Renan among his intimate friends. Mme. Renan has now concluded, however, to give it to the world. The pictures will include a view of Renan's birthplace in Brittany, and one or two Syrian pictures. The book itself is a glowing tribute to a devoted sister; it is said to contain, also, some of Renan's most felicitous essays in description and portraiture.

Harper & Bros. are preparing a German edition of "Ben Hur," in response to a persistent demand from German-American citizens.

"The Veiled Doctor," a novel, by Varina Jefferson Davis, popularly known as "Winnie," will be published next week by Harper & Bros. There is an interest attached to the appearance of the "Daughter of the Confederacy" as a novelist which lies quite outside of te story itself, but it is only fair to Miss Davis to say that her work was accepted entirely upon its merits, having been recommended by three of the publishers's "readers."

"About Paris" is the title given to the collection of Richard Harding Davis's sketches of Parisian life, which the Harbers are about to publish in book-form with Mr. Gibson's awful illustrations.

The first three of fourteen volumes of an Italian work dealing with the voyages of Columbus are nearly ready for publication. The Italian government is bearing the expense. In the third volume are 170 facsimile plates of Columbus's autograph writings, both authentic and doubtful, in the libraries of Madrid, Seville and Genoa, and in the archives of the Duke of Veragua and the Duchess of Alva.

D. Appleton & Co. have in preparation "Gustave Flaubert, as Seen in His Works and Correspondence," by John Charles Tarver.

James Lane Allen's novelette of Kentucky life, "Butterflies," will begin in the January number of The Cosmopolitan. The story is said to be very "modern," and to be in an entirely new vein for Mr. Allen.

The Midsummer (August) Century will have two articles appropriate to the vacation season: "Fox Hunting in Kentucky," by John Fox, Jr., and "Old-Fashioned Fishing," by the Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke.

It will be at least two years, we are told, before Mr. Sidney Colvin's biography of the late R. L. Stevenson will be published. The Vailima Letters, after appearing serially in McClure's Magazine, will be published in book form in the fall.

"Why can't authors and their earnings be left alone?" asks Mr. Rider Haggard. "Many men make incomes on the stock exchange and at the bar without being pursued by paragraphs. Why should a man who makes his living by his pen be pursued by paragraphs? I believe people often make more money by paragraphs than the authors about whom they write."

A bust of Henri Murger, the author of "Scenes de la Vie de Boheme," has been unveiled in the Luxembourg garden in Paris. A dinner at 6 francs per convert formed part of the official programme and aroused by its aristocratic price the ire of the denizens of the Quarter Latin, who at once organized a dinner costing but 2 francs, as being a fitter tribute to the historian of Bohemia. As a matter of course, a third repart was organized at once, costing only half a franc, thus giving an opportunity to Jean Aicard to make a witty allusion, in his speech at the unveiling, to the artists "assez pauvres pour ne pas diner anjourd'hui, meme en l'honneur de Muger."

Karin Sofie Adlersparre, the well-known Swedish author, died on June 27, aged 72. Her maiden name was Leijonhufvud, and she signed her first books "S. L d," or "Esselde." She was most active in endeavoring to enlarge the sphere of Swedish women.

Mark Twain was privately examined in supplementary proceedings, last week, on an unsatisfied execution of a judgment, obtained against him in re the failure of Charles L. Webster & Co. The firm was organized in 1885, failed five years later, was reorganized, and failed again in April, 1894, with liabilities amounting to $80,000 and assets valued at $25,000. Mrs. Clemens holds a claim of $70,000 against the firm, in which Mr. Clemens was the senior partner, for money loaned.

Col. John Hay is the latest author to boast a literary daughter. Miss Helen Hay will contribute to the August St. Nicholas a humorous poem called "The Merry Mongoose."

A note in The Critic of June 22, announcing a translation of Albert Pulitzer's "Romance of Prince Eugene," to be published by Dodd, Mead & Co., gave the translator's name as M. B. Sherman. It should be B. M. Serman.

S. C. Griggs & Co. will soon publish "Twenty-five Letters on English Authors," by Mary Fisher.

Scribner's Annual Fiction Number will contain short stories by Anthony Hope, H. C. Bunner, M.A., Richard Harding Davis, Noah Brooks, Octave Thanet and George I. Putnam. Eight of Abbey's pastels will be reproduced in this number, with an essay on the artist by F. Hopkinson Smith; and Orson Lowell will illustrate Mr. Bunner's story.

Ian Maclaren's new volume, to be published in October, will be entitled "The Days of Auld Lang Syne." It will contain stories reprinted from various sources.

THESE ARE NOT NEW WOMEN.

How grand that statue standing there,
With torch aloft in Freedom's air,
Whose woman's lines, in shapeliness,
The beauty of our laws confess,
As from her throne of granite, she
Proclaims to us sweet Liberty;
But not to us alone; a share
Awaits all people everywhere;
And we, admiring, lift our hands
To her, the goddess of all lands
But how would she look in trousers?

Chaste Dian, like a wheeling star,
Above the maddening crowd, afar,
Swings regnant in her radiant arc,
A thing of beauty, and a mark
For Art to aim at. Poising there,
The genius of the upper air,
She stands tiptoe, a beauteous sight
For earth to gaze at, day and night—
But how would she look in trousers?

Upon that wondrous dome of steel,
Which all the roads to Rome reveal
At Washington, a goddess stands,
The proudest in a thousand lands,
And with a firm, unchanging gaze,
Keeps watch and ward upon the ways
Wherein the Nation walks; she feels
The danger that each law conceals,
And waits, enamored, for the fight
That dares maintain the people's right—
But how would she look in trousers?

In gilded, glorious Paris, there
Is found a woman's figure fair;
A poet's dream in marble white,
The passage of an angel's flight
In cold hard stone; a Venus mould,
Eternity cannot make old;
Armless, but armed by beauty, she
Has conquered Art and Poesy;
Unwrinkled by the passing years,
Untouched by joy, unstained by tears,
Half clad, she stands the Only One,
A passion and a benison—
But how would she look in trousers?

—W. J. L.

AMONG THE MEADOW-LILIES.

Among the lilies, bending low,
I saw a blushing maiden go;
The meadow-lark above her flew,
Her eyes outmatched the sky's soft blue.
Strange that a face can haunt one so.

At first, too rapt was I to speak.
Shimmered the rose upon her cheek;
The tall grass, like a sea at rest,
Against her form its glory pressed,
While she seemed worshipful and meek.

Oh, maiden of midsummer grace,
No lily has a fairer face;
These flowers, still moistened with the dew,
Were made for beauty, so were you;
For both fond nature has a place.

Stepping along, with joy and pride,
I suddenly stood by her side,
And filled her arms with lily-bells,
Then told the tale a lover tells;
And what I sought was not denied.

Among the meadow-lilies we
Tuned life to a new melody.
The stream with sweeter cadence sped,
And, when the homeward way I led,
A new light shone on land and sea.

—Joel Benton, in Demorest's Magazine for August.

Southey and the South.

"I do not know anything more delightful than to lie on the beach in the sun and watch the rising waves while a thousand vague ideas pass over the mind like the summer clouds over the water," wrote Southey. Elsewhere he declares himself to be a greenhouse plant, "pining for want of sun" and expressing his eager desire for the consulship of Cintra, "my paradise the heaven on earth of my hopes" (where the sun is so powerful as to induce blindness) he goes on to explain to his correspondent this apparent necessity of his nature for the sun on philosophical grounds:

"In truth, Grosvenor, I have lived abroad too long to be contented in England. I miss south luxuries the fruits, the wines. I miss the sun in heaven, having been upon a short allowance of sunbeams these last ten days, and if the nervous fluid be the galvanic fluid, and the galvanic fluid the electric fluid, and the electric fluid condensed light, zounds! what an effect must these vile, dark, rainy clouds have upon a poor nervous fellow whose brain has been in a state of high illumination for the last 15 months!" Temple Bar.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

International Lesson for August 4, 1895 --The Report of the Spies Numbers 13: 17-23-33.

(Specially arranged from Peloubet's notes.)

GOLDEN TEXT—The Lord is with us; fear them not.—Num. 14. 9

THE SECTION includes Numbers 13 and 14, and the Parallel Account in Deuteronomy 1: 1, 2, 19—35; also Hebrews 3. 7-19; 4: 1-3.

TIME.—July-August, B. C. 1490, the time of the first ripe grapes (v. 20), when the spies were sent out. They were gone forty days.

PLACE.—At this time the Israelites were encamped at Kadesh Barnea, just south of the southern border of Palestine. The place is now called Ain Qadeis, "the holy well."

LESSON NOTES.

Everything was now ready for taking possession of their new home, provided the people had the necessary faith and courage. Accordingly, as we learn from his own account in Deuteronomy (1:20-21), Moses commanded them in the name of Jehovah to go up and take possession of the land.

The whole people (Deut. 1: 22) asked Moses to first send out spies to investigate. This was wise under the circumstances, that is, the next wisest thing to going forward, trusting in God, and therefore pleased Moses (Deut. 1:23), and it was so directed by God (Num. 13: 12). Accordingly, Moses selected twelve leading men best fitted for the service.

"Get ye up this way southward:" Better as in R. V., by the south, not referring at all to the direction from the Israelites' camp, but to a well-defined tract of territory forming the southernmost and least fertile portion of the land of Canaan. It was called "The Negeb" or The South Country, literally "the dryness." "Into the mountain," the mountainous region.

19. "Whether in tents (i. e., open villages and camps), or in strongholds:" walled cities and strongholds.

20. "The time of the first ripe grapes:" In Palestine this occurs in July and August. The spies went the whole length of the land, to the base of the Lebanon mountains (v. 21).

23. "And they came," on their return, "unto the brook Eshcol," the rich valley immediately to the north of Hebron; described by Robinson as producing the largest and best grapes in all Palestine, besides pomegranates, figs, apricots, quinces and other fruits in abundance. Cook. "One cluster of grapes, and . . . bare it between two upon a staff:" Single clusters are mentioned weighing ten or twelve pounds. The arrangement referred to in the text was probably made, not because the weight was too great for one person to carry, but in order to prevent the grapes from being crushed. Ellicott.

24. "Called the brook Eshcol:" that is, a cluster, a bunch.

25. "And they returned:" The Egyptian records show that there was then frequent communication between Egypt and Syria This enables us to understand how it was possible for twelve Hebrews to spy out the land without interruption. They had simply to assume the character of Egyptians, from which country they had lately come. Land and Book.

26. "And showed them the fruit of the land:" as visible proof of its fertility.

27. "Floweth with milk and honey:" a poetic expression of the luxuriance and richness of its productions.

28. "Nevertheless the people be strong:" They were large, active and trained to war. "We saw the children of Anak there:" In verse 33 they are called giants, in whose presence the spies seemed like grasshoppers.

29. "Amalekites:" who dwelt on the borders of the "south country," and who had already attacked them once (Ex. 17: 8-16). These were the first enemies to be overcome. "The Hittites:" a great warlike nation, whose remains have lately been discovered. "The Jebusites:" These held the region round about Jerusalem. They were the most formidable of all the native population. Bush. They held the citadel of Jerusalem even till the time of David. "The Amorites:" mountaineers. "Canaanites:" lowlanders. "Coast:" borders.

30. "And Caleb," with Joshua (14: 6), "stilled the people," who grew restless and excited as the difficulties in the way were presented, enforced by the assurance of the other ten spies that they could not take possession of the land. "Let us go up at once . . . for we are well able to overcome it," "for the Lord is with us."

31. The other ten said: "We be not able to go up against the people, for they are stronger than we." But God was stronger than their enemies.

32. "A land that eateth up the inhabitants thereof:" Either (1) a land of scarcity, unable to support its inhabits; or (2) an unhealthy land, where the people are consumed by pestilence, or (3) full of strife, and discord, and war among the tribes contending for supremacy within it.

33. "Giants, and we were in their sight as grasshoppers:" so greatly did their faithless fears distort the facts.

The result was that the people refused to go and take possession of their land. The ten spies were smitten with the plague and died. Every person over twenty years of age must die before the nation could enter Canaan, and the people must endure a forty-years' discipline in the wilderness. Only the two faithful spies, of all the people, should see the land of promise and realize their long cherished hopes. A few days later, ashamed of their cowardice, stung by their punishment for it, they determined to go up and conquer the Canaanites, contrary to God's command, and without his presence they suffered a disgraceful defeat.

Before You Buy a Wheel

Come in and see what we have to offer. The line includes

Fowlers, Sterlings, Nationals, Czars, Unions, Crescents

AND OTHER MAKES, TOO.

YOU see, people get dissatisfied with their mounts, of other makes, as soon as they see our line, and so we are taking perfect, good-as-new wheels, cheap in part payment for some of our own. It is rough on the men who bought the others, but the deal with us pays, nevertheless. We sell them cheap, too. We have to.

HAVE YOU A WHEEL,

an old favorite, a standby? Bring it in, we will fix it all up, put on a new coat of enamel, and bake it on just as smooth and hard as at any factory; replace worn parts, put on some

VICI TIRES

and make it lots better than some new wheels. And all this costs mighty little. Our prices would surprise you.

Everything a Rider Wants.

And nothing he doesn't want. A good floor pump, for home use, saves backaches, for $1.50. Bicycle Suits. All the Sundries you ever heard of and some that are newer yet.....

112 Pike's Peak Ave. **H. WEBER.**

Around Pike's Peak.

A beautiful portfolio of half tone engravings of views in and around COLORADO SPRINGS.

Buy a copy before returning home.

PRICE 75 CENTS.

For sale at all book stores and at the office of the

Gazette Printing Co.
Publishers.

Found at Last.

.50 The Glow Night Lamp. .50

It is an established fact that there has never been a night lamp on the market that was odorless, and most of the night lamps sold to day absolutely poison the air in a close room. In placing the GLOW LAMP upon the market we claim to have the only night lamp that positively emits no odor. It automatically makes and consumes its own gas, which in the ordinary night lamp, escapes without being consumed, filling the room with a poisonous vapor, which to put it mildly, is extremely injurious.

The GLOW LAMP is constructed on scientific principles, and is without question the simplest, cleanest, neatest and cheapest night lamp in the market, and combined with its hygienic qualities should commend itself to popular favor at once. One pint of kerosene will give a pure, healthy, clean light for twenty ten-hour nights, and is ornamental as well as useful.

Yours truly,

A. MATTHEWS,

19 North Tejon Street.

Big Profits ON Small Investments.

Returning prosperity will make many rich, but nowhere can they make so much within a short time as by successful Speculation in Grain, Provisions and Stock.

$10 FOR EACH DOLLAR INVESTED can be made by our

Systematic Plan of Speculation.

originated by us. All successful speculators operate on a regular system.

It is a well-known fact that there are thousands of men in all parts of the United States who, by systematic trading through Chicago brokers, make large amounts every year, ranging from a few thousand dollars for the man who invests a hundred or two hundred dollars up to $50,000 to $100,000 or more by those who invest a few thousand.

It is also a fact that those who make the largest profits from comparatively small investments on this plan are persons who live away from Chicago and invest through brokers who thoroughly understand systematic trading.

Our plan does not risk the whole amount invested on any trade, but covers both sides, so that whether the market rises or falls it brings a steady profit that piles up enormously in a short time.

Write for convincing proofs, also our Manual on successful speculation and our Daily Market Report, full of money making pointers. All free. Our manual explains margin trading fully. Highest references in regard to our standing and success.

For further information address,

THOMAS & CO., Bankers and Brokers,

241-242 Rialto Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

THE ABODE OF PEACE

YET NOT LONG AGO IT WAS THE FIELD OF DESPERATE CONFLICTS.

An All Day Meeting With the Primitive Baptists—Hits of Virginia Local Color, A Few War Recollections—Familiar Agricultural Similes—Farm Wages.

[Special Correspondence.]

IN SPOTSYLVANIA COUNTY, VA., July 22. As I rambled through the Wilderness it chanced that early on Sunday morning I entered a beautiful oak opening, in the center of which and crowning a low ridge is Zoan church, pronounced Zoe-ann. It seemed the very abode of peace. A few miles to the north was United States ford, where most of Hooker's army crossed in 1863. Some miles to the west of it was Germanna ford, by way of which Grant a year later plunged into the Wilderness. A few miles east of Zoan is Salem church, where Sedgwick fought the subsidiary battle of Chancellorsville. South of the first great forest is Chancellor house, and west of that in turn are the Jackson monument, Wilderness church and the scene of the rout of the Eleventh corps. In every direction narrow wagon roads pierce the somber woods. On every road are many places famous in local history for desperate conflicts, and yet this grove seems of all places in Virginia most fitted for a temple of peace.

A Basket Meeting.

A sturdy farmer who had brought a barrel of ice water for the general good told me the Primitive Baptists were to have their regular all day meeting, including Sunday school, preaching, communion, dinner, afternoon preaching and finally social singing. So here was an opportunity to once more renew the great delight of my youth, a "basket meeting," as we called them out west, in the dim woods with all sorts of rural and primitive people for a congregation. And by 9 o'clock they were pouring in by all the roads and bridle paths, foxy looking lads on frisky ponies, more steady young farmers on beasts that had had a day's rest from the plow and been curried and brushed into the likeness of roadsters, young ladies on natty side-saddles, older ladies with babies in arms and youngsters sitting behind and many sorts of folks in vehicles ranging from the old family carriage and modern nobby buggy down to the farm wagon and gocart, with leafy boughs twined over them for shade.

There was an equal variety of dress, but all were neat, and it gave me pleasure to note how fresh and ruddy every one looked. There was not a pale or sallow face in all the assembly. If fried pork and saleratus biscuit have ruined the old Virginia constitution, as some folks say, there was no sign of it here. Ah, if we could have the color and freshness of the country with the style and settings of the city united in one class, what an attractive class it would be! I was surprised at the number who knew me, for people had come from every battlefield I had lately visited, and all chatted with great animation about the weather and the crops, the latest "find" on the battlefield, the prospect for better times and plenty of money and the relative chances of the political parties. I was introduced right and left, every introduc-

THERE WAS A DASH TO HELP HER ALIGHT.

tion followed by the statement that "this is our northern friend who has been looking over the battlefields," and there was many an invitation to take dinner with the introduced or to call at his house if convenient. I observed, however, that the young fellows never let their interest in the conversation relax their watch on the roads, and whenever a young lady rode in unattended there was a dash to help her alight and hitch her horse. Though many started, the final dash was generally limited to two, and from the sly smiles exchanged I gathered that the everlasting rivalry for the smiles of a particular fair one was going on here as lively as in the cities. In the midst of a statement that "the farmer catches it both ways in this money business" one man suddenly stooped and scratched out a bullet which showed in the soil. It had struck something and been partially flattened, but an old veteran was called and promptly pronounced, "That is a rebel bullet," and proved it by the grooving and indentation where buckshot had been bound in the cartridge with the ball.

A Quaint Sermon.

The little church was soon filled with the women and girls, and the men stood at the door and windows. The Sunday school consisted of a general free talk, as the manner of the Baptists is, and a great deal of singing. Before entering on his sermon the preacher indulged in some caustic criticism of the new tunes applied to the old songs and insisted on the congregation all joining in and trying some of the old tunes. They tried it twice, and, I regret to add, made a rasping failure both times, which, the preacher said, almost set his teeth on edge. The subject of his sermon was that meeting of the disciples when Thomas was not present and so failed to see the Lord, and he had not spoken five sentences till I saw he would have made a success in our profession. He was a born paragrapher. In a droll and reverently humorous style he went over the various excuses Christians give for not being at church. First were the bad roads, and the roads, he admitted, were very bad this rainy summer, but they were never too bad for hauling ties. Getting out railroad ties is a big business in the Wilderness. He told in turn of those who are too tired on Sunday morning, those who are ashamed of their clothes and those who want to spend Sunday with their families, giving the last a particularly sharp slap for hypocrisy. The sermon had the greatest of all merits—it was eminently fitting to the time and place, especially in its application to the habits of the people.

The general public retired while the communion was partaken of, and then came the interesting event of the day. Through all the grove were generous spreads on logs and on seats lifted from the wagons of fried chicken, boiled eggs, beef and ham, prepared fruits of many kinds and fruit pies and cake galore. One fact struck me as odd. Even when one was eating some one would come up and invite him to eat elsewhere, and then the dialogue ran like this:

"Come and eat with us."

"Thank you, I am quite well provided for."

"Well, come over anyhow and take a piece of cake with us," or "My wife has some cherry pie she'd like to have you taste." And many, having eaten a regular dinner in one squad, went around and tasted cake and pie at several other places. I suppose it is old Virginia style, and at any rate it is very pleasant.

After dinner there was more relaxation. The young people paired and rode off, and the men, instead of grouping at the windows to listen, grouped under the trees to talk. And their talk was racy of the soil and full of information. One told how he tried to escape from Hooker's army, was captured and spent five weeks in the old capitol prison. Another had been in various Federal prisons 19 months before they could decide whether he was a spy, a bushwhacker or a regular Confederate soldier. Finally he got the benefit of the doubt, was exchanged and "in time to git into several mighty good fights, I tell you, sah." There are very few old soldiers indeed. Nearly all who talk of the war were children in 1861-5, and I was surprised at the singular freedom with which they spoke of the different views held.

"It is a queer thing, sah," said one, "but it is a fact that the bitterest people we have are the children of those who were nearly grown at the time of the war. You see, those children of the wartime were too big to learn to do without niggers, and they are always telling their children that the reason of their being so poor was that their homes were torn up during the war and their niggers taken away from them."

And I found later that there was more truth than poetry in this statement. As to men who actually served in the Confederate army, I am positive that they do not amount to one in a hundred of the present population of Virginia.

I was greatly interested in the talk of a Mr. Wharton who lives at White's crossing, on the narrow gauge, and in it I found some explanation of the great discrepancy between the list of missing and that of those captured by the Confederates. He told me how men fell everywhere in the woods but slightly wounded and slipped off at night and never returned.

"As the battle lines shifted this way and that," said he, "mother's house was twice between the lines, but finally it was away northeast of the Federals, and then it was filled with men not hurt bad enough to worry. One of these fellows staid up stairs for three weeks and kept me on the watch to see who was coming, and by and by they made up quite a little squad and got citizens' clothes for they had plenty of money and struck out northwest, saying they would not go back to the army. I was 12 years old, and while we sat in the cellar we could hear the cannon balls whistling loud and clear as they went back and forward on the north side of the place. By and by bullets whistled near, and now and then a cannon shot would take a bite out of the stable or roof of the house with a crash that made us all cringe, but none of us was hurt. Here is a buckle I plowed up just south of the Chancellorsville field." It was an ordinary buckle of the Federal soldier's belt, with the big U. S., but had indented in rude letters the words, "W. H. Smith, Brooklyn, N. Y."

Two-thirds of Spottsylvania county is of land so wretchedly poor that all familiar western similes fail to describe it. I might say it is so poor that the bumblebees have to kneel down to get at the white clover; that the worst tracts are fenced to keep cattle from starving on them and starving to death, and that the sand is too poor to sprout a pea till it is soaked, and the clay so very white and chalky that it gives the stranger sore eyes, and yet the Ohio valley man would not realize how poor the land is. New ground will bring tolerable crops, as crops go in this country, without a fertilizer. After that a man must put into the soil whatever he expects to get out of it. Guano and bone permanently improve the land, but chemical fertilizers merely force it to give up its plant elements and finally make it so "thirsty" that the crops burn up. Some old plantations have recently been renewed on this plan: The land is first heavily fertilized, then sowed in rye and other green stuff, and the whole crop plowed under. Then it will produce 15 or 20 bushels of corn per acre. The account stands thus: Fee simple of the land, $2 per acre; fertilizers, $2; seed and labor, $2. $6 investment and then a year before one can begin to farm. Even the best land has to be fallowed every third year.

At my request a Mr. Crozier showed me some bills for rations. The employee got a habitable dwelling (a log cabin) and a garden rent free, pasture for one cow and monthly rations as follows: Ten pounds of salt pork, 50 herrings, one gallon black strap molasses, one bushel cornmeal, one-quarter pound tea and one-half pound coffee, or, in lieu of both, one pound of coffee. He also received half a dollar a day for his work, but some colored men work as low as 25 cents and those rations and very many at 30 cents. A very strong and apparently active 16-year-old boy told me he had worked till the beginning of harvest for 25 cents a day and board, but had since received 50 and was to receive 35 for the rest of the year after harvest.

HIS CONSCIENCE.

It Made Him Return and Pay the Bill That He Owed.

This is the story of a man with a stricken conscience.

Last winter the man boarded for a number of weeks in a well known North Side hotel. He appeared to be a person of means, adorning himself according to the latest fashions and dropping hints occasionally about his calls in Prairie avenue. He was a favorite with the proprietor and the clerks asked him where he bought his neckties.

But one day he left suddenly. The books showed that he owed $26.50. Bitterness welled up in the proprietor's heart.

"I could have sworn that the man was honest," he said, and the clerks all agreed with him as they were in a habit of doing.

After the man had been away about two months he suddenly reappeared.

The proprietor scowled.

"I've come back to pay my bill," said the man. "It has been troubling my conscience ever since I left and I couldn't rest until I knew that my account with the world was clear."

The proprietor was gratified.

"I always thought you were an honest man," he said, shaking his hand cordially, "and I told my clerks I couldn't believe that you intended to do me out of the board bill."

"Many people have told me so," said the man.

Then the proprietor was more gratified than ever. He had more than half believed for a great many years that he was a man of phenomenal shrewdness.

The man with the stricken conscience drew out a roll of money and gave the clerk a $50 bill.

"Take it out of that," he said, with a flourish of his hand, "and enough more to pay for the drinks."

The man received $20.65 in change, and after he had rubbed against the bar for ten minutes he shook hands all around and hurried away.

They all agreed that he was a man in a thousand. The proprietor said you couldn't fool him about men. He knew 'em.

But the $50 bill was a counterfeit.

Sometimes a man suffers from remorse, not because he stole, but because he stole so little. Chicago Record.

The Fiend Twin's Diary.

January. Am born. Didn't want to be. Object immediately as loud as I can. Younger brother born seven minutes later. Looks like a fool, but may improve as he mellows with age.

February. Catch a cold. Give it to younger brother. He's sicklier than I am. Very nearly settles him.

March. Catch a nice rash. Pass it on to the other cove. Pretty well winds up his clock.

April. They've christened us. I'm Augustus and he's Alexander. Don't he look a ass of a Alexander! I'll kick him when he sleeps.

May. Got the nettle rash. Hooray! So's he; only worse.

June. They don't think they'll be able to rear him. He's to have cod liver oil. Can't help laughing.

July. He's been squalling awful. Nurse says it's his nasty temper. I know it's a pin, but I'm not going to say.

August. We've got a new nurse, who talks to tall soldier and leaves perambulator baking in the sun. Alexander's got a blister on his nose. They don't know what it is, and they're going to give him a powder.

September. I've given him the scarlatina. He seems resigned. I've nailed his feeding bottle.

October. I've got a new game now poking Noah's wife into his ear when the nurse ain't looking.

November. We're beginning to walk. He's weaker on his pins than I am, so I can shove him over easy.

December. I'm beginning to cut my first tooth. As soon as it's through I've made up my mind to bite Alexander. Exchange.

For Future Use.

A readiness to apologize for an offense is not worth much unless it is accompanied by a disposition not to repeat the injury.

Johnny and Jenny were quarreling, and Jenny began to cry.

"Oh, well," said Johnny, "don't cry. I'll take back all the mean things I've said."

"Yes, you'll take 'em back," sobbed the girl, "so you can have 'em j t ready to do over again!" Youth's Companion.

An Unmistakable Exception.

"Remember, my son," said the prudent father, "that politeness doesn't cost anything."

"Yes," was the reply; "I've heard that."

"You don't doubt it, do you?"

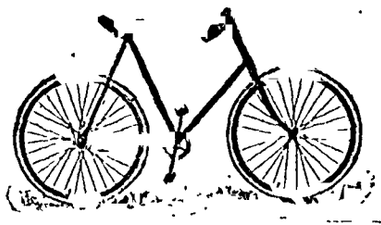
"Well, it certainly costs me about $7 a week to get any politeness out of the waiters in our hotel." Washington Star.

Wonderful Bravery.

The crowd was transfixed.

"And now," announced the lecturer, "this wonderful woman will close her thrilling entertainment by entering a den of mice who haven't tasted food for a week, feed them raw meat and make them do tricks."

Not one of the multitude could move, and not an eye was taken from the intrepid performer until the heart sickening spectacle was at an end. Detroit Tribune.



COLORADO SPRINGS

Cycle Co.

107 East Kiowa Street
Hagerman Building.

We carry a complete line of.....

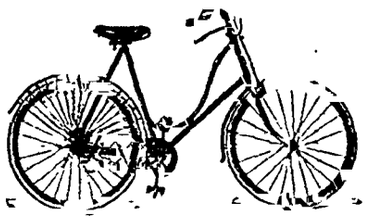
PHŒNIX and SMALLEY Bicycles.

Superb, High-grade, Strictly Fin de Siecle.
Bicycle Livery Stalls for Rent by the Month. Wood Rims and Pneumatic Tires Always in Stock.

A High grade Roadster worth $85

.....WORTH INVESTIGATING.....

Good Wheels to Rent
by the hour, day, week or month.



DIFFICULT REPAIR WORK
A Specialty.

THE STOPPING PLACE AT GLENWOOD SPRINGS.

W. RAYMOND,
(Of Raymond's Vacation Excursions, Boston, Mass.)
Proprietor.

A. W. BAILEY,
(Formerly of The Manitou and Manitou House, Manitou, Colo.)
Manager.

The Colorado.

On the Denver & Rio Grande and Colo. Midland Rys. GLENWOOD SPRINGS, COLO.

The finest Resort Hotel in A[illegible] S[illegible] unsurpassed in any country. Elegant stone bath house. Mammoth swimming pool of warm salt and sulphur water, 60 feet long by 100 feet wide, supplied by a spring discharging 2,000 gallons per minute, keeping it always fresh and clean. Fine lawns for children's play grounds, also a children's play room in the hotel. Fountains and waterfalls of fresh water on the hotel grounds. The ideal resort of the world. Fine trout fishing and hunting. Lawn tennis and polo grounds. Pay no attention to reports to the effect that The Colorado is closed. It is OPEN EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR. Prices lower than any other first-class house. For terms, apply to

A. W. BAILEY, Manager.

A First-Class Orchestra in Connection.

1895 FURNITURE. 1895 FURNITURE.

The Largest
Salesroom in the City.

The Latest
Patterns of Furniture Made.

The Lowest
Prices Ever Heard of
Are all found at 120 S. Tejon St.

JOHN LENNOX.

LINUS E. SHERMAN
United States Land and Pension Attorney

will practice before any Land Office and the Pension Department. Contests and difficult cases a specialty.

Insurance,
Loans and
Real Estate.

Mineral Patents procured in the least possible time. Adverse filed. Mineral surveys obtained, and all kinds of work done connected with mineral claims.

—COLORADO REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.
109 E. Huerfano Street.

LINUS E. SHERMAN.

IS MAN IMMORTAL?

(Continued from Page 13)

[illegible] of ours, makes our [illegible] possible, [illegible] way, in the [illegible] of [illegible] from [illegible] of [illegible] with [illegible] death. How can it be otherwise? [illegible] always requires a higher point of view than the subject-matter itself. The [illegible] can only be explained by the free, the [illegible] by the conditioned.

But apart the same difficulty is also here. What is free? The body, or even the mind? It is apparent to all that they are as much bound by law as anything else in the universe.

Now the problem resolves itself into this dilemma: Either the whole universe is a mass of mere moving change and nothing more, inexorably bound by the law of causation, not one portable having a unity of itself yet is curiously producing an irradicable delusion of permanence and freedom, or there is in us and in the universe something which is permanent and free, and that the lateral conviction of belief of the human mind is not a delusion.

It is the duty of science to explain facts by bringing them to a higher generalization. Any explanation, therefore, that wants to disorder, first, a part of the facts given to be explained in order to fit itself to the remainder is not science, whatever else it may be.

Now, any explanation that wants to overlook the fact of this persistent and all pervasive idea of freedom commits the above mentioned mistake of denying a portion of the fact in order to explain the rest, and is therefore wrong.

The only other alternative possible, then, is to acknowledge, in harmony with our experience, that the real thing in us which is free and permanent.

But it is not the body; neither is it the mind. The body is dying every minute. The mind is constantly changing. The body is a combination. So is the mind, and as such can never reach to a state beyond all change.

But beyond both this momentary sheathing of gross matter, beyond even the finer covering of the mind, is the Atman, the true self of man, the permanent, the ever free.

It is his freedom that is percolating through layers of thought and matter, and in spite of the colorings of name and form is ever asserting its unshakable existence. It is its deathlessness, its bliss, its peace, this divinity in humanity that shines out and makes itself felt in spite of the thickest layers of ignorance. He is the real man, the fearless one, the deathless one, the free.

Now, freedom is only possible when no external power can exert any influence, produce any change. Freedom is only possible to the being who is beyond all conditions, all laws, all bondages of cause and effect. In other words, the unchangeable alone can be free and therefore immortal. This being, this Atman, this real self of man, the free, the unchangeable, is beyond all conditions, and as such it has neither birth nor death.

Without birth or death, eternal, ever existing is this soul of man.

SWAMI VIVEKANANDA.

ELIZABETH STUART PHELPS.

Faith and Reason of the Talented Author of "The Gates Ajar."

A sweet old lady, the wife and mother of missionaries, a saint of the older fashion, lay devoutly dying.

"I thought," she said, "I heard the angels sing."

"But I am not sure," she added, with a wise smile; "I shan't be sure it is the angels unless they sing a little louder."

I am asked to answer in a thousand words a question on which the scholars and the sufferers of two thousand years have expended the heights and the depths of human thought and anguish. What are the reasons for belief in personal immortality?

It would be easier to give them in a volume than a column, and one may try to compress the eternal into newspaper type with a sense of inadequacy too evident for waste of words.

The greatest difficulty with our views of immortality I take to be their lack of definiteness. Most of us believe something, we are not sure just what and are quite sure we do not know why. Few of us, far fewer, I think, than we suppose, honestly consider the pillows of our death beds, the last fight for breath, the last reaching out for the clasp of a dear hand, and the last melting of consciousness into mist and mystery as the end of ourselves.

Yet how many of us could intelligently and intelligibly give the precise reasons why we expect anything better?

Something is lacking to our usual means of expressing the grandest article of faith in the category of human beliefs. We are "not sure it is the angels." We wait for them to "sing a little louder."

There can always be at least two grounds for accepting any valuable belief, because we wish to or because we have to. Each is important in its way, but to ordinary men and women, too busy and careworn to concern themselves with philosophy or theology, yet shrewdly afraid of being deluded by superstition, it seems to me that the best reasons for believing in the immortality of the soul will always remain the oldest, the simplest, the most wholesome and the most human, the shortest and the easiest to understand. In a word, the inevitable reasons those that we cannot escape. It seems to me that they might be expressed, not philosophically, but practically, somewhat in the following manner (Let it be said just here that I assume belief in a personal Deity as not the point now at issue, but as conceded to this discussion):

So far as we have means of knowing, all created things exist for a reason and to an end.

This world must have been made for a good reason or a bad one.

Despite numerous apparent arguments to the contrary, the general belief of the wise and better patterns of mankind has decided in the conviction that God is good.

Unless we have clearer light on the subject than we now command, it is wise to respect this general conviction, and to make it the basis of whatever views we may hold upon the graver questions raised by the phenomena of life.

If God is a being both intelligent and good, he is not likely to make an experiment, or permit a cruel crime.

If this life be the end of experience to the inhabitants of this world, its creation would be such a mistake, or worse, would consist with such a crime.

I do not think that any thoughtful or earnest seeker after truth need hesitate at this proposition, or indeed need go very far beyond it, unless he chooses.

No refined and delicate creature sees the terrible disproportion between misery and happiness in this world, the cruel preponderance of moral evil in it, in short, the ever-pressing presence of the fact known by the old fashioned words, sin and suffering.

If there is no hope to this drama of woe, why not frankly say that we are the victims of an awful contrivance of power with opportunity against helplessness, of which it is impossible that any but a malevolent or an irresponsible Deity could be capable?

Life is an unfinished story. We stand in the thick and dark of the plot. Its Author is bound by the moral laws of his own being to carry on the tale to a just and intelligible ending. He is under eternal obligations to eternal right and reason to justify his own scheme of creation; and it is more than presumable (since he is not a monster or a madman) that he intends to do so.

If the Creator has made a handful of suffering never to be relieved, of mourners never to be comforted, of love never to be satisfied, of grief never to be assuaged, innocent hope never to be fulfilled, noble power never to be exercised, aspiration never to be realized, evil never to be conquered, and doers of evil never to be either punished or purified if, in a word, this whole scheme of things is the freak of a malevolent fancy or the accident of a blind force, then we are face to face with difficulties as much greater than the difficulty involved in the doctrine of immortality as madness is sadder than sanity, and despair blacker than blessedness.

There are many valuable reasons for a belief in everlasting life upon which this is not the place to enlarge. I suggest that the best of them is that we have not yet found any better way of accounting for the mystery of creation.

When we do, it may be time to drain from the veins of humanity the old and vigorous life blood of eternal hope. Until then, why not give it all the volume and nutrition that we can? We do as much for the circulation of the body. Is the heartbeat of the soul a minor matter?

ELIZABETH STUART PHELPS.

Satisfied

I met a man yesterday who had just come back from one of those unpronounceable towns up in the Pennsylvania oil regions. He has been spending I don't know how many months among the Swedes up there, and he has a great many things to tell of them. He says that just before he left I can't remember the town's name there was a Methodist revival. A great many of the Olsens and Petersens and Knudsens were converted. To one of them, Nels Peterson, the leader of the meeting said, "Nels, will you work for God?" Nels shifted uneasily. A Swede, you know, can't express anything at all with his face, except the national stolidity. "Ae don't know," he said hesitatingly. "Ae got a gude yob at the factory. Ae tank ae keep dat." Washington Post.

Almost Finished

A famous landscape painter had to call in a doctor to see his wife, who was suffering from bronchitis. After he had examined the patient, the doctor recommended the husband to take a small brush, dip it in tincture of iodine and lightly paint the lady's back with it. The artist took up his brush, and after dipping it in the tincture proceeded to carry out the doctor's prescription. But his artistic temperament soon got the better of his sick nursing qualities. Mistaking his wife's back for a canvas, instead of simply applying the lotion he sketched out a landscape and gradually peopled it with figures and put in all the details complete. The patient, finding the operation a rather lengthy one, asked her husband if he had finished. And the latter, receding a few steps to examine his work, replied, "Another dab or two, and then I can put it in the frame." Boston Traveller.

Pity.

One frequently hears people say, when addressed in some language with which they are supposed to be familiar, "I can understand it, but I cannot speak it." The expression would not be heard so often if all who used it were treated as brusquely as was a highlander recently by an old friend of the family. The old man spoke to him in Gaelic, and received the customary reply, "I can understand it, but I cannot speak it." "My dog can do that," said the Macgregor scornfully. Household Words.

His Great Anxiety.

Athlete. Did I break it, doctor?

Doctor. I will be plain, sir. The arm is broken, the collar bone crushed, the skull is fractured.

Athlete. No, no, no! The—did I break the—

Doctor. What, my son?

Athlete. Record? Tit-Bits.

His Equine.

"That fellow does a rattling business."

"Who is he?"

"End man in a minstrel troop." Atlanta Constitution.

THE ESCAPE

A Chivalric Tale of a Bold Page and a Knight.

CHAPTER I.

Fondly the Knight of the Silver Shield loved the fair and noble Lady Gwendoline, and she as fondly returned his love.

She returned it because it was so nice to have him give it back to her, as he always did.

"My own," he murmured, clasping her to his bosom.

"Here, too," she whispered as she coyly nestled her flaxen head upon the stove lid curves he wore over his manly chest, partly for protection and partly for revenue only.

CHAPTER II.

But the old duke, the Lady Gwendoline's father, was opposed to the match.

He had asked the Knight to take off his silver shield and substitute a gold one, and the Knight had refused with scorn and contumely.

The Knight still cared for the silver shield, and he did not care to mortgage his immortal soul for a change.

"Do as I command," sternly ordered the old duke, "or never be son-in-law of mine."

"Well, I don't think," hissed the Knight between his set of teeth, and the strike was on.

CHAPTER III.

The Knight of the Silver Shield had told the Lady Gwendoline all.

He could not tell her more or he would have done so gladly, so much he loved her.

"I will flee," she bravely said.

"Two flees," he replied heartily, and they packed a small kit of wedding things.

In half an hour they were flying from the gray and grim old castle.

CHAPTER IV.

And fast before the old duke then
Three hours they'd fled together,
And if he'd caught them in the glen
He would have mopped the heather
up with the Knight.

The old duke hard behind them hied
Should he their steps discover,
Then what could cheer the bonny bride
When he had slayed her lover?

But still, as wildly blew the wind
And as the night grew dearer,
The duke was coming up behind,
His pacing sounded nearer.

CHAPTER V.

A great thought came to the Knight of the Silver Shield.

"Sweet one," he said softly, slacking his speed, "wait but a little. I will come again."

"Waiting for you," she whispered, "were such a sweet sorrow that I would wait until tomorrow."

It was then 11:55 p. m., and the Knight, kissing the fair lady's hand, hurried back over the way which they had come.

CHAPTER VI.

"Saved!" he exclaimed, returning to her side and once more moving swiftly forward.

"But papa?" she asked, with anxious eagerness.

"Knocked out in the first round," laughed the Knight of the Silver Shield in loud triumphant tones. "I filled the road with tacks, and the old man's tire is punctured so that he has to lay up for repairs."

"My hero!" murmured the fair Lady Gwendoline, gazing fondly on him as they flew along the glistening turnpike.

CHAPTER VII.

Two hikes with but a single thought,
Two lovers safely married
Into the haven which they sought,
And so they married.

New York Sun.

Their Joke.

One afternoon in June when the young woman whose duty it is to show visitors about Wellesley college was particularly weary and warm 16 spruce young Harvard students appeared and asked to see the sights of the place. The young woman, with an assumption of cordiality, piloted them from hall to hall. Soon they reached the chapel, and as they paused upon its threshold one of the Harvardites was inspired to ask: "How about chapel? Do you have a hard time getting the girls to go?"

Whereupon the weary cicerone, a little tired by the question, answered, "Oh, our girls like to go to chapel."

Quick as a flash the youth nearest her turned to the youth nearest him and repeated, gravely and impressively, "Oh, our girls like to go to chapel."

That youth immediately repeated the words to the next, who passed them along to his neighbor, and so on down the whole 16 lined up upon the staircase. It was all so gravely done that the young woman could not give vent to her feelings by laughing, as she longed to do. What was more, she was obliged to prolong the ordeal by showing those youths over all the rest of the college.

Argonaut.

An Indefinite Phrase.

"I am in receipt of a princely income," said the suitor for Miss Coolcash's hand.

"Better state figures, young man," replied Mr. Coolcash. "The last prince who proposed for Miranda had to borrow his steamship fare home when she refused him." Life.

Not Nice Any.

Husband. I really think you might have had that ball dress made a little bit higher in the neck, to say nothing of the back.

Wife. I'll have it changed if you wish, but this stuff costs $5 a yard.

Husband. Um—well, never mind. Tit-Bits.

RAILROAD LOCALS.

Send ten cents postage for "A Summer Note Book." It will tell you all about these places and how to reach them. O. W. Ruggles, Gen'l Pass'r and Tkt. Agt., Chicago.

THE BEST TRAIN

between Colorado Springs and Denver is the "Pike's Peak Flyer," on the Union Pacific, Denver and Gulf. Leaves 5:10 a. m. and returns to Colorado Springs at 6:50 p. m. As this train runs local between Colorado Springs and Denver there are no delays. Sixty-five for the round trip. Ticket office 14 Pike's Peak avenue.

Glenwood Springs excursion July 30, two daily trains, $9 round trip, via the Rio Grande.

SANTA FE ROUTE EXCURSIONS.

One fare for the round trip to all stations in Colorado. Las Vegas, Hot Springs, N. M., and return $1. Santa Fe, N. M., $14.90 round trip. Grand Canon of the Colorado in Arizona $10.

ROCK ISLAND DENVER FLYER.

Leaves Colorado Springs 4:45 p. m.
Arrives Denver 7 p. m.
Leaves Denver 8 a. m.
Arrives Colorado Springs 10:20 a. m.

Around the Circle, 25, every day at the Rio Grande.

LIE PASS EXCURSIONS.

The Colorado Midland continues to make special one and ten day rates to these popular resorts. Four trains each way daily.

ROCK ISLAND DENVER FLYER.

Is the cleanest, neatest, fastest train to Denver. It leaves Colorado Springs every day at exactly 4:45 p. m. and reaches Denver at 7 p. m. No delays. Always on time.

If you have business or shopping to do in Denver, use the new train on the Gulf road. The time going and returning is just right. Office 14 Pike's Peak ave.

TWO HOURS QUICKER TIME TO CHICAGO.

Via the Santa Fe route. By the new time card, the running time to Chicago is shortened two hours, and the train leaving Colorado Springs at 9:42 p. m. arrives in Chicago in time for the morning connections with all roads to the East. Solid vestibuled train.

LEADVILLE AND RETURN

Over the Denver, Leadville and Gunnison—Grand through the beautiful "South Park" and "Platte Canon," tickets on sale July 6th to 8th good until September 1st. Call at ticket office, 14 Pike's Peak avenue.

A PACK OF PLAYING CARDS

With a beautiful back of ruby for modern whist, including lateral American leads; also free 15 cents at Rock Island City Ticket Office.

SIX KNIGHTS!

The Denver and Gulf has been selected as the official route by the Grand Commandery of Colorado for the triennial conclave at Boston, Aug. 26 to 31. Tickets on sale Aug. 17 to 20. For information call at U. P. D. & G. office, 14 Pike's Peak ave.

H. C. CHAPMAN,
E. E. CARNER, City Pass. Agt.
General Agent.

Commencing Monday, June 24, the Manitou and Pike's Peak railway will run two trains daily to the summit of Pike's Peak. The morning train will leave Manitou at 9.15 a. m., returning at 1:15 p. m. The afternoon train will leave Manitou at 2 p. m., returning at 5:45 p. m.

H. S. CABLE,
President and Manager.

$2.50 TO CRIPPLE CREEK AND RETURN.

The Greatest Gold Camp in the World

To holders of Utah, Pacific coast or local tourist tickets reading via D. & R. G. R. R., a rate of $2.50 from Florence to Cripple Creek and return will be in effect from now until Oct. 31, 1895. Ask D. & R. G. agents for side trip tickets and all information regarding the only all-rail route to Cripple Creek, the Florence and Cripple Creek railroad.

ROCK ISLAND DENVER FLYER.

Leaves Colorado Springs at 4:45 p. m., and reaches Denver at 7 p. m., giving you time to get supper and go to the theater. Try this train when you go to Denver.

The new Rock Island flyer, running between Colorado Springs and Denver, which leaves here at 4:45 p. m., is proving very popular with people desiring to go to the capital in the afternoon.

CORBETT—FITZSIMMONS

The Santa Fe will make round trip rate to Dallas, Tex., of $20, for the meeting of the above. Dates of sale will be given later.

LOW RATES

One fare for the round trip to all points in Colorado via the Union Pacific Denver and Gulf railway. For particulars call at 14 Pike's Peak avenue.

Rio Grande excursion, to Glenwood Springs, July 30, only $10; two daily trains.

TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC:

The Wabash Railway, always striving to improve its service, has made arrangements to put on a fast mail train from Kansas City to St. Louis. Leaving Kansas City at 6.20 p. m., (making direct connections with all trains from the west) arriving at St. Louis at 2.20 a. m., connecting in the St. Louis Union Passenger Station with the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern fast mail, leaving St. Louis at 3 a. m., arriving at Cincinnati at 12.20 noon of the same day, Louisville at 3.30 same day, Washington at 6.50 next morning, Baltimore at 8 a. m., same day, Philadelphia at 10.35 a. m., and New York at 1:15. Making the phenomenal time of 43 hours from Kansas City to New York.

Passengers desiring to route via St. Louis, Baltimore and Philadelphia, can find nothing to compare with this service.

Sixty-three hours, Denver, Pueblo or Colorado Springs to New York. Also we will put on a new train leaving St. Louis at midnight, carrying the through Denver sleeper, arriving at Denver at 7 o'clock on the second morning, twenty-nine hours from St. Louis to Denver. The above service effective on and after Sunday, July 14.

C. W. HAWKSON, Commercial Agt.
[illegible] 17th Street, Denver, Colo.

DEPOSIT THE AMOUNT

Of the fare with the Santa Fe ticket agent and the ticket will be telegraphed without extra cost, to any point in the East, for any party you may desire to send for.

ITEMS OF INTEREST BY THE WABASH WAY.

Bulletin No. 6.

The State of Colorado has at present about 6,000,000 acres of public lands.

From Kansas City to St. Louis by the Wabash, the distance is 20 miles. To Toledo 102 miles, New York 1411, Boston 1466 miles.

Of recent public lands in Colorado there are 4,000,000 acres.

The Wabash is the popular line east for its Free Chair cars, excellent meals at low price, and its direct connections in Union Passenger stations.

The United States national debt is at present $1,892,000,000, or $1.62 per capita. The per capita indebtedness in France is $116; in England $87; in Dutch East India 64 cents.

Any truthful ticket agent, lawyer or newspaper man will tell you that the Wabash is the best and cheapest line east.

Look out for bulletin No. 7.

C. M. HAMPTON, Commercial Agent.

Quick time, splendid service, Colorado to Kansas City, St. Louis, and New York via the Missouri Pacific route.

THE BURLINGTON ROUTE

Has been selected by the traveling public as "the route" to all points East. Now that summer is here, there's no use postponing that trip any longer. Everything is in your favor. Rates are low, weather is pleasant, our service is better than ever.

Note the following round-trip rates, which will be on sale to all:

Boston, Mass., rate, $47.05 and $50.00; selling days, Aug. 17 to 22; account of Knights Templar conclave.

Louisville, Ky., rate, $16.95; selling days Sept. 6 to 8; account G. A. R. encampment.

Summer tourist rates now in effect to Yellowstone park, Billings, Helena, Spokane and the great Northwest. People who are in a hurry always take the Burlington route. Our flyers leave Denver daily at 11 a. m. and 9:50 p. m. Our "a la carte" dining-car service fills a long-felt want. As to our equipment and track note a few of our daily records: 105 miles in 104 minutes, 111 miles in 108 minutes, and so on. Finally, when in doubt, "take the Burlington route." You can't do better; you might do worse.

Remember, Mr. J. M. Allison, general agent D. & R. G., can ticket you at lowest rates. Call on him and get full particulars. Should you desire any special information, write or wire

G. W. VALLERY, General Agent,
1069 Seventeenth street, Denver.

The Nickel Plate's New Trains

The new service of the Nickel Plate road, which went into effect Sunday, May 19, has met the approval of the traveling public. On all sides are heard expressions of universal satisfaction regarding the efforts which this popular road is making in the interests of its patrons. Trains fast trains are now run in each direction daily. Superb dining car service; no change of cars for any class of passengers between Chicago, New York and Boston. Uniformed colored porters in charge of day coaches on through trains are constantly at the disposal of our patrons, and are especially appreciated by ladies traveling alone. This extra service assures scrupulously clean cars en route. Lowest rates on all trains. For further information confer with your nearest ticket agent, or address J. Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

FOR RENT.

OFFICES

IN THE

Gazette Building.

Rooms may be seen by applying at the office of The Gazette Printing Company, on first floor.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE

DENVER

TO

OMAHA

AND

CHICAGO

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.

Office, Colo. Springs, Colo.
June 1st, 1895.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

No. 2 Atlantic Coast Fast Mail ..... 7:35 a m
No. 12 St. Louis and Kansas City Ex. ..... 10:50 a m
No. 10 Pueblo and Denver Passenger ..... 7:10 p m
No. 4 Atlantic Coast Express ..... 7:00 p m
No. 6 Colorado and New Mexico Mail and Pacific ..... 4:10 a m

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS.

No. 1 Pacific Coast Fast Mail ..... 11:35 a m
No. 11 Pueblo and St. Louis Express ..... 3:30 p m
No. 9 Denver, Pueblo and Cripple Creek Express ..... 4:15 p m
No. 3 Transcontinental Express ..... 10:15 a m
No. 5 Colorado and New Mexico Mail and Express ..... 10:30 a m

Trains 5 and 6 are narrow gauge, and run through daily to and from Cripple Creek.

MANITOU.

To Colo. Springs	To Manitou
8:30 a m	7:00 a m
11:00 a m	10:15 a m
2:00 p m	2:00 p m
3:10 p m	6:35 p m

[illegible] tickets to all points [illegible] Pacific route. [illegible] No. 15 North Tejon st.

J. F. ROBINSON, C. T. A.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE R. R.

Depart. Arrive.

No. 1 Kansas City to Denver ..... 1:00 p m ..... 2:35 p m
No. 5 Chicago to Denver ..... [illegible] ..... [illegible]
No. 603 La Junta to Denver ..... 2 ..... 2:30 p m
No. 605 Colorado Springs to La Junta 4 5
No. 8 Denver to Kansas City ..... 3:30 p m ..... 9:30 p m
No. 7 Denver to Colorado Springs ..... 11:00 a m ..... 11:35 a m
No. 11 Denver to La Junta ..... 4:30 p m ..... 4:30 p m
No. 6 Denver to Chicago ..... 9:30 p m ..... 9:30 p m

Trains Nos. 5 and 6 run via Missouri Pacific between Denver and Chicago. Rates always the lowest. For further information address your nearest ticket agent, of J. Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

C. C. HOLT, C. T. A.
J. E. DUNLEY, [illegible] Denver.

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.

June 9, 1895.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

No. 2, to Cripple Creek Express, Pueblo, Leadville ..... 3:30 a m
No. 4, to Ute Pass, Express, Cripple Creek, Leadville, Glenwood, Salt Lake and Pacific Coast ..... 11:15 a m
No. 3, to Ute Pass, Express & Cripple Creek ..... 3:35 p m

ARRIVE FROM WEST.

No. 3, from Cripple Creek and Leadville ..... 2:40 a m
No. 2, from Cripple Creek and Ute Pass, Express ..... 8:15 a m
No. 4, from Cripple Creek and Ute Pass, Express ..... 7 p m
No. 6, Cripple Creek, Leadville, Glenwood and Pacific Coast ..... 6:30 p m

Depot on Pike's Peak ave. City ticket office in Gazette-Telegraph block.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN R. R.

[illegible] Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis ..... 7:00 a m
No. 10 Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis ..... 9:50 a m
No. 8 [illegible] ..... 7:35 p m
No. 14 Denver Flyer ..... 4:45 p m
No. 13 Flyer ..... 10:00 a m

[illegible] Chicago and New York City. Through Pullman Palace Sleepers. All trains lighted with Pintsch gas. Dining cars on all trains. Ticket office, 17 Blake st. (Brown Palace Hotel).

H. WILDMAN, G. A.
J. M. ELLISON, C. A.
E. E. CARNER, C. T. A.
H. C. CHAPMAN, City Ticket Agent.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RY.

GOVERNMENT FAST MAIL.

Leaves 8:00 a m — Colorado Springs — Arrives 3:40 p m
Arrives 6:40 p m — Pueblo — Leaves 8:00 a m
Leaves 7:00 p m — Pueblo — Arrives 8:00 a m
Arrives 5:45 a m — Kansas City — Leaves 8:00 p m
Leaves 8:00 p m — Kansas City — Arrives 7:00 a m
Arrives 6:55 a m — St. Louis — Leaves 7:00 p m

The [illegible] Hour only [illegible] Colorado and New York City. [illegible] Pullman Palace Sleepers. All trains lighted with Pintsch gas. Dining cars on all trains. Night and Day Express (Daily).

H. WILDMAN, G. A.
J. M. ELLISON, C. A.
E. E. CARNER, C. T. A.
H. C. CHAPMAN, City Ticket Agent.

U. P. D. & G. R. R.

ARRIVE.

From Denver, Chicago and points east:
No. 3, Daily with through sleeper for Chicago ..... 11:[illegible] a m
From Pueblo, Kansas City, St. Louis and points east:
No. 5, Daily with through sleeper for Kansas City ..... 4:05 p m
From Denver, Pueblo, Kansas City, St. Louis and points east:
No. 7, Daily ..... 8:10 a m

LEAVE.

For Denver, Kansas City and St. Louis:
No. 8, Daily ..... 8:40 a m
For Pueblo, Kansas City, St. Louis and all points east:
No. 4, Daily with through sleeper for Kansas City ..... 11:50 a m
For Denver, Chicago and all points east:
No. 6, Daily through sleeper to Chicago ..... 4:05 p m

Trains numbers 3 and 6 have through sleepers and dining cars to and from Chicago.

Trains 4 and 5 have through buffet Pullman cars to and from Houston.

Shortest route by several hours to Texas and the Southwest. Only one night to Fort Worth.

E. E. CARNER, G. T. A.
H. C. CHAPMAN, City Tkt Agt.
Telephone 21. 14 Pike's Peak ave.

An Accomplished Fact.

May 19 the Nickel Plate road inaugurated a new train service. The new summer schedule affords the same number of trains as before, including through service between Chicago, Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston. The improvements also embrace the shortening of time of trains between all of the above cities. Colored porters in uniforms in charge of day coaches to attend to both first and second class passengers. Rates always the lowest. For further information address your nearest ticket agent, of J. Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

The Rio Grande City ticket office will give you information in regard to all points in the Mountains, Grand Canon, Marshall Pass, Leadville, Glenwood, Salt Lake City, and Pacific coast points.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

WILD "DESERT SHIPS"

SOLEMNLY STALKING ON THE SANDY PLAINS OF ARIZONA.

Camels Which the Government Imported at Great Expense Wandering About the Desert Wastes—Edith Sessions Tupper Discusses the Experiment.

[Special Correspondence.]

KINGMAN, A. T., July 23. I wonder how many people in this country have ever heard that there are camels running wild in it camels which the government imported at great expense and with no end of fuss and feathers, and which, after using awhile, it turned out to die on the plains of Arizona. Crossing the Colorado desert, the passengers on the Atlantic and Pacific railroad occasionally catch a glimpse of some strange, weird creatures, neither fish, flesh nor fowl, stalking solemnly in the hot sandy distance a boding apparition, enough to scare a timid tourist into fits And on asking what this terrible beast, which looks as if it might have dropped straight out of the Apocalypse, may be you are told that it is a camel, a descendant of the herd transported from the orient during Jefferson Davis' term as secretary of war under Pierce's administration to do the work of horses and mules in the great west.

Derelicts of the Desert.

A military man, an officer from Fort Wingate, who chanced to be a fellow traveler crossing this desert, gave me an interesting history of these "desert ships," which have become mere derelicts on this vast sandy sea. Back in 1850, when California was an El Dorado and when the plains were dotted with emigrant trains, General Beale, who was stationed at Fort Yuma and who marked the frightful sufferings and tremendous death rate of mules and horses, conceived the idea of importing camels from the east to carry stores across this awful waste of country. General Beale, then a young man, wrote to Jefferson Davis, secretary of war, and advanced his arguments in favor of buying camels for this purpose. The secretary was pleased with the novel idea, and soon after a commission was sent out to Arizona to discover the various uses to which these animals might be put in military service. A favorable report was made, and when the secretary made his next report to congress he asked for an appropriation to buy camels in Egypt and Arabia for the use of the war department.

Mason of Mason and Slidell fame was one of the stanchest advocates of this measure, and in 1853 a bill was passed ap-

WHERE THE CAMELS ROAM.

propriating $30,000 for this purpose. Major Henry Wayne was selected to go to the east to buy the camels and to bring them to New York on a naval stores ship. Major Wayne first visited London and Paris in order to get all possible information upon the subject of camels from military men who had served in eastern campaigns. He consulted with camel experts and visited zoological gardens where the animals were kept in order to thoroughly acquaint himself with their habits, diet and care. Then he went on to Tunis, where the bey, learning his errand, presented the United States government with two dromedaries that its agent might have an object lesson as quickly as possible.

From Tunis the camel embassador went to Constantinople. In Egypt the camel question became a burning issue in the khedive's cabinet. As it was against the law to sell camels out of Egypt, a present of several fine creatures was made by the Egyptian government to that of the United States. This number was augmented at Smyrna, Asia Minor, and shipped to Indianola, Tex., thence taken to Camp Verde, where they were kept several years. Then they were taken overland to various Texan points, each carrying government stores of about 1,500 pounds. From 1857 to 1861 some of these camels were kept at the United States forts at Bowie and El Paso. When the civil war broke out, these forts were deserted and the camels allowed to roam away. They wandered into the mountains and deserts, making their way to the region of the Colorado river, and even into southern California and the Gila country. Some got down into Mexico at least 50 miles below the territorial limits, where the Indians killed and feasted on a number during their fete days.

Camel Diplomacy.

All of this history, my military friend told me, is set forth in the government reports at Washington and forms the most amusing reading. The officials concerned in the great camel deal appear to have had a very important conception of their parts and to have given most laborious and minute reports of all their movements. Jefferson Davis himself in his reports and instructions applied his mind to the consideration of the camel question with the same seriousness which would have characterized a diplomatic discussion.

He gave very particular instructions to the government agent when and where to buy, recommending Damascus and Palmyra as the best shopping districts for camels and stating that bargains in dromedaries undoubtedly could be obtained in Kurdistan He directed Major Wayne to call upon Minister Buchanan in London and explain the importance of his mission. In addition to all this voluminous instruction the secretary of war wrote a valuable treatise on the subject of camels in relation to military employment. Was there ever anything funnier? The secretary of war of this great republic engaged in writing a pamphlet, "What I Know About Dromedaries," and gravely submitting it to be placed among the archives of the government!

Major Wayne took himself quite as seriously as did the secretary. He called upon Minister Buchanan in London and Minister Mason in Paris, and these two famous diplomats lent their grave and reverend consideration to the mighty subject of dromedaries, giving advice and introductory letters galore to the agent of the United States government on his quest for camels. All these attentions were duly chronicled and reported to the secretary of war at Washington, together with a great mass of correspondence which the major held with various missionaries in the east on the nature, manners, food, care and breeding of the camel. He paid from $50 to $1,000 for the beast and engaged Arabs to care for them on the voyage to this country. The great pains, the enormous expense and above all the amusing interest taken by these government officials seem to the practical, matter of fact Yankee of today extremely absurd, and when one considers that all this fuss was to the end that a few bony old beasts might wander across the wilds of Arizona chewing the bitter end of the cactus and alarming the transcontinental tourist the whole affair grows absolutely ridiculous.

Finally Became Elephants.

When the camels were finally distributed among various western army posts, the owners found they had "an elephant on their hands." The creatures were afflicted with strange and incomprehensible diseases with which the western horse doctor could not wrestle. Horses did not like them and became restive when stabled with the ugly eastern visitors. Even the hostlers took violent dislike to the poor beasts, as the labor of harnessing and packing them was onerous, and they were everywhere unwelcome and gradually fell into disuse.

In 1861 the herd numbered nearly 50 head. Some of these were in 1863 taken to the Comstock mines for use in the desert, and a train of 15 of these beasts was employed in packing salt from Sand Springs, in a desert of salt and alkali about 100 miles east of Virginia City. Wagons, too, were used in the transportation of salt from these springs, and soon with the aid of prairie schooners crowded out the business of the camels. They were then sold to Mexicans, who used them in packing wood down the mountains. Knocking about among the mountains, the wretched beasts soon became gaunt skeletons. They were finally sold to a ranchman on the Carson river, who turned them out to roam at their fancy and to feed on the prickly shrubs of the desert, upon which, as they were somewhat like those of their native country, the animals thrived and increased.

Next they were used by miners for packing ore from the mountains to the mills in the valleys. But soon the burro, the slow footed, easy going "canary bird" of the Rockies, superseded them, and the entire drove was sent adrift in the wilderness. Today the camels are wild, hoary with years, and their hides have assumed a leathery appearance. There are only a few left now in the extreme southern portion of Arizona, and members of a recent boundary commission reported that they saw two camels on the line between Arizona and Mexico near Sonora.

In the Gila country, where these animals roamed at one time, is the greatest souvenir left by the aboriginal races of North America an immense network of prehistoric irrigating canals. Their age is entirely a matter of conjecture. Only one tradition exists among the present Indian tribes concerning them, and that is of their destruction.

Indian Traditions.

In 1542 Coronado came from Spain seeking the seven cities of Cibola, expecting to wrest glory and riches from their conquest, as had Pizarro in Peru and Cortez in Mexico. He found these ruins of canals, but could learn nothing of their age or builders. The Indian tradition tells that once these great valleys of the Salt and Gila rivers were peopled by a dense and prosperous nation that excelled all others in the building of vast palaces and the manufacture of stone implements, but mostly by changing the terrible desert into a mighty garden by putting into it the waters of great rivers.

This people grew and multiplied so that all other tribes envied and feared them, and the dwellers on the mountains began to plot how they could seize this paradise in the valleys for themselves. So the warriors of the hills descended upon the peaceful inhabitants of these valleys, and those who were not killed fled southward.

Soon after great storms came, and the rivers burst through and destroyed the vast canals. No longer could the conquerors water their fields. Their grain burned and died, and the trees grew parched and withered until their leaves crumbled in the hand. Then they sent their swiftest runners to the south to find the people they had driven out and bring them back that the secret of repairing these great irrigating ditches might be learned.

A Few Dead Bodies.

But of all the host that had been driven from the valley the runners could only find a few dead bodies on the arid plains where the unfortunate victims had perished from hunger and thirst. Then the tribes from the hills knew they had done wrong and that the anger of the Great Spirit burned against them, and they endeavored to return to the mountains, but only a few succeeded, as those who were sick and faint perished by the way.

This is the only legend of these prehistoric ruins. Curious fact it is that the poor dumb brutes brought from the oldest countries of the orient by the youngest government should drift to the oldest region of this country and perish amid its ruins.

EDITH SESSIONS TUPPER.

The European's Way.

Rich Europeans put as much money and more than we do into certain things pictures, books, curios, antiques, stained glass, thoroughbred horses, pampered menials, wines, "collections" of all sorts, establishments and great houses. The show places, the great libraries, the winners of the Derby and Prix de Paris, the armies of powdered flunkies, the galleries of paintings and statuary, the cellars of fine wines, the collections of fans, laces, old books, old shoes, old silver, old coins, old armor, musical instruments, snuff-boxes, pipes, seaweed, butterflies, drinking flagons, costumes of all times and nations—all these show that the European is not niggardly, but spends his money with liberality and intelligence. And some Americans do the same an ever increasing number of them, in fact.

But, as a rule, the American wastes as much as he spends wisely, and the European never does this. He understands exactly how each sou should go in order to get out of every franc its utmost value. He accurately calculates what his expenses will be, apportions his income or salary with the nicest care, graduating his scale of expenditure with the wisdom born of a thousand years' experience of life in an overpopulated country so much for rent, taxes, food, dress, accidentals, journeys, doctors' bills, the education and establishment of children, the improvement or repairs of property, all in due proportion.

Lippincott's.

NOW IS THE TIME

To buy Lots CHEAP, for Homes or Investment.

. . . IN THE . . .

COLORADO SPRINGS COMPANY

Offers a large reduction from their regular prices for a limited period. Lots in every part of Colorado Springs, on terms to suit all.

On Cascade Avenue, south of Cucharas Street.

Near Cascade Avenue, on West Kiowa, West Bijou, Boulder Crescent, West Dale and West Cache la Poudre Streets.

On Wood Avenue, north of Caramillo Street.

On Tejon Street, south of Cimarron Street.

On Nevada Avenue, north of Caramillo St. and south of Costilla.

On Weber Street, north of Willamette Ave. and south of Costilla.

On Wahsatch Avenue, north of Bijou St. and south of Huerfano.

And in all the outside additions.

ALSO some of the best Residence Lots at

Manitou.

On Manitou Avenue, El Paso Boulevard, Canon Avenue, Navajo Avenue, Pawnee Avenue, Midland Avenue, Deer Path Avenue, and in Red Crags Addition.

Call and see our Special Price List:

Room 9, Gazette Building.

CROWLS AT GOTHAM.

After New York has abolished tights it may find that its politics are still too decollete. Chicago Post.

If New York is in earnest in prohibiting tights on the stage, we can understand its lessening interest in suppressing the big theater hat. Philadelphia Times.

There are six political parties in New York city by actual count, the chief point of difference being a disagreement as to which set of rascals should be turned out. Chicago Herald.

He Kicked.

Once upon a time an eminent citizen entered the office of a gas company and threw down the month's bill he had received that day and shouted:

"I never burned that gas!"

"But the meter, sir the meter makes no mistakes! However, I will summon here the secretary, who is a man of more fluency of speech than myself."

"Why this kick, my dear sir?" kindly asked the secretary as he appeared.

"Because of the size of that bill."

"But you must remember that last month was a long one."

"But I was away on a visit, and my house was deserted. I did not even burn one foot of your infernal gas!"

"'Tis passing strange," quoth the secretary. "I will summon hence our president, who hath the knack of unraveling strange things."

"Man, hath thy better senses left thee?" severely asked the president as he looked out upon the kicker. "Hath news of war or the excitement of politics turned thy head?"

"Not by a jagful! How could I burn your gas when my house was shut up?"

"Prithee, sir, no one says you burned the gas, and no one denies that your house was shut up. This bill is simply for the leakage which always takes place in a house when the family is absent. 'Tis but a trifle, and if thou art inclined to raise a great row and"

"Oh! no! no! no! I simply did not understand. It looked like highway robbery. Your explanation is not only satisfactory, but here is the cash, and I beg your pardon for my unseemly conduct."

And he counted down 75 big dollars, shook hands all around and wished them peace and prosperity, and his shadow had scarcely turned the corner when a woman came in and said they might take the shoes off her feet before she'd pay the outrageous bill of $1.75 they had sent by the same mail! Detroit Free Press.

He Was a Failure.

It was on a ferryboat crossing to Windsor the other afternoon. A young and good looking chap sat beside a young and good looking girl, and they loved and loved. When the boat was in midstream, the girl was struck with a sudden thought and anxiously queried:

"George, if I should happen to fall overboard, what then?"

"I'd chuck you a life preserver," he calmly replied as he glanced at the rows of them overhead.

"But if I didn't catch it?"

"Then I'd chuck you a chair,"

"But the chair might not fall within my reach," she persisted.

"Then I'd chuck half a dozen over."

"George, I might be sinking, drowning, going down to my death in the cool, limpid waters which are hurrying to the lake. If the chairs failed if the life preservers failed what then? Would you, George, would you chuck yourself overboard to to"

She was testing him, and her whole future happiness hung upon his answer. He knew it, and yet he stretched out a leg to rest his foot upon an empty chair and placidly replied:

"No, dearest; I am no chucker from Chuckersville. I'd buy the boat and back 'er up to you!"

And then the river rolled on and on, and the girl sighed and sighed, and a gulf came between them, which can never, never be bridged or pontooned. Detroit Free Press.

A Hopeful Outlook.

"Well, my dear madam, and how are you today?"

"Oh, doctor, I have terrible pains all over my whole body, and it seems impossible to breathe. Of course I can't sleep at all, and I haven't a particle of appetite."

"But otherwise you feel all right, don't you?" Texas Siftings.

Goodyear Welt Shoes

Have smooth bottoms next the feet, no wax, tacks, or nails inside.

They are pliable, easy, comfortable as hand-sewed shoes.

They may be repaired same as hand-sewed shoes, using neither nails nor pegs.

They are made and finished while on the last, hence fit better and retain their shape.

They are less liable to rip than hand-sewed shoes.

Ask Your Shoe Dealer

Goodyear Welts are LEATHER SHOES not rubber.

(28)

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE!

Having decided to Reduce my stock of Vehicles, I take pleasure in making the following offer:

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS I WILL OFFER FOR CASH MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

Fine Buggies, Phaetons, Surreys, Traps, Carts, Hermans and Kensingtons

WHICH WILL BE POSITIVELY MARKED DOWN TO ACTUAL COST.

THIS IS A BONA FIDE OFFER

And presents an opportunity that has never been offered to intending purchasers of first-class rigs in this vicinity. These vehicles are noted for their durability and excellent finish.

MY BUSINESS DEMANDS THE USE OF MY MONEY IN OTHER LINES,

Consequently I am compelled to convert this stock into cash at an early date.

23 & 25 Pike's Peak. **CHAS. L. DURKEE.**

NYE AT THE PHONE.

HE EXPRESSES AN OPINION BORNE OUT BY STUBBORN FACTS.

He Goes Fishing For Trout In the Fruitful Streams of North Carolina—He Relates the Story of How He Killed His First Fish

[Copyright, 1895, by Edgar W. Nye.]

SAPPHIRE, N. C., MIDSUMMER, 1895.

The star of empire is moving in this direction at present, and the untrodden wilderness echoes the telephone "Hello!" and as these echoes run together they express my opinion of the average telephone. Short distance telephones work better for me than city telephones, however. I generally get the central office all right, and "central" places me in connection with the boiler works. I say: "No; do not give me the boiler works. I want you to give me the Astor House." And while I am reading the rules and things they claim that I was presented with the Astor House, and then it was returned unclaimed to the owner.

I never got a message of my own over a telephone to its destination, and the only message I ever got straight from any one else was a request to pull my front teeth out of the instrument and

AT THE PHONE.

give it back to the company. Yes; a sweet voiced girl old enough to have been my father said that to me in a large city over the wires once in the purple past.

I am fishing here for trout and restoring tired nature by wading in the ice cold streams by day and making arrangements by night for kind neighbors here to meet me along the streams with trout on the following day.

My physician advised me to come here, and fearing that I might overtax myself he came along, and when he thinks I have done enough he takes me away to a spring by the mountain brook, where the wild thyme blows or the mint or something that has medical properties in it, and out of a large carboy of fluid extract of some kind marked "Poison" and "For Medical Purps Only" he makes a sort of infusion or treatmate that shows what rapid strides the practice of medicine is making.

Trout here are very plentiful indeed. Even the bear, the wolf, the panther and the serpent scoot around the uplands yet, and I was told that salt placed in a retired spot would bring the bear in great quantities, as they are very fond of salt.

Maybe this is not true. A neighbor who had been selling me what eggs I used on the farm for two years told me that my hens needed corn soaked in brine, and that I would find this a good thing, as it would also have a tendency to keep them out of the garden. It did keep them out of the garden, but not out of a future state.

We farmers believe too readily what is told us. We are not conservative enough, especially when we go to town. Politically, too, I can say, for one, that in trying to believe everything that was told me I have two or three times "overbet" myself.

Perhaps it might interest the true sportsman if I were to tell how I killed my first trout here. I have a beautiful rod, which was a gift from a great manufacturer of these artistic implements. My line is a perfect dream, and I borrowed a sweet little nickel reel of a young lady here whose kindness I shall never forget while reason continues to usurp her throne.

I have a volume of flies, some of them with yellow bosoms and blue feet, while others have a more hectic complexion, with moth patches on them. Some are called coachmen. I used at first a fly that I made myself according to a recipe of Mr. Seth Green's. If I could have thought of it in time and handed in my design previous to the creation, some of my friends think it would have been adopted.

It is a cross between the snake feeder, or dragon fly, and the infant buzzard. But it frightens a dumb animal so to look at it, and it makes such a plunk in casting it, that I took one that I bought at our store at home. Attaching this to six feet of strangulated "leader," and that again to the line, I looked carefully to my reel and rod, put on a pair of wading boots, and the first day got mired.

That evening we played six hand euchre.

On the following day I cast my fly a few times, but got no results until I put on a tall acrobatic worm. Long before evening I got a rise. Trout here rise readily to the worm. I was so surprised at the attack of the trout that I almost forgot to play him, but coolness soon comes to the true sportsman.

Noticing that the stream did not give much room for playing the speckled beauty, as he is called, I threw him into the top of a dead tree, resolved to dash out his brains, or, failing in that, to sell my life as dearly as possible. It did not kill him at once, but while debating whether I should climb the tree with my hunting knife and dispatch him or not a lucky thought came to me, for fortunately at such a time I am almost sure to have my wits about me, and it occurred to me that I would remain at the foot of the tree until he died from exposure.

I realize that in giving the above description there is little of interest to the coarse youth who simply feeds a trout what he likes best to eat and then jerks him out and sells him to the true sportsman, but by any one who has for years talked and thought of nothing but angling and meantime lived on salt mackerel and canned salmon I know that every line will be read with interest.

This is a most beautiful country, and so full of game and fish, having been preserved for over five years, that it will soon be full of people. Many precious stones are found here and rich minerals of every description. A large basin between the mountains will be flooded and an artificial lake thus made. A railroad is almost completed to Brevard, a morning's ride from Sapphire, and very soon this wild and delightful solitude will also have the choo choo cars scaring the

Fierce old bear
From his lair
Everywhere!

Four beautiful waterfalls, each over 100 feet high, are within a comfortable walk from the Sapphire Board of Trade building, and one that is over 200 feet high is within easy distance. One can hardly say enough or be fairly intelligible in trying to give these mountains their due, and to be extravagant would be impossible.

The ride even by carriage, or voiture, is not at all difficult, and the quarters here are already very comfortable. The all pervading bloomer and leather legging are already here, and the merry, mocking laugh awakes the slumbering echoes where time and solitude for centuries have had it all their own way.

I cheerfully speak of this beautiful region in unstinted terms of praise because it is not for sale. It has not yet even a fancy hotel throwing out inducements to the hectic but wealthy wanderer who has spent all his health getting wealthy and who is now spending all his wealth getting healthy.

The ruby is found here; also gold and silver. The celebrated corundum discoveries are all about here. The beryl and the amethyst are, too, owned in perceptible quantities.

The razorback hog may be seen roaming through the woods here and there, stropping himself on a shag bark hickory and putting a feather edge on his back, so that he can cut his way through life.

The people are pleasant and obliging. They talk freely to one and give all the information in their power. Along the road one stops to get a drink of water at one of the countless springs and ask

WADING FOR TROUT.

the distance. Every one is kind and gets the coolest water possible, tells you the distance to the place you want to reach and always throws in some original estimates. He hates to get monotonous, and so he gives you something new and startling every time regarding distances. He is like the man who corresponded with President Jefferson for a time, but broke off the correspondence because Jefferson was such a d d monotonous speller.

Brevard and the upper French Broad valley are the coming fields for the farmer. The railroad will reach Brevard in September, and the vast fields of corn and grain are waiting for it, holding their breath, as it were. Formerly all these crops have been toted over rough cut roads to Asheville, 30 miles away.

A good way to visit this country is to start from Asheville by diligence and reach my home for dinner at 12 o'clock, where a good meal is served at $9 per plate; horses fed on home grown hay at $1 per plate. Then Brevard can be made by evening, where a good hotel, surrounded by night blooming dogs, may be found. Brevard has a lively paper called The Hustler and offers a first class point for some one to start a good religious weekly also. Corn whisky may be obtained by going out of town toward Sapphire a few rods and turning to the left. Whistle three times, and a man with a dissipated air will come and show you the way.

Corn whisky is the curse of this country.

On the hellward road we find:

First. The juice of the corn.

Second. The razor.

Third. A thickset grave in the valley or a tomb beneath the shadows of the gallows and a redhot future by the fireside of the gifted but unprincipled adversary of souls.

Bill Nye

A Twilight Interview.

'Twas the first twilight interview, she swinging in the hammock on the side veranda, and he sitting submissively at her feet with his legs dangling off the boards. "How refreshing at the closing hour of day," he gently remarked, "to thus in sweet companionship await the rising of the stars that will soon fleck the cerulean dome of heaven with spangles of silver! I would ever thus, with thee at my side, revel in the glories of the azure vault as sure as"

"What exquisite language," said she, with a sigh. "How can you afford it on $6 a week?"

The young man was not quite "as sure" as he was and slid down into the yard, scaled the fence and was seen no more thereabouts forever. Texas Siftings.

Too Much.

Colored Waiter. What will yer hab, boss?

Guest. Before I give my order I'd like to know what you have got.

Colored Waiter. I knows one ding what you has done got already, and dat's too much curiosity. Texas Siftings.

Knew His Business.

Wife. You told that gentleman you'd charge by the day for moving his furniture. Why don't you charge by the load, like you used to?

Husband (a furniture mover). That new horse is balky. New York Weekly.

A Gentle Reminder.

Hoax. That story of yours reminds me of a tramp.

Joax. How so?

Hoax. It won't wash. Philadelphia Record.

The Queen's Donkey.

Queen Victoria during her recent sojourn at Cimiez, on the French Mediterranean coast, was often seen to drive on pleasant afternoons a very sleek and comfortable looking donkey. The aged queen, holding the reins herself, seemed greatly to enjoy her drive, and the complacency of the donkey suggested that he almost understood the honor which was being done him. This donkey, whose name is Jocko, has an interesting history.

During a previous sojourn in the same district the queen was one morning enjoying herself incognito in the open air at Acquisgrana, when she saw a peasant leading along by the bit a donkey which looked as if he had once been a fine animal of his kind, but now seemed to be almost starved. He was lean, languishing, evidently suffering.

The queen asked the man if his donkey was for sale.

"That depends, signora," said the man. "If I were to sell him now, how should I get my living?"

"How much did you pay for him?"

"A hundred francs."

"I'll give you 200, and you can buy another donkey."

The man sold him to the unknown signora, and poor Jocko at once began a new life. Abundantly fed and carefully groomed, he blossomed out as a royal favorite. The story spread, and the queen could take no more promenades with convenience, for she was certain to encounter every day several peasants who tried to sell her decrepit and half starved donkeys. She bought none of them.

During her late visit the queen drove through Acquisgrana with Jocko, and his former owner, the peasant, saw the equipage go by. The donkey was fat, glossy and glittering with buckles of silver and gold.

"Alas!" exclaimed the peasant, "when I sold my donkey why didn't I throw myself in?" Youth's Companion.

CUPID'S MISSION.

It was in staid old Providence that a couple met, fell in love, courted, named the day and were married, all in one hour.

The joy bells rang in Laporte, Ind., a few days ago for the wedding of August H. Merrike, aged 91, to a woman of 50, whom he had been courting for 30 years.

Ben Hollis and Angeline Conrad of Mason county, Ky., were wed recently at the respective ages of 80 and 45. The groom silenced the objection of a former wife's children by giving them 40 acres of land apiece.

Squire Crokenberger of Indiana wasn't for an instant phazed when Pontus Strom and Anna Gonean came to be married. They could talk no English, so the squire went through the marriage ceremony in pantomime.

Newspaper Archive®.com